CC7220-1 LA WEB DE DATOS PRIMAVERA 2022

LECTURE 2: RDF MODEL AND SYNTAX

Aidan Hogan aidhog@gmail.com

THE "SEMANTIC WEB"



SEMANTIC WEB: DATA, LOGIC, QUERY

DATA:





```
Logic: "(b, \mathsf{capital}, a) \to (a, \mathsf{partOf}, b)" "(a, \mathsf{partOf}, b), (b, \mathsf{partOf}, c) \to (a, \mathsf{partOf}, c)"
```

QUERY: "(x, partOf, y)?"

```
OUTPUT: \{(x \mapsto \mathsf{Ireland}, y \mapsto \mathsf{Europe}), \ (x \mapsto \mathsf{Dublin}, y \mapsto \mathsf{Ireland}), \ (x \mapsto \mathsf{Dublin}, y \mapsto \mathsf{Europe})\}
```



RDF:

RESOURCE DESCRIPTION FRAMEWORK

RDF (1.1): A WEB STANDARD



RDF 1.1 Concepts and Abstract Syntax

W3C Recommendation 25 February 2014

This version:

http://www.w3.org/TR/2014/REC-rdf11-concepts-20140225/

Latest published version:

http://www.w3.org/TR/rdf11-concepts/

Previous version:

http://www.w3.org/TR/2014/PR-rdf11-concepts-20140109/

Previous Recommendation:

http://www.w3.org/TR/rdf-concepts

Editors:

Richard Cyganiak, DERI, NUI Galway

David Wood, 3 Round Stones

Markus Lanthaler, Graz University of Technology

Previous Editors:

Graham Klyne Jeremy J. Carroll Brian McBride

SEMANTIC WEB: DATA

DATA:





```
  \text{LOGIC:} \qquad \qquad \text{``}(b, \mathsf{capital}, a) \to (a, \mathsf{partOf}, b)\text{''} \\ \text{``}(a, \mathsf{partOf}, b), \ (b, \mathsf{partOf}, c) \to (a, \mathsf{partOf}, c)\text{''} \\ \end{aligned}
```

QUERY: "(x, partOf, y)?"

```
OUTPUT: \{(x \mapsto \mathsf{Ireland}, y \mapsto \mathsf{Europe}), \ (x \mapsto \mathsf{Dublin}, y \mapsto \mathsf{Ireland}), \ (x \mapsto \mathsf{Dublin}, y \mapsto \mathsf{Europe})\}
```



SEMANTIC WEB: DATA

DATA:





RDF is based on triples:

(Ireland, capital, Dublin)

(subject, predicate, object)

MODELLING THE WORLD WITH TRIPLES

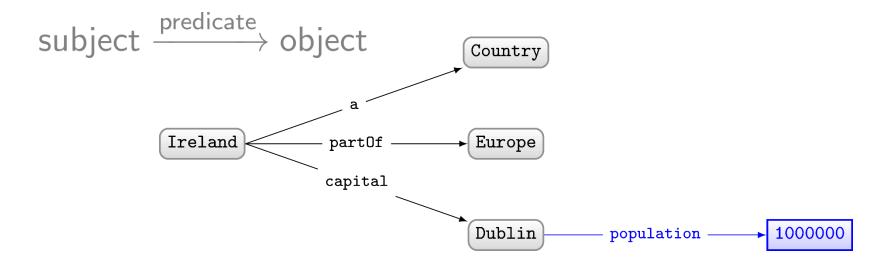
subject	predicate	object
Ireland	partOf	Europe
Ireland	а	Country
Ireland	capital	Dublin

CONCATENATE TO "INTEGRATE" NEW DATA

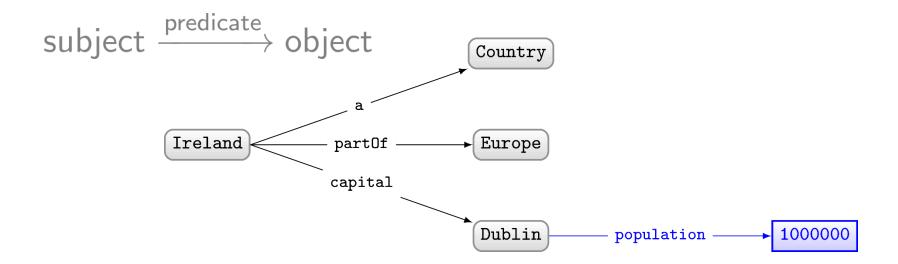
subject	predicate	object
Ireland	partOf	Europe
Ireland	а	Country
Ireland	capital	Dublin
Dublin	population	1,000,000

RDF often drawn as a (directed, labelled) graph

subject	predicate	object
Ireland	partOf	Europe
Ireland	a	Country
Ireland	capital	Dublin
Dublin	population	1,000,000

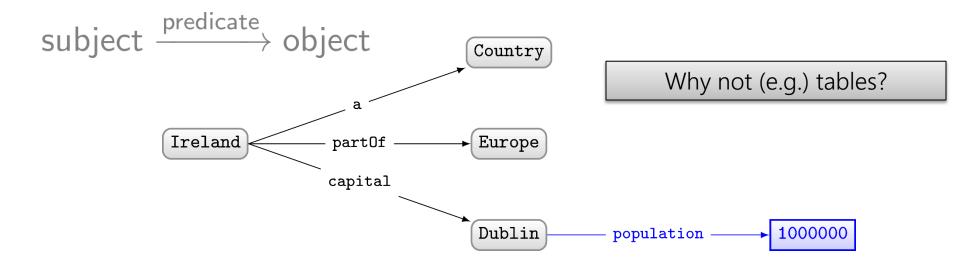


SET OF TRIPLES THUS CALLED AN "RDF GRAPH"



BUT WHY GRAPHS?

subject	predicate	object
Ireland	partOf	Europe
Ireland	а	Country
Ireland	capital	Dublin
Dublin	population	1,000,000



GRAPHS ARE FLEXIBLE

RELATIONAL DATABASES ...



RELATIONAL DATABASES ...

Debit						
account	comment	date	time	amount	total	id
7873698669	Initial deposit	2020-21-01	20:02:02	300000	300000	TRCXGU8JSHD
7873698669	C0°0°L Designs	2020-02-06	09:15:33	50000	325000	TRCCIA2J8A0

Credit						
account	comment	date	time	amount	total	<u>id</u>
7873698669	Electricity	2020-02-02	20:00:01	8200	291800	TRCJASJDA9A
7873698669	Heat	2020-02-02	20:00:02	600	291200	TRC81KAQWAS
7873698669	Moviestar	2020-02-02	20:00:03	16200	275000	TRCK8J7JA8D
7873698669	ATM	2020-02-08	16:05:02	100000	225000	TRCPM8A45AD

Account					
number	rut	type	total_clp	total_usd	
7873698669	32.000.273-K	Current	225000	344,94	
			100		
Client			EM		0
rut	name ph	one	address	1 6	
32.000.273-K	Kelvin +5	6976698463	Campo	de Hielo Sur, I	Depto 2

Exchange			
<u>c1</u>	<u>c2</u>	value	
CLP	USD	0,0001533	
USD	CLP	652,2750000	



Planet

name

Mercury

Venus

Earth

Mars

Jupiter

Saturn

Uranus

Neptune

Pluto

Planet	
name	dist
Mercury	
Venus	
Earth	1.00
Mars	
Jupiter	
Saturn	
Uranus	
Neptune	
Pluto	

_			
ы	a	n	6

name	dist
Mercury	0.39
Venus	0.72
Earth	1.00
Mars	1.52
Jupiter	
Saturn	
Uranus	
Neptune	
Pluto	49.31

Planet

	-11-4	
name	dist	radius
Mercury	0.39	0.38
Venus	0.72	
Earth	1.00	1.00
Mars	1.52	0.53
Jupiter		10.97
Saturn	9.54	
Uranus	19.19	3.98
Neptune		
Pluto	49.31	

Planet

name	dist	radius	grav	days	years	temp	ring
Mercury	0.39	0.38	2.8	58.646	0.241	440	false
Venus	0.72	0.95	8.9	-243.019	0.615	730	false
Earth	1.00	1.00	9.8	0.997	1.000	288	false
Mars	1.52	0.53	3.7	1.026	1.880	186	false
Jupiter	5.20	10.97	22.9	0.414	11.862	152	true
Saturn	9.54	9.14	9.1	0.444	29.447	134	true
Uranus	19.19	3.98	7.8	-0.719	84.017	76	true
Neptune	30.07	3.86	11.0	0.671	164.791	53	true
Pluto	49.31	0.19	0.063	6.39	248.000	44	false



<u>name</u>	dist	radius	grav	days	years	temp	ring
Mercury	0.39	0.38	2.8	58.646	0.241	440	false
Venus	0.72	0.95	8.9	-243.019	0.615	730	false
Earth	1.00	1.00	9.8	0.997	1.000	288	false
Mars	1.52	0.53	3.7	1.026	1.880	186	false
Jupiter	5.20	10.97	22.9	0.414	11.862	152	true
Saturn	9.54	9.14	9.1	0.444	29.447	134	true
Uranus	19.19	3.98	7.8	-0.719	84.017	76	true
Neptune	30.07	3.86	11.0	0.671	164.791	53	true
Pluto	49.31	0.19	0.063	6.39	248.000	44	false



Planet

name	dist	radius	grav	days	years	temp	ring	moon
Mercury	0.39	0.38	2.8	58.646	0.241	440	false	
Venus	0.72	0.95	8.9	-243.019	0.615	730	false	上
Earth	1.00	1.00	9.8	0.997	1.000	288	false	Luna
Mars	1.52	0.53	3.7	1.026	1.880	186	false	Phobos, Deimos
Jupiter	5.20	10.97	22.9	0.414	11.862	152	true	Callisto, Ganymede,
Saturn	9.54	9.14	9.1	0.444	29.447	134	true	Titan, Rhea,
Uranus	19.19	3.98	7.8	-0.719	84.017	76	true	Oberon, Titania,
Neptune	30.07	3.86	11.0	0.671	164.791	53	true	Triton,
Pluto	49.31	0.19	0.063	6.39	248.000	44	false	Charon



Planet

- Turict							
name	dist	radius	grav	days	years	temp	ring
Mercury	0.39	0.38	2.8	58.646	0.241	440	false
Venus	0.72	0.95	8.9	-243.019	0.615	730	false
Earth	1.00	1.00	9.8	0.997	1.000	288	false
Mars	1.52	0.53	3.7	1.026	1.880	186	false
Jupiter	5.20	10.97	22.9	0.414	11.862	152	true
Saturn	9.54	9.14	9.1	0.444	29.447	134	true
Uranus	19.19	3.98	7.8	-0.719	84.017	76	true
Neptune	30.07	3.86	11.0	0.671	164.791	53	true
Pluto	49.31	0.19	0.063	6.39	248.000	44	false

Moon

name	planet
Ganimedes	Jupiter
Calisto	Jupiter
Europa	Jupiter
lo	Jupiter
Titan	Saturn
Triton	Neptune
Luna	Terra
Oberon	Uranus
Charon	Pluto



Planet

- Turict							
name	dist	radius	grav	days	years	temp	ring
Mercury	0.39	0.38	2.8	58.646	0.241	440	false
Venus	0.72	0.95	8.9	-243.019	0.615	730	false
Earth	1.00	1.00	9.8	0.997	1.000	288	false
Mars	1.52	0.53	3.7	1.026	1.880	186	false
Jupiter	5.20	10.97	22.9	0.414	11.862	152	true
Saturn	9.54	9.14	9.1	0.444	29.447	134	true
Uranus	19.19	3.98	7.8	-0.719	84.017	76	true
Neptune	30.07	3.86	11.0	0.671	164.791	53	true
Pluto	49.31	0.19	0.063	6.39	248.000	44	false

Moon

name	planet	discoverer	year
Ganimedes	Jupiter	Galileo Galilei	1610
Calisto	Jupiter	Galileo Galilei	1610
Europa	Jupiter	Galileo Galilei	1610
lo	Jupiter	Galileo Galilei	1610
Titan	Saturn	Christiaan Huygens	1655
Triton	Neptune	William Lassell	1846
Luna	Terra	\perp	\perp
Oberon	Uranus	William Herschel	1787
Charon	Pluto	\perp	1978



Planet

1 lanct							
name	dist	radius	grav	days	years	temp	ring
Mercury	0.39	0.38	2.8	58.646	0.241	440	false
Venus	0.72	0.95	8.9	-243.019	0.615	730	false
Earth	1.00	1.00	9.8	0.997	1.000	288	false
Mars	1.52	0.53	3.7	1.026	1.880	186	false
Jupiter	5.20	10.97	22.9	0.414	11.862	152	true
Saturn	9.54	9.14	9.1	0.444	29.447	134	true
Uranus	19.19	3.98	7.8	-0.719	84.017	76	true
Neptune	30.07	3.86	11.0	0.671	164.791	53	true
Pluto	49.31	0.19	0.063	6.39	248.000	44	false

Moon

name	planet
Ganimedes	Jupiter
Calisto	Jupiter
Europa	Jupiter
lo	Jupiter
Titan	Saturn
Triton	Neptune
Luna	Terra
Oberon	Uranus
Charon	Pluto

MoonDiscoverer

name	discoverer
Ganimedes	Galileo Galilei
Calisto	Galileo Galilei
Europa	Galileo Galilei
lo	Galileo Galilei
Titan	Christiaan Huygens
Triton	William Lassell
Oberon	William Herschel
•••	•••

name	year
Ganimedes	1610
Calisto	1610
Europa	1610
lo	1610
Titan	1655
Triton	1846
Oberon	1787
Charon	1978



Planet

1 lanct							
name	dist	radius	grav	days	years	temp	ring
Mercury	0.39	0.38	2.8	58.646	0.241	440	false
Venus	0.72	0.95	8.9	-243.019	0.615	730	false
Earth	1.00	1.00	9.8	0.997	1.000	288	false
Mars	1.52	0.53	3.7	1.026	1.880	186	false
Jupiter	5.20	10.97	22.9	0.414	11.862	152	true
Saturn	9.54	9.14	9.1	0.444	29.447	134	true
Uranus	19.19	3.98	7.8	-0.719	84.017	76	true
Neptune	30.07	3.86	11.0	0.671	164.791	53	true
Pluto	49.31	0.19	0.063	6.39	248.000	44	false

Moon

name	planet
Ganimedes	Jupiter
Calisto	Jupiter
Europa	Jupiter
lo	Jupiter
Titan	Saturn
Triton	Neptune
Luna	Terra
Oberon	Uranus
Charon	Pluto

MoonDiscoverer

name	discoverer
Ganimedes	Galileo Galilei
Calisto	Galileo Galilei
Europa	Galileo Galilei
lo	Galileo Galilei
Titan	Christiaan Huygens
Triton	William Lassell
Oberon	William Herschel

name	year
Ganimedes	1610
Calisto	1610
Europa	1610
lo	1610
Titan	1655
Triton	1846
Oberon	1787
Charon	1978

Р	la	n	6	ł

· idiict							
name	dist	radius	grav	days	years	temp	ring
Mercury	0.39	0.38	2.8	58.646	0.241	440	false
Venus	0.72	0.95	8.9	-243.019	0.615	730	false
Earth	1.00	1.00	9.8	0.997	1.000	288	false
Mars	1.52	0.53	3.7	1.026	1.880	186	false
Jupiter	5.20	10.97	22.9	0.414	11.862	152	true
Saturn	9.54	9.14	9.1	0.444	29.447	134	true
Uranus	19.19	3.98	7.8	-0.719	84.017	76	true
Neptune	30.07	3.86	11.0	0.671	164.791	53	true
Pluto	49.31	0.19	0.063	6.39	248.000	44	false

VI	O	O	n	

name	P.name
Ganimedes	Jupiter
Calisto	Jupiter
Europa	Jupiter
lo	Jupiter
Titan	Saturn
Triton	Neptune
Luna	Earth
Oberon	Uranus
Charon	Pluto

MoonDiscoverer

name	discoverer
Ganimedes	Galileo Galilei
Calisto	Galileo Galilei
Europa	Galileo Galilei
lo	Galileo Galilei
Titan	Christiaan Huygens
Triton	William Lassell
Oberon	William Herschel

	MoonDiscYear			
	name	year		
	Ganimedes	1610		
	Calisto	1610		
	Europa	1610		
	lo	1610		
gens	Titan	1655		
	Triton	1846		
el	Oberon	1787		
	Charon	1978		



Planet

1 lanct							
name	dist	radius	grav	days	years	temp	ring
Mercury	0.39	0.38	2.8	58.646	0.241	440	false
Venus	0.72	0.95	8.9	-243.019	0.615	730	false
Earth	1.00	1.00	9.8	0.997	1.000	288	false
Mars	1.52	0.53	3.7	1.026	1.880	186	false
Jupiter	5.20	10.97	22.9	0.414	11.862	152	true
Saturn	9.54	9.14	9.1	0.444	29.447	134	true
Uranus	19.19	3.98	7.8	-0.719	84.017	76	true
Neptune	30.07	3.86	11.0	0.671	164.791	53	true
Pluto	49.31	0.19	0.063	6.39	248.000	44	false

Moon

name	P.name
Ganimedes	Jupiter
Calisto	Jupiter
Europa	Jupiter
lo	Jupiter
Titan	Saturn
Triton	Neptune
Luna	Earth
Oberon	Uranus
Charon	Pluto

MoonDiscoverer

name	discoverer
Ganimedes	Galileo Galilei
Calisto	Galileo Galilei
Europa	Galileo Galilei
lo	Galileo Galilei
Titan	Christiaan Huygens
Triton	William Lassell
Oberon	William Herschel

name	year
Ganimedes	1610
Calisto	1610
Europa	1610
lo	1610
Titan	1655
Triton	1846
Oberon	1787
Charon	1978



name	dist	radius	grav	days	years	temp	ring
Mercury	0.39	0.38	2.8	58.646	0.241	440	false
Venus	0.72	0.95	8.9	-243.019	0.615	730	false
Earth	1.00	1.00	9.8	0.997	1.000	288	false
Mars	1.52	0.53	3.7	1.026	1.880	186	false
Jupiter	5.20	10.97	22.9	0.414	11.862	152	true
Saturn	9.54	9.14	9.1	0.444	29.447	134	true
Uranus	19.19	3.98	7.8	-0.719	84.017	76	true
Neptune	30.07	3.86	11.0	0.671	164.791	53	true

DwarfPlanet

name	dist	radius	grav	days	years	temp	ring
Pluto	49.31	0.19	0.063	6.39	248.000	44	false

 _	

name	P.name
Ganimedes	Jupiter
Calisto	Jupiter
Europa	Jupiter
lo	Jupiter
Titan	Saturn
Triton	Neptune
Luna	Earth
Oberon	Uranus
Charon	Pluto

MoonDiscoverer

name	discoverer
Ganimedes	Galileo Galilei
Calisto	Galileo Galilei
Europa	Galileo Galilei
lo	Galileo Galilei
Titan	Christiaan Huygens
Triton	William Lassell
Oberon	William Herschel
•••	

name	year
Ganimedes	1610
Calisto	1610
Europa	1610
lo	1610
Titan	1655
Triton	1846
Oberon	1787
Charon	1978



name	dist	radius	grav	days	years	temp	ring
Mercury	0.39	0.38	2.8	58.646	0.241	440	false
Venus	0.72	0.95	8.9	-243.019	0.615	730	false
Earth	1.00	1.00	9.8	0.997	1.000	288	false
Mars	1.52	0.53	3.7	1.026	1.880	186	false
Jupiter	5.20	10.97	22.9	0.414	11.862	152	true
Saturn	9.54	9.14	9.1	0.444	29.447	134	true
Uranus	19.19	3.98	7.8	-0.719	84.017	76	true
Neptune	30.07	3.86	11.0	0.671	164.791	53	true

DwarfPlanet

	name	dist	radius	grav	days	years	temp	ring
ĺ	Pluto	49.31	0.19	0.063	6.39	248.000	44	false

N 4			
1	\mathbf{a}	$\boldsymbol{\alpha}$	n
IVI	u	u	

name	P.name
Ganimedes	Jupiter
Calisto	Jupiter
Europa	Jupiter
lo	Jupiter
Titan	Saturn
Triton	Neptune
Luna	Earth
Oberon	Uranus
Charon	Pluto

MoonDiscoverer

name	discoverer
Ganimedes	Galileo Galilei
Calisto	Galileo Galilei
Europa	Galileo Galilei
lo	Galileo Galilei
Titan	Christiaan Huygens
Triton	William Lassell
Oberon	William Herschel
•••	•••

name	year
Ganimedes	1610
Calisto	1610
Europa	1610
lo	1610
Titan	1655
Triton	1846
Oberon	1787
Charon	1978



name	dist	radius	grav	days	years	temp	ring
Mercury	0.39	0.38	2.8	58.646	0.241	440	false
Venus	0.72	0.95	8.9	-243.019	0.615	730	false
Earth	1.00	1.00	9.8	0.997	1.000	288	false
Mars	1.52	0.53	3.7	1.026	1.880	186	false
Jupiter	5.20	10.97	22.9	0.414	11.862	152	true
Saturn	9.54	9.14	9.1	0.444	29.447	134	true
Uranus	19.19	3.98	7.8	-0.719	84.017	76	true
Neptune	30.07	3.86	11.0	0.671	164.791	53	true

DwarfPlanet

	name	dist	radius	grav	days	years	temp	ring
ĺ	Pluto	49.31	0.19	0.063	6.39	248.000	44	false

N 4			
1	\mathbf{a}	$\boldsymbol{\alpha}$	n
IVI	u	u	

name	parent
Ganimedes	Jupiter
Calisto	Jupiter
Europa	Jupiter
lo	Jupiter
Titan	Saturn
Triton	Neptune
Luna	Earth
Oberon	Uranus
Charon	Pluto

MoonDiscoverer

name	discoverer
Ganimedes	Galileo Galilei
Calisto	Galileo Galilei
Europa	Galileo Galilei
lo	Galileo Galilei
Titan	Christiaan Huygens
Triton	William Lassell
Oberon	William Herschel

name	year
Ganimedes	1610
Calisto	1610
Europa	1610
lo	1610
Titan	1655
Triton	1846
Oberon	1787
Charon	1978



name	dist	radius	grav	days	years	temp	ring
Mercury	0.39	0.38	2.8	58.646	0.241	440	false
Venus	0.72	0.95	8.9	-243.019	0.615	730	false
Earth	1.00	1.00	9.8	0.997	1.000	288	false
Mars	1.52	0.53	3.7	1.026	1.880	186	false
Jupiter	5.20	10.97	22.9	0.414	11.862	152	true
Saturn	9.54	9.14	9.1	0.444	29.447	134	true
Uranus	19.19	3.98	7.8	-0.719	84.017	76	true
Neptune	30.07	3.86	11.0	0.671	164.791	53	true

DwarfPlanet

name	dist	radius	grav	days	years	temp	ring
Pluto	49.31	0.19	0.063	6.39	248.000	44	false

N 4			
1	\mathbf{a}	$\boldsymbol{\alpha}$	n
IVI	u	u	

name	parent
Ganimedes	Jupiter
Calisto	Jupiter
Europa	Jupiter
lo	Jupiter
Titan	Saturn
Triton	Neptune
Luna	Earth
Oberon	Uranus
Charon	Pluto

MoonDiscoverer

name	discoverer
Ganimedes	Galileo Galilei
Calisto	Galileo Galilei
Europa	Galileo Galilei
lo	Galileo Galilei
Titan	Christiaan Huygens
Triton	William Lassell
Oberon	William Herschel

name	year
Ganimedes	1610
Calisto	1610
Europa	1610
lo	1610
Titan	1655
Triton	1846
Oberon	1787
Charon	1978

Planet

name	dist	radius	grav	days	years	temp	ring
Mercury	0.39		2.8	58.646	0.241	440	false
Venus	0.72	0.95	8.9	-243.019	0.615	730	false
Earth	1.00	1.00	9.8	0.997	1.000	288	false
Mars	1.52	0.53	3.7	1.026	1.880	186	false
Jupiter	5.20	10.97	22.9	0.414	11.862	152	true
Saturn	9.54	9.14	9.1	0.444	29.447	134	true
Uranus	19.19	3.98	7.8	-0.719	84.017	76	true
Neptune	30.07	3.86	11.0	0.671	164.791	53	true



Moon

name	
Ganimedes	Jupiter
Calisto	Jupiter
Europa	Jupiter
lo	Jupiter
Titan	Saturn
Triton	Neptune
Luna	Earth
Oberon	Uranus
Charon	Pluto

MoonDiscoverer

<u>name</u>	discoverer		
Ganimedes	Galileo Galilei		
Calisto	Galileo Galilei		
Europa	Galileo Galilei		
lo	Galileo Galilei		
Titan	Christiaan Huygens		
Triton	William Lassell		
Oberon	William Herschel		

name	year
Ganimedes	1610
Calisto	1610
Europa	1610
lo	1610
Titan	1655
Triton	1846
Oberon	1787
Charon	1978

PLANETS / GRAPH DATA

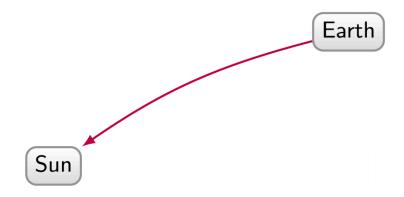


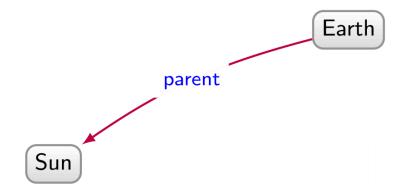
Planets / Graph Data

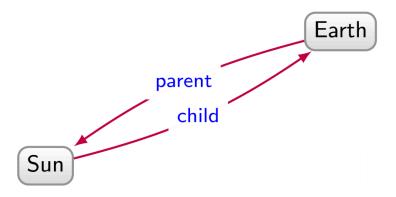
Earth

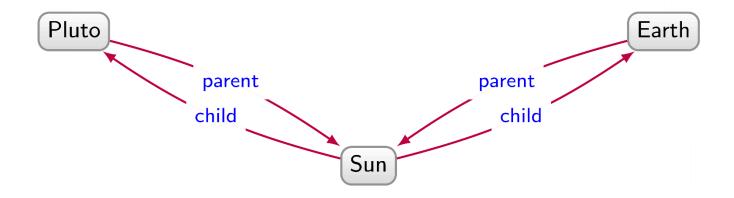
Earth

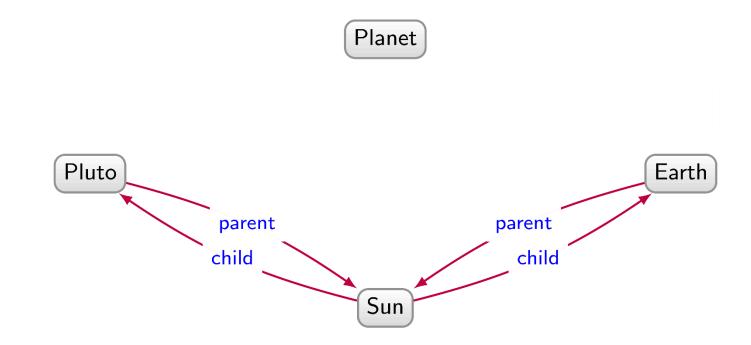
Sun



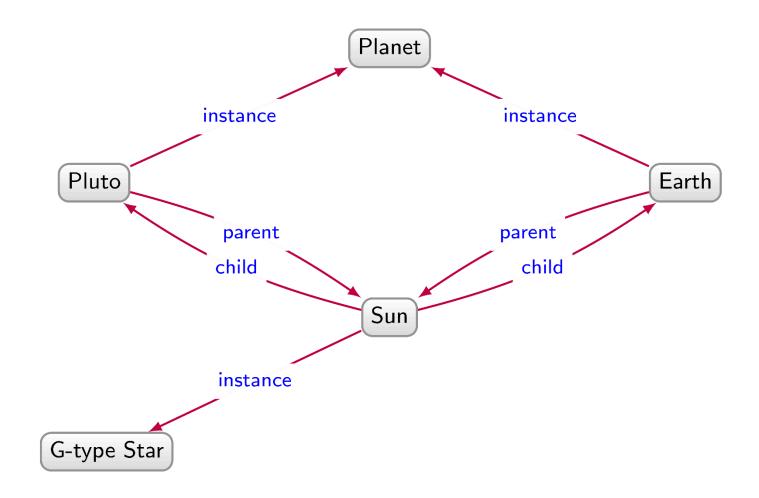


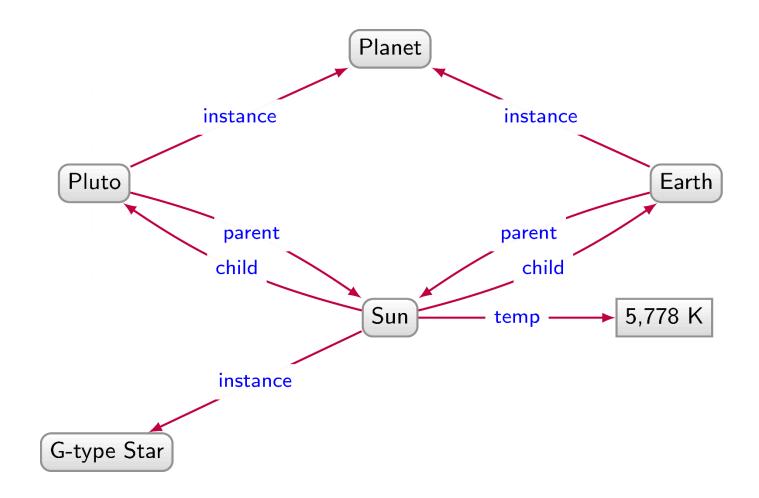


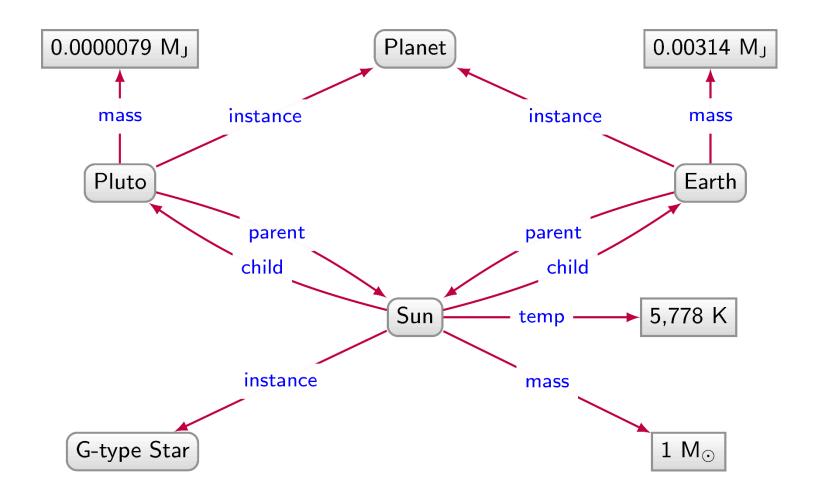


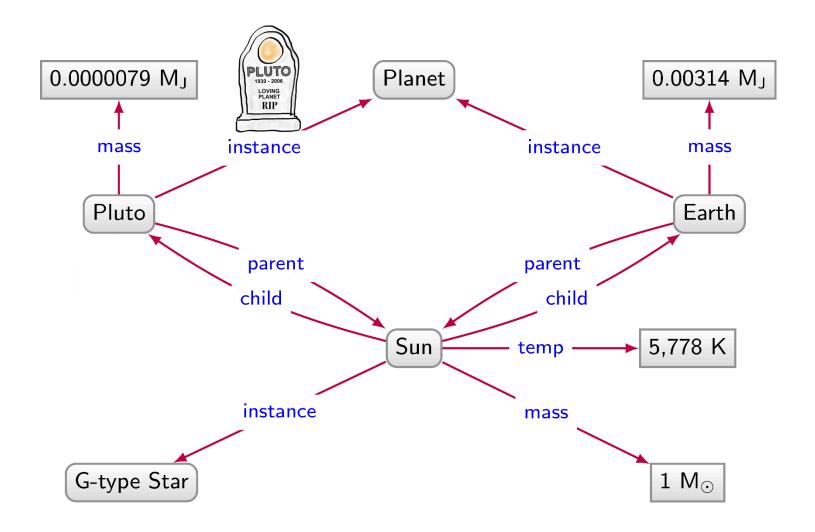


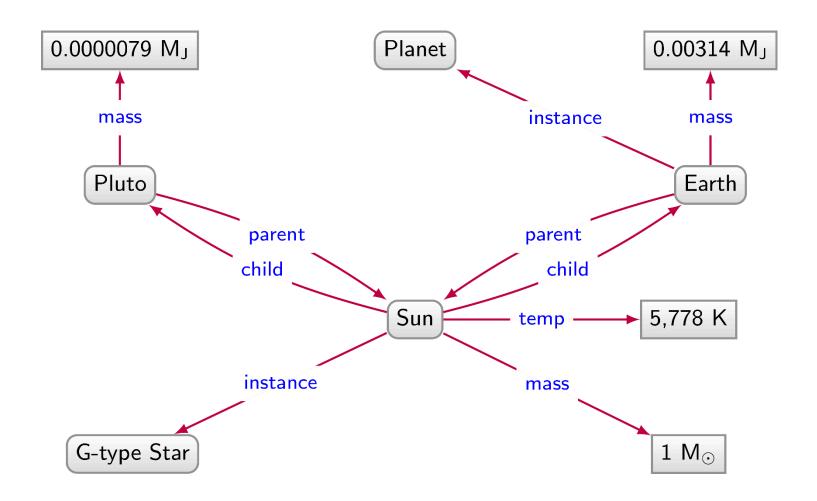
G-type Star

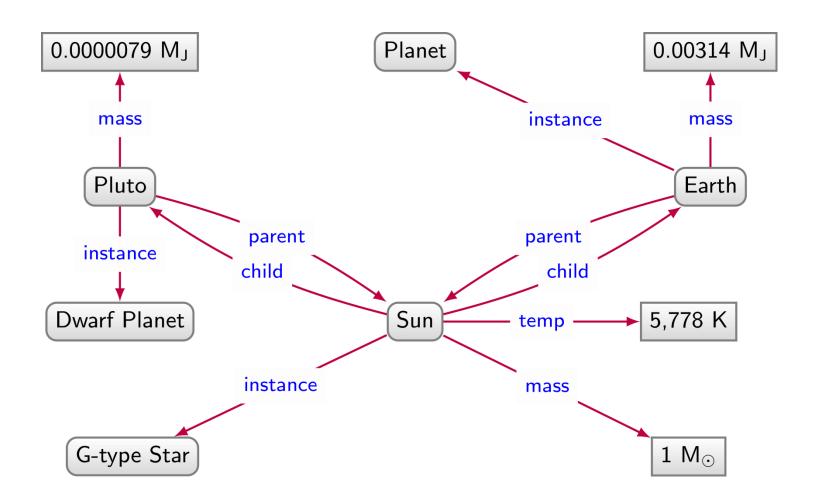


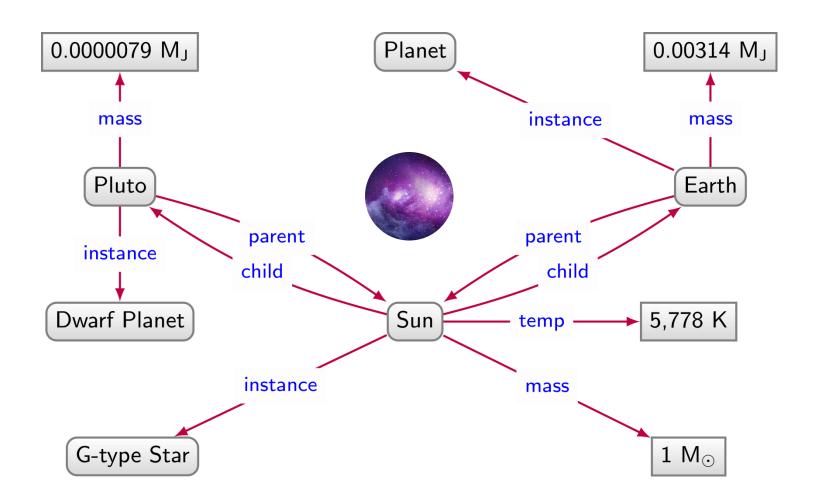


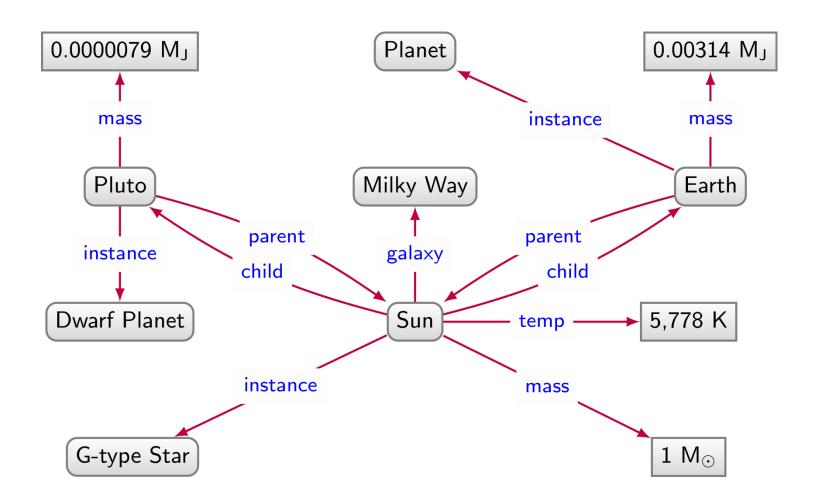


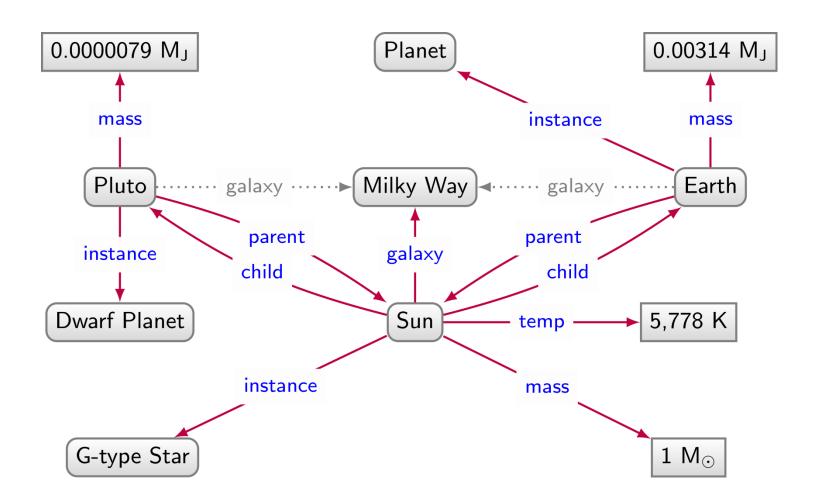


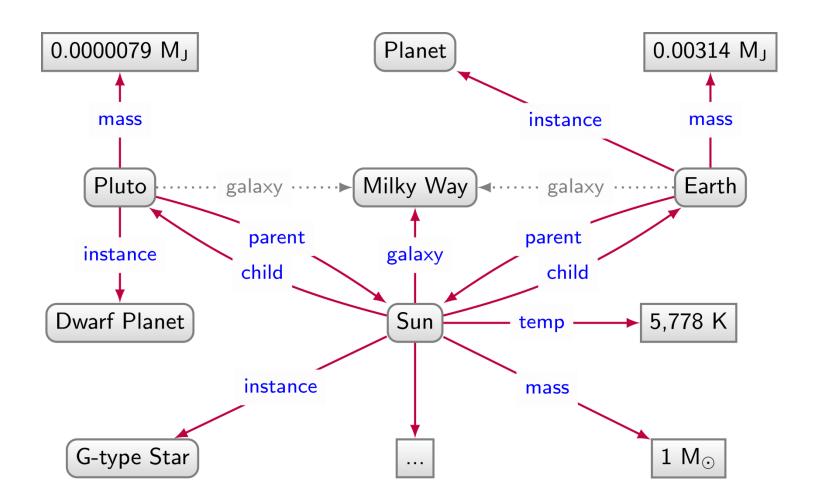










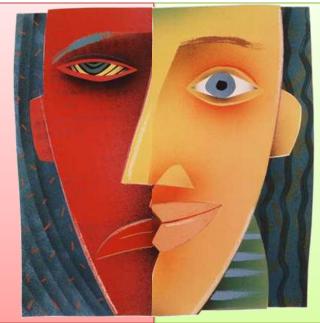


RELATIONAL DATA: PROS AND CONS

Planet

name	dist	radius	grav	days	years	temp	ring
Mercury	0.39	0.38	2.8	58.646	0.241	440	false
Venus	0.72	0.95	8.9	-243.019	0.615	730	false

We have to impose a structure (schema) from the start



We have a structure (schema) imposed from the start

Europa	Jupiter
lo	Jupiter
Titan	Saturn
Triton	Neptune
Luna	Earth
Oberon	Uranus
Charon	Pluto

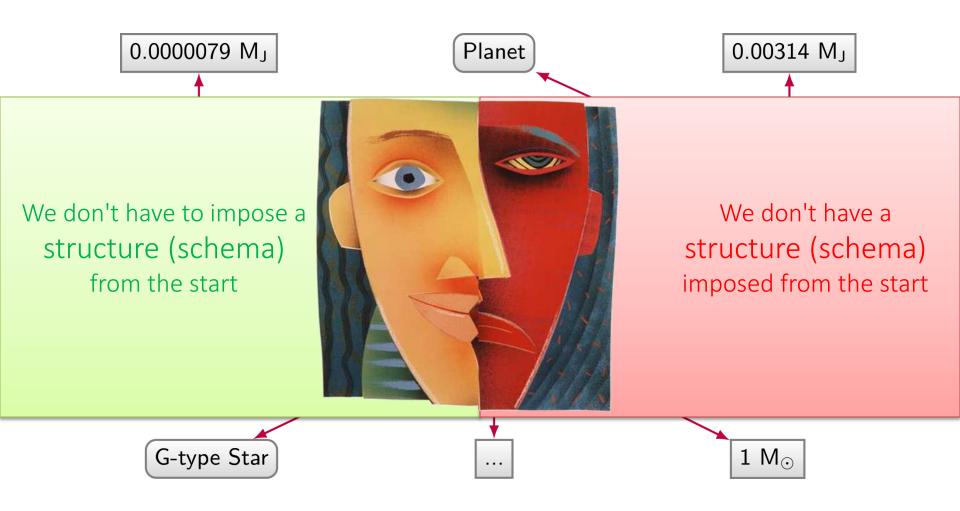
BALL DE LA COLONIA	
Europa	Galileo Galilei
lo	Galileo Galilei
Titan	Christiaan Huygens
Triton	William Lassell
Oberon	William Herschel

Europa	1610
lo	1610
Titan	1655
Triton	1846
Oberon	1787
Charon	1978

. .

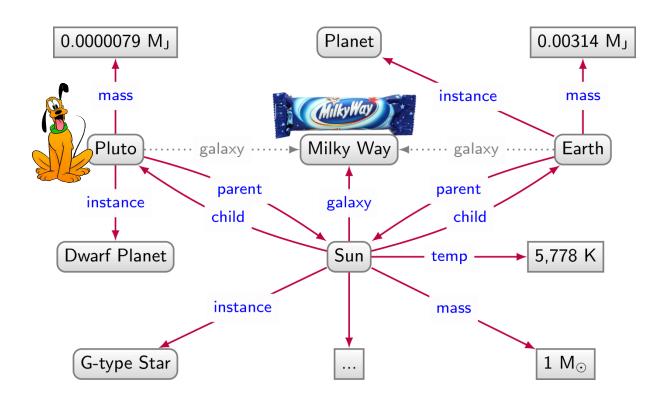


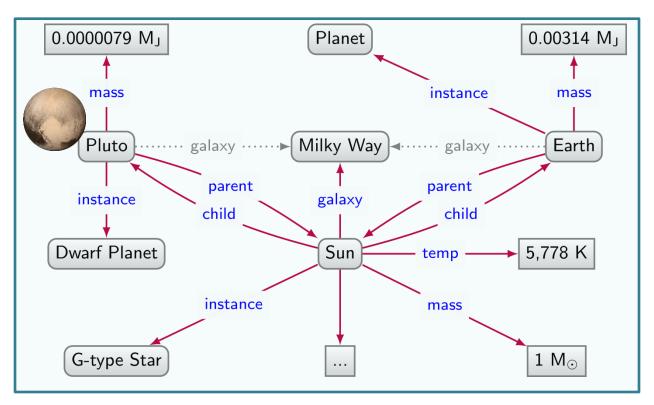
GRAPH DATA: PROS AND CONS

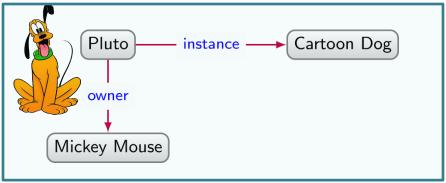


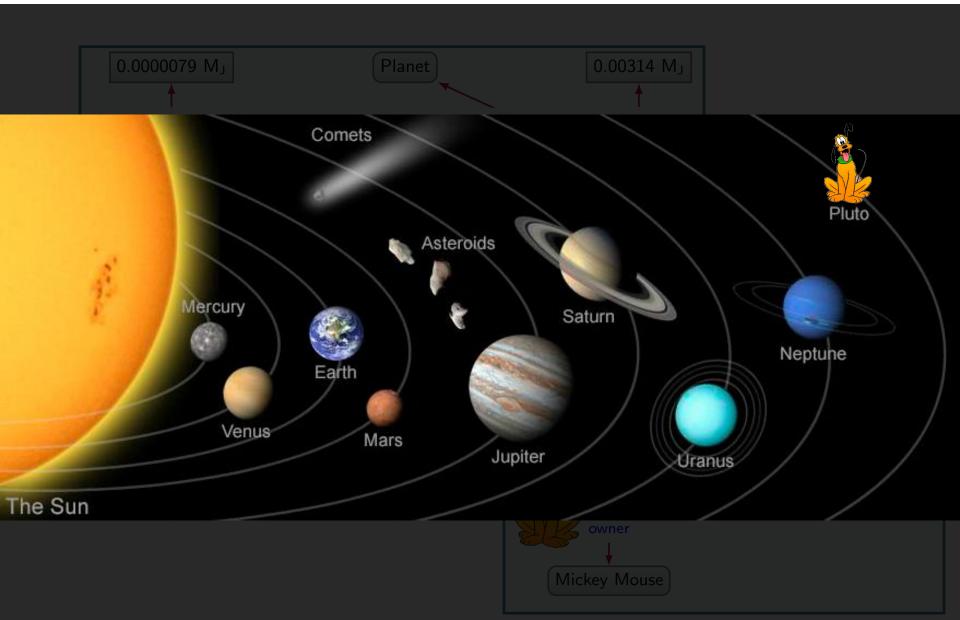


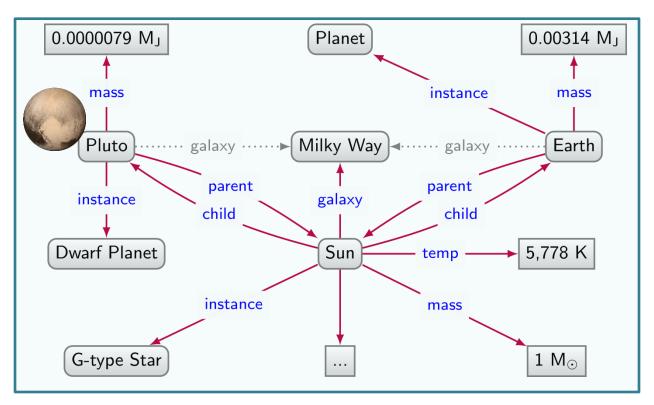
Naming things

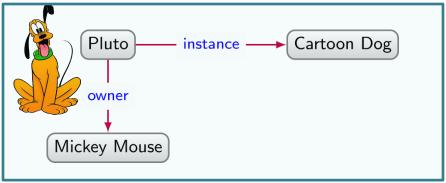


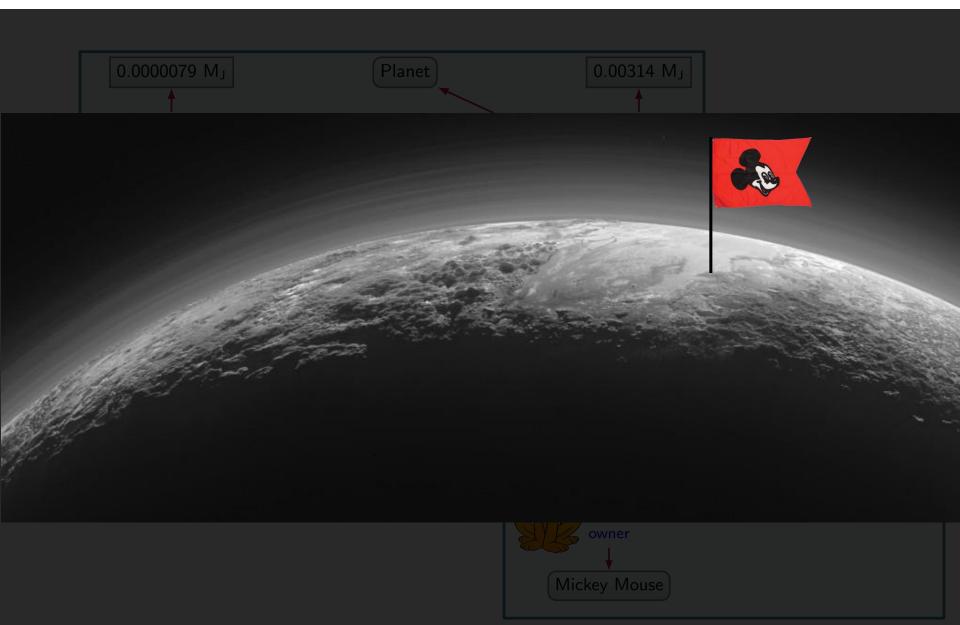












NAMING THINGS IN RDF: IRIS

NEED UNAMBIGUOUS SYMBOLS/IDENTIFIERS

- Since we're on the Web ... use Web identifiers
- URL: Uniform Resource Location
 - The location of a resource on the Web
 - http://ex.org/Dubl%C3%ADn.html
- URI: Uniform Resource Identifier (RDF 1.0)
 - Need not be a location, can also be a name
 - http://ex.org/Dubl%C3%ADn
- IRI: Internationalised Resource Identifier (RDF 1.1)
 - A URI that allows Unicode characters
 - http://ex.org/Dublin

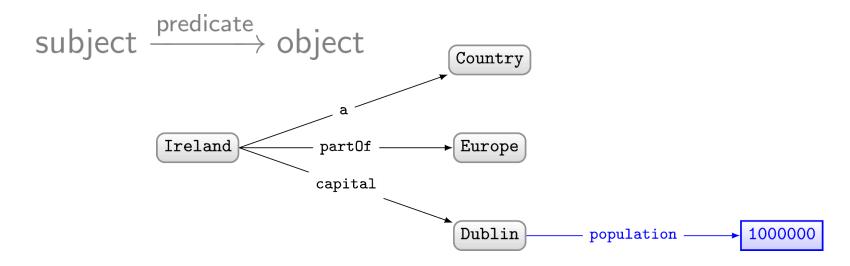
WE WILL USE IRIS WITH PREFIXES

- http://ex.org/Dublin ↔ ex:Dublin
 - "ex:" denotes a <u>prefix</u> for http://ex.org/
 - "Dublin" is the local name
- Frequently used prefixes:

Prefix	x Value
rdf:	http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#
xsd:	http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#
rdfs:	http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#
owl:	http://www.w3.org/2002/07/owl#

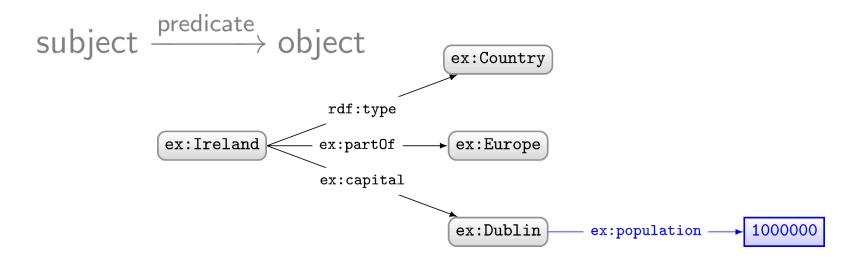
FROM STRINGS ...

subject	predicate	object
Ireland	partOf	Europe
Ireland	а	Country
Ireland	capital	Dublin
Dublin	population	1,000,000



... TO IRIS ...

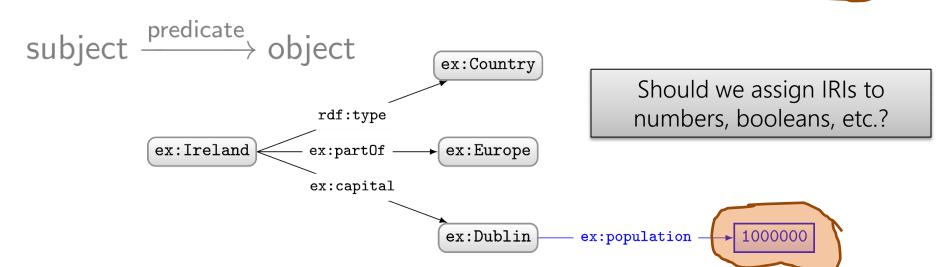
subject	predicate	object
ex:Ireland ex:Ireland ex:Ireland	ex:partOf rdf:type ex:capital	ex:Europe ex:Country ex:Dublin
ex:Dublin	ex:population	1,000,000



Naming things in RDF: Literals

WHAT ABOUT NUMBERS?

subject	predicate	object
ex:Ireland	ex:partOf	ex:Europe
ex:Ireland	rdf:type	ex:Country
ex:Ireland	ex:capital	ex:Dublin
ex:Dublin	ex:population	1,000,000



RDF ALLOWS "LITERALS" IN OBJECT POSITION

- Literals are for datatype values, like strings, numbers, booleans, dates, times
- Only allowed in object position

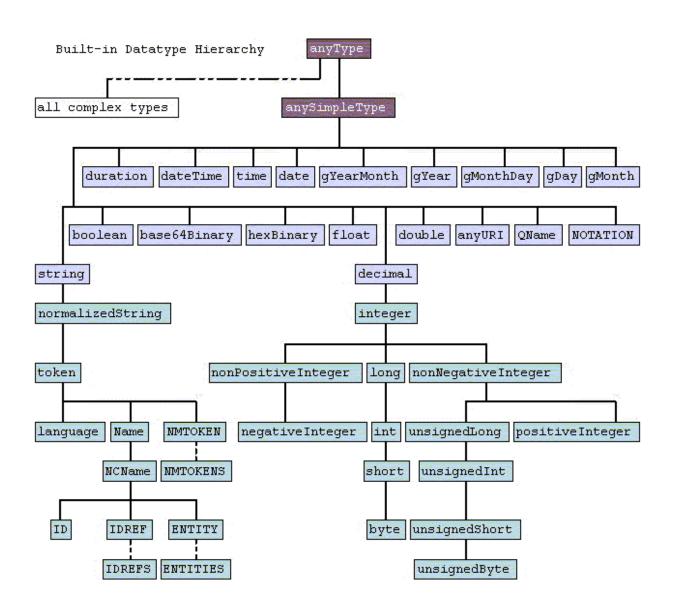
subject	predicate	object	
ex:Dublin	ex:population	1,000,000	✓ CORRECT
1,000,000	ex:populationOf	ex:Dublin	INCORRECT
ex:Dublin	1,000,000	ex:population	× INCORRECT)

DATATYPE LITERALS

- "[lexical-string]"^^[datatype-IRI]
 - "200"^^xsd:int
 - "2014-12-13"^^xsd:date
 - "true"^^xsd:boolean
 - "this is a string"^^xsd:string

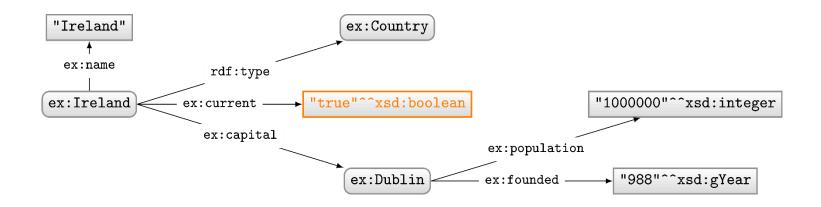
- If the datatype is omitted, it's a string
 - "this is a string"
 - "200" is a string, not a number!

Many datatypes borrowed from XML Schema



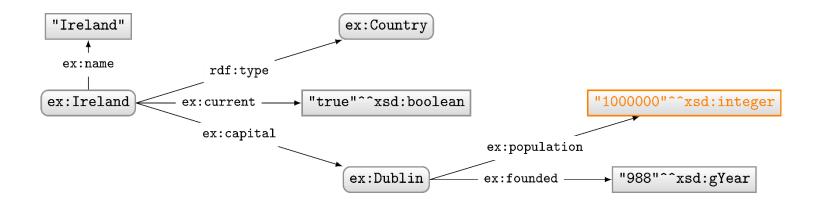
BOOLEAN DATATYPE

Boolean			
xsd:boolean	"true", "false", "1", "0"	Case sensitive	



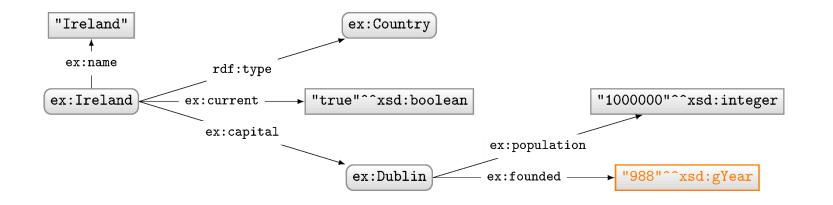
NUMERIC DATATYPES

```
Numeric
xsd:decimal
                               "-2.320"
                                                                                 Any precision
                               "-3"
 _xsd:integer
                                                                                 Any precision, x \in \mathbb{Z}
                                                                                 -2^{63} \le x < 2^{63}
    xsd:long
                               "-9223372036854775808"
                                                                                 -2^{31} \le x < 2^{31}
    xsd:int
                               "+2147483647"
                                                                                 -2^{15} \le x < 2^{15}
      xsd:short
                               "-32768"
                                                                                 -2^7 < x < 2^7
        xsd:byte
                               "127"
    xsd:nonNegativeInteger "0"
                                                                                 0 \le x < \infty
                                                                                 1 \le x < \infty
     xsd:positiveInteger
                               "3152"
                                                                                 0 < x < 2^{64}
    xsd:unsignedLong
                               "18446744073709551615"
                                                                                 0 \le x \le 2^{32}
      xsd:unsignedInt
                               "+4294967295"
                                                                                 0 \le x \le 2^{16}
        xsd:unsignedShort
                               "65535"
                                                                                 0 \le x \le 2^8
          _xsd:unsignedByte "+255"
                                                                                 x \leq 0
    xsd:nonPositiveInteger "0"
                                                                                 x < 0
    xsd:negativeInteger
                               "-3152"
                               "1.7e308" "-4.9E-324", "NaN", "INF", "-INF" IEEE 64-bit floating point
xsd:double
                                                                                IEEE 32-bit floating point
                               "3.4E38", "-1.4e-45", "NaN", "INF", "-INF"
xsd:float
```



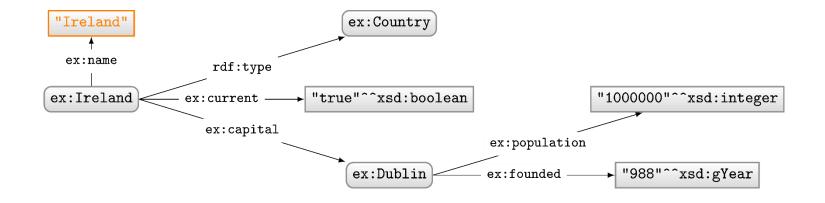
TEMPORAL DATATYPES

Temporal "05:04:12", "05:04:12Z", "05:04:12.00-10:00" Z indicates +00:00 timezone xsd:time "2012-02-29", "2012-12-31+04:00" xsd:date Timezone optional "2012-12-31T00:01:02.034" Timezone optional xsd:dateTime _xsd:dateTimeStamp "2012-12-31T00:01:02+04:00" Timezone required xsd:duration 6 Years ... 4.2 Seconds "P6Y9M15DT25H61M4.2S", "P6Y4.2S" No month or year xsd:dayTimeDuration "P2DT8H14S" xsd:yearMonthDuration No days or time "-P89Y13M" "---15", "---01-13:59" Day recurring every month xsd:gDay "--12", "--01+14:00" Month recurring every year xsd:gMonth "--02-29", "--03-01Z" xsd:gMonthDay Date recurring every year A year (-y indicates B.C.)xsd:gYear "1985", "-0005" xsd:gYearMonth "1985-05", "-0005-02" A specific month



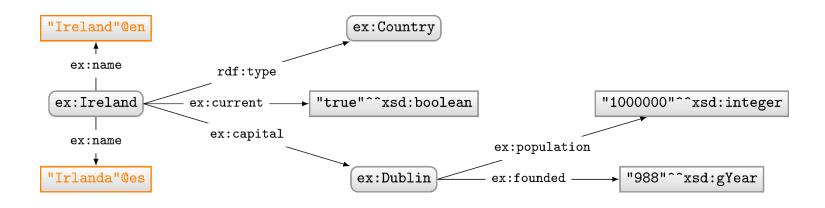
TEXT/STRING DATATYPES

	Text	
xsd:string	" tab-> <-tab "	Most Unicode characters
xsd:normalizedString	" multiple-> <-spaces "	No \r , \n , \t
xsd:token	"one-> <-space"	No leading or double spaces
_xsd:language	"en", "en-UK", "en-uk", "zh-yue-Hant"	Generalises BCP47
xsd:name	"ns:some_name"	XML names
xsd:NCName	"some_name"	XML names: no colons
xsd:NMTOKEN	"1some_name"	XML names: 1 st char relaxed
xsd:base64Binary	ssd:base64Binary "QS5ILiBuZWVkcyBhIHNtb2t1Lg=="	
xsd:hexBinary	"2e2e2e20616e6420616c636f686f6c2e"	Hexadecimal strings
xsd:anyURI	"http://example.com/",	Full IRI strings
rdf:HTML	" <div class="display">some data</div> "	Well-formed HTML content
rdf:XMLLiteral	" <flavours><fruit>apple</fruit></flavours> "	Well-formed XML content



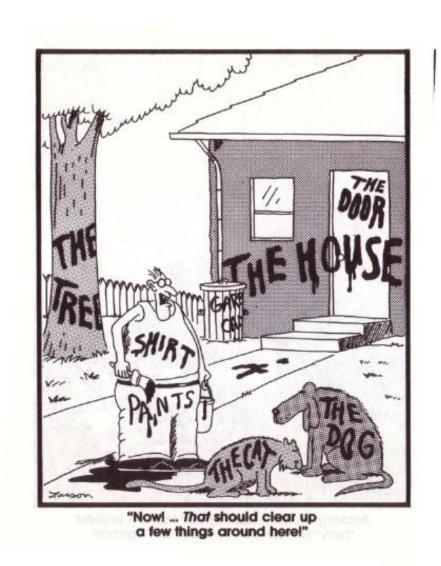
LANGUAGE-TAGGED STRINGS

- Specify that a string is in a given language
 - "string"@lang-tag
- No datatype!



(NOT) NAMING THINGS IN RDF: BLANK NODES

HAVING TO NAME EVERYTHING IS HARD WORK



FOR THIS REASON, RDF GIVES BLANK NODES

- Syntax: _:blankNode
- Represents existence of something
 - Often used to avoid giving an IRI (e.g., shortcuts)
- Can only appear in subject or object position

subject	predicate	object	
ex:Ireland	ex:capital	_:b1	✓ CORRECT
_:b2	ex:capital	ex:Dublin	✓ CORRECT
ex:Ireland	_:b3	ex:Dublin	× INCORRECT

(More later)

RDFTerms: Summary

A SUMMARY OF RDF TERMS

- 1. IRIs (Internationalised Resource Identifiers)
 - Used to name generic things
- 2. Literals
 - Used to refer to datatype values
 - Strings may have a language tag
- 3. Blank Nodes
 - Used to avoid naming things
 - A little mysterious right now

subject	predicate	object
[IRI, Blank Node]	[IRI]	[IRI, Blank Node, Literal]

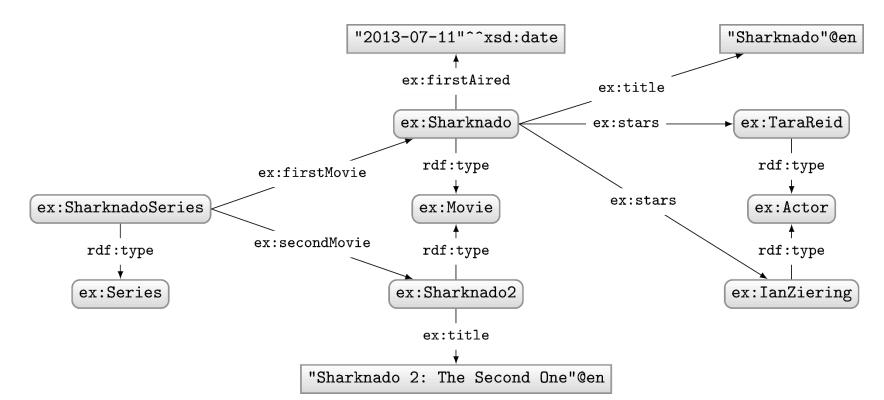
Modelling data in RDF

LET'S MODEL SOMETHING IN RDF ...

Model the following in RDF:

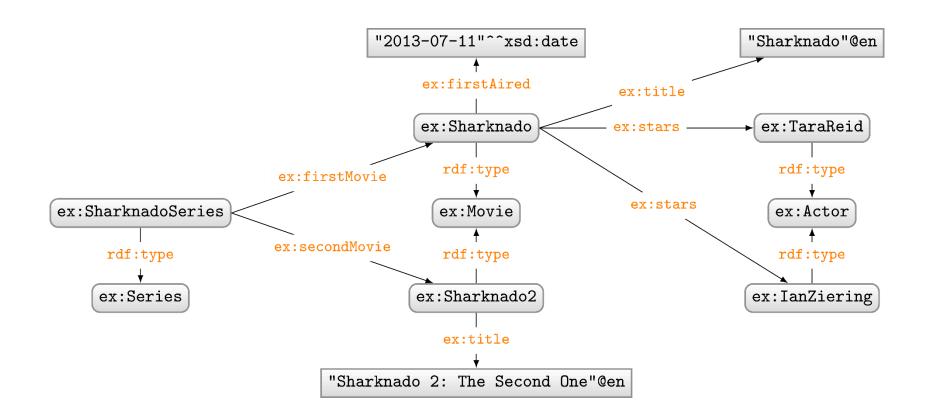
"Sharknado is the first movie of the Sharknado series. It first aired on July 11, 2013. The movie stars Tara Reid and Ian Ziering. The movie was followed by another called 'Sharknado 2: The Second One'."





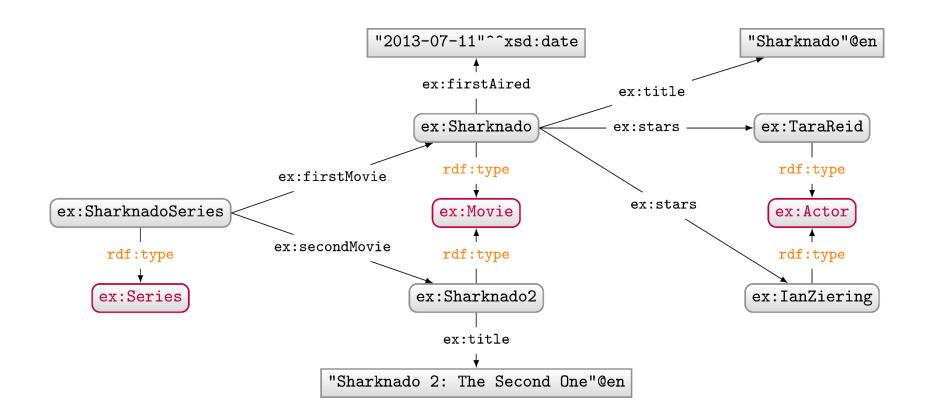
RDF Properties

- RDF Terms used as predicate
 - rdf:type, ex:firstMovie, ex:stars, ...



RDF CLASSES

- Used to conceptually group resources
 - ex:Movie, ex:Actor, ex:Series, etc.
 - Uses property rdf: type to type a resource

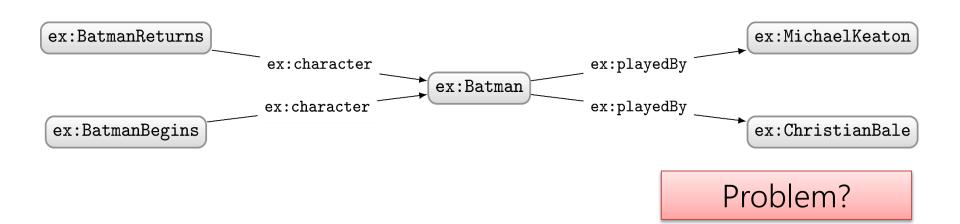


Model the following in RDF:

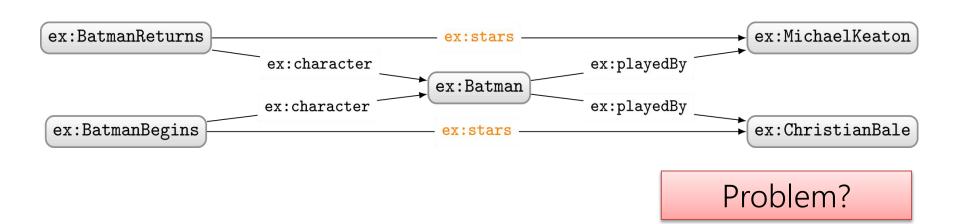
"'Batman Returns' stars Michael Keaton in the role of 'Batman'."

 ex:BatmanReturns
 ex:Character
 ex:Batman
 ex:playedBy
 ex:MichaelKeaton

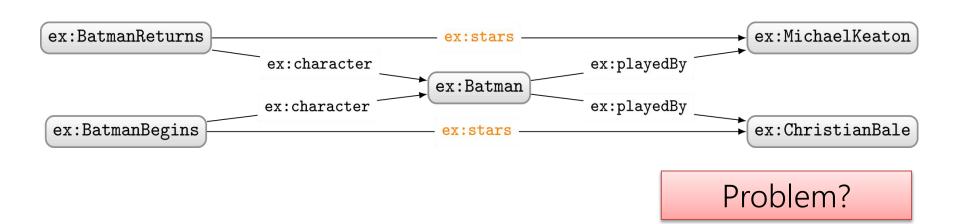
Model the following in RDF:



Model the following in RDF:



Model the following in RDF:

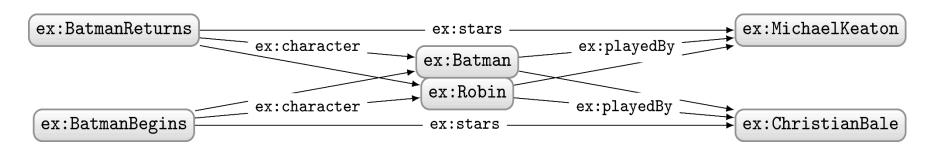


Model the following in RDF:

- "'Batman Returns' stars Michael Keaton in the role of 'Batman'."

 "'Batman Begins' stars Christian Bale in the role of 'Batman'."
 - "'Batman Returns' stars Christian Bale in the role of 'Robin'."*
 - "'Batman Begins' stars Michael Keaton in the role of 'Robin'."*

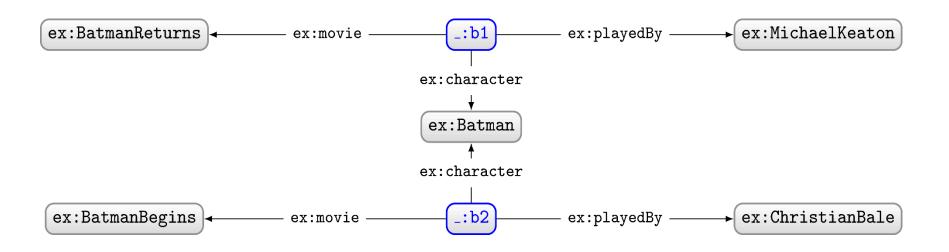
* hypothetical ©



Who played which character in which movie?

MODELLING N-ARY RELATIONS

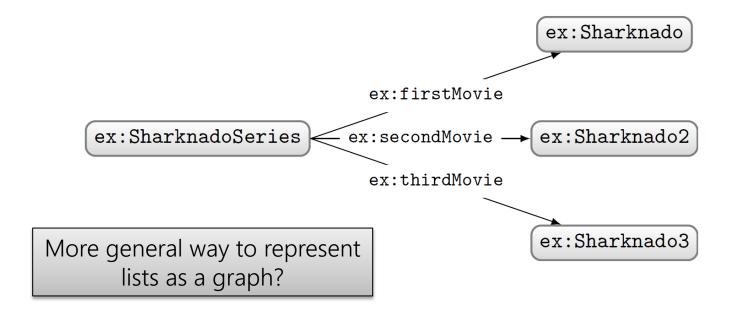
Model the following in RDF:



Model the following in RDF:

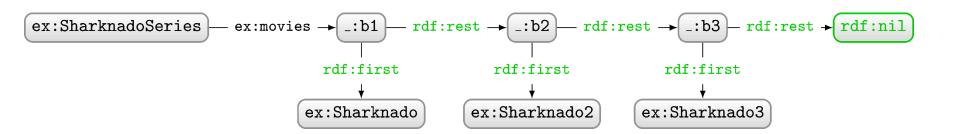
"The first movie in the Sharknado series is 'Sharknado'. The second movie is 'Sharknado 2: The Second One'.

The third movie is 'Sharknado 3: Oh Hell No!'."



RDF COLLECTIONS: MODEL ORDERED LISTS

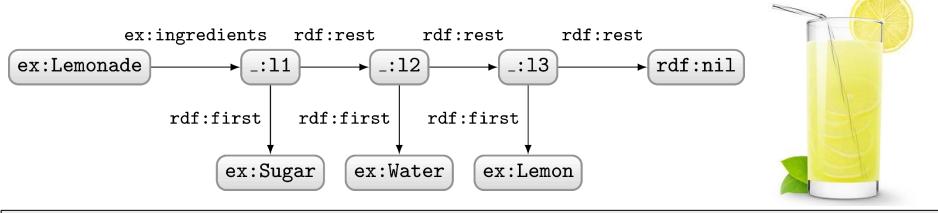
- Standard way to model (linked) lists in RDF
 - Use rdf: rest to link to rest of list
 - Use rdf:first to link to current member
 - Use rdf:nil to end the list



RDF COLLECTIONS: GENERIC MODELLING

 Not just for Sharknado series GTUE BUTO BUTO ex:ingredients rdf:rest rdf:rest rdf:rest ex:Lemonade _:11 _:13 rdf:nil rdf:first rdf:first rdf:first ex:Sugar ex:Water ex:Lemon

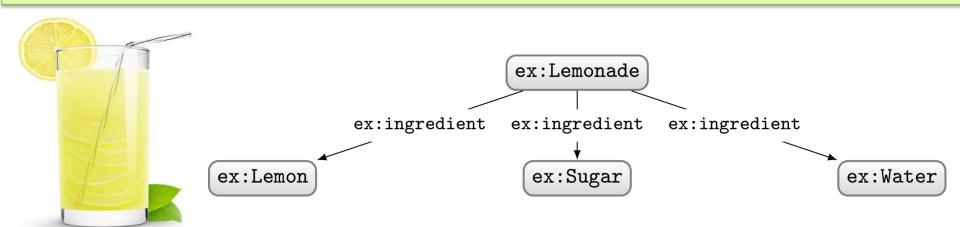
RDF COLLECTIONS: GENERIC MODELLING



Which modelling is better?

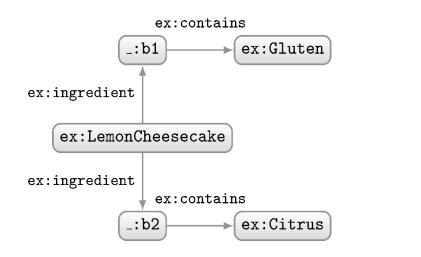
If the <u>order</u> of ingredients matters, the collection above is needed.* Otherwise, the graph below is much simpler (and better).

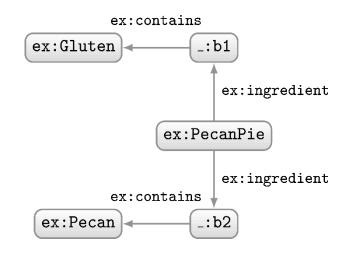
* Sometimes collections are used for unordered elements to indicate a closed set, but this is not something recommended in general.



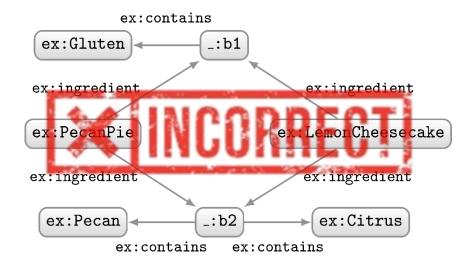
BLANK NODES ADD COMPLEXITY

BLANK NODES ARE LOCAL IDENTIFIERS

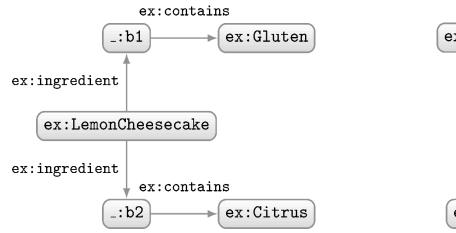


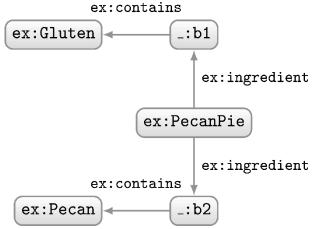


How should we combine these two RDF graphs?

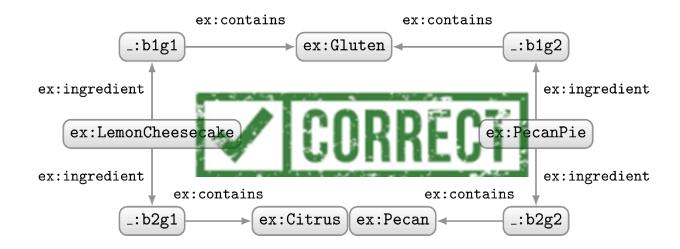


BLANK NODES ARE LOCAL IDENTIFIERS

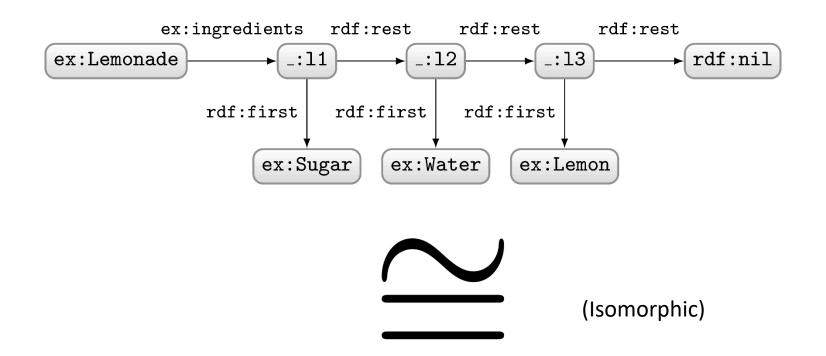


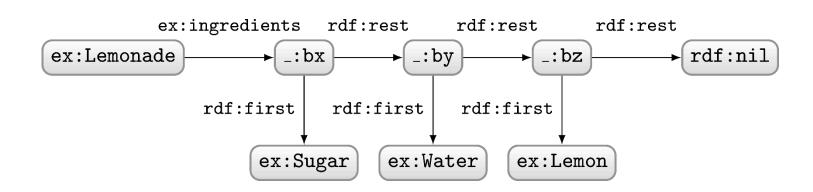


How should we combine these two RDF graphs?

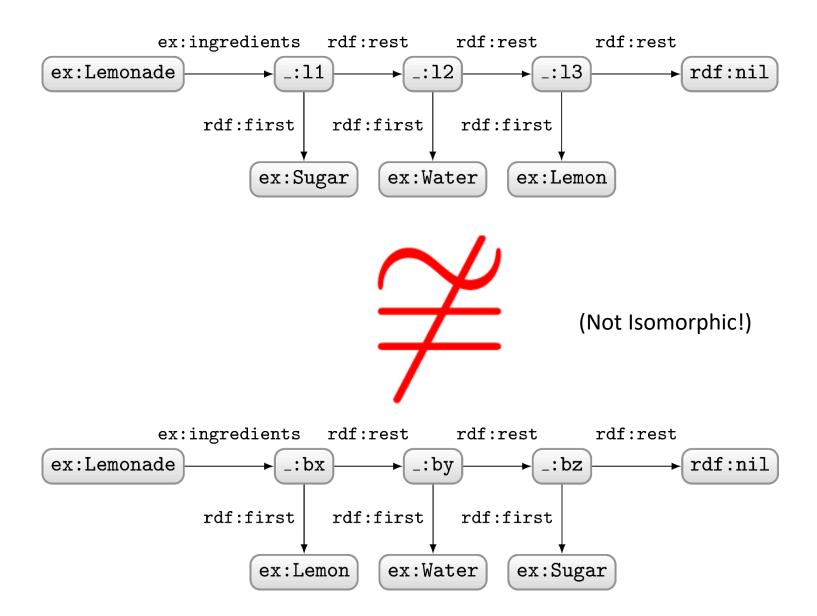


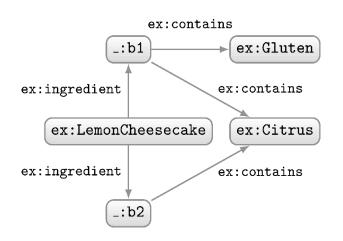
BLANK NODES NAMES AREN'T IMPORTANT ...



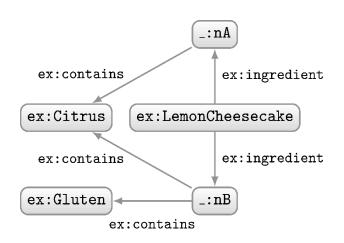


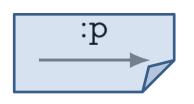
BLANK NODES NAMES AREN'T IMPORTANT ...

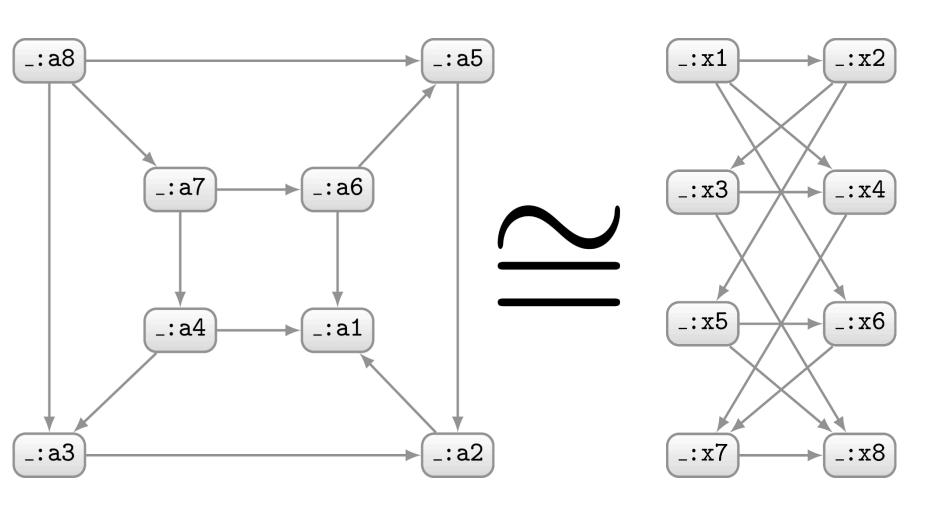


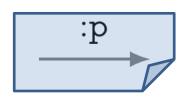


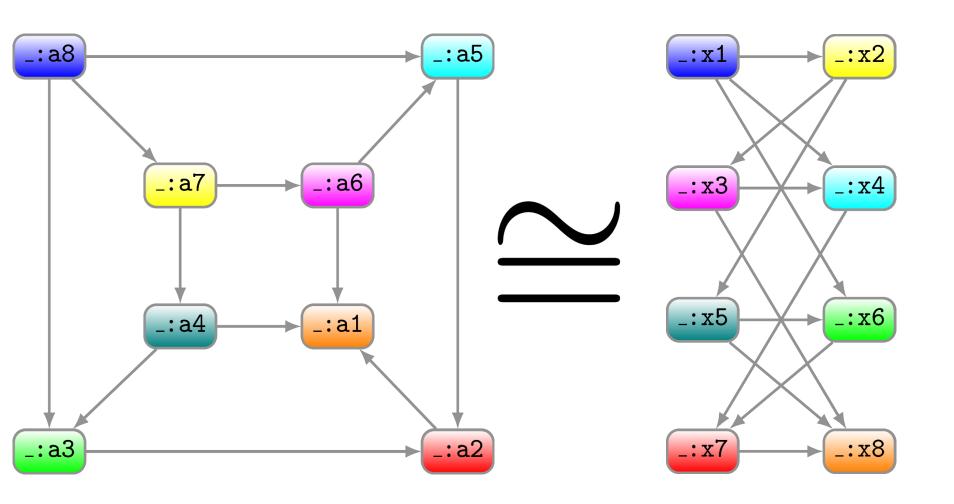




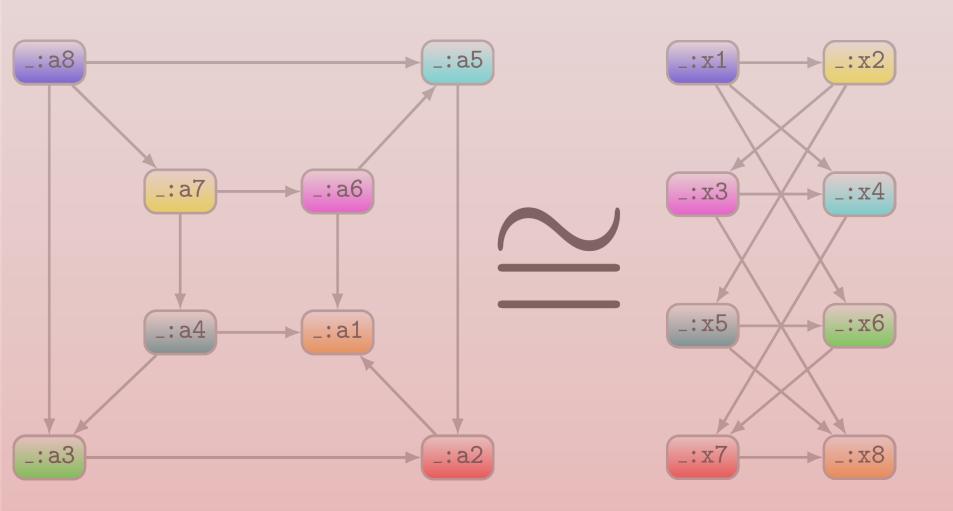












Hard problem: Gl-COMPLETE

RDF SYNTAXES: WRITING RDF DOWN

N-Triples

- Line delimited format
- No shortcuts

```
ex1:Jen rdf:type ex1:Person
ex1:Jen rdf:type ex1:Female
ex1:Jen rdfs:label "Jen"@en
ex1:Jen ex1:allergy ex1:Citrus
ex1:Jen ex1:location _:loc
_:loc ex1:lat "53.3"^xsd:decimal
_:loc ex1:long -9.0^xsd:decimal
```

```
<http://ex1.org/#Jen> <http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#type> <http://ex1.org/#Person> .
<http://ex1.org/#Jen> <http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#type> <http://ex1.org/#Female> .
<http://ex1.org/#Jen> <http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#label> "Jen"@en .
<http://ex1.org/#Jen> <http://ex1.org/#allergy> <http://ex1.org/#Citrus> .
<http://ex1.org/#Jen> <http://ex1.org/#location> _:loc .
_:loc <http://ex1.org/#lat> "53.3" <http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#decimal> .
_:loc <http://ex1.org/#long> -9.0 <http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#decimal> .
```

RDF/XML

- Legacy format
- Difficult to read

```
ex1:Jen rdf:type ex1:Person
ex1:Jen rdf:type ex1:Female
ex1:Jen rdfs:label "Jen"@en
ex1:Jen ex1:allergy ex1:Citrus
ex1:Jen ex1:location _:loc
_:loc ex1:lat "53.3"^xsd:decimal
_:loc ex1:long -9.0^xsd:decimal
```

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<!DOCTYPE img [<!ENTITY xsd "http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#"> ]>
<rdf:RDF
   xmlns:rdf="http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#"
   xmlns:rdfs="http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#"
   xmlns:ex1="http://example1.org/#">
 <ex1:Person rdf:about="http://example1.org/#Jen">
  <rdf:type rdf:resource="http://example1.org/#Female" />
  <rdfs:label xml:lang="en">Jen</rdfs:label>
  <ex1:allergy rdf:resource="http://example1.org/#Citrus" />
  <ex1:location>
   <rdf:Description>
    <ex1:lat rdf:datatype="&xsd;decimal">53.3</ex1:lat>
    <ex1:long rdf:datatype="&xsd;decimal">-9.0</ex1:long>
   </rdf:Description>
  </ex1:location>
 </ex1:Person>
</rdf:RDF>
```

RDFA

- Embed RDF into HTML
- Not so intuitive

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
 <meta charset="utf-8" />
 <title>Recipe for Coffee Parfait</title>
 <base href="http://example.org/" />
</head>
<body vocab="http://example.org/#" lang="en"</pre>
    prefix="rdfs: http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#">
 <div typeof="Recipe" resource="#CoffeeParfait">
  <h1 property="rdfs:label">Coffee Parfait</h1>
  Time: <span property="minutes" datatype="xsd:integer" content="25">25 mins</span>
  <h2>Ingredients:</h2>
  Egg Yolk
  Sugar
  Cream
  Coffee
  </div>
</body>
</html>
```

JSON-LD

- Embed RDF into HTML
- Not completely RDF

```
"@context": {
 "xsd": "http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#",
 "@base": "http://example.com/",
 "@vocab": "http://example.com/#",
 "label": "http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#label",
 "minutes": {
 "@id": "minutes",
 "@type": "xsd:integer"
 "@language": "en"
"@id": "#CoffeeParfait",
"@type": "Recipe",
"label": "Coffee Parfait",
"minutes": "25",
"ingredient": [
  "@id": "#EggYolk", "label": "Egg Yolk"},
  "@id": "#Sugar", "label": "Sugar"},
 "@id": "#Coffee", "label": "Coffee"}
```

TURTLE

Readable format

```
ex1:Jen rdf:type ex1:Person
ex1:Jen rdf:type ex1:Female
ex1:Jen rdfs:label "Jen"@en
ex1:Jen ex1:allergy ex1:Citrus
ex1:Jen ex1:location _:loc
_:loc ex1:lat "53.3"^xsd:decimal
_:loc ex1:long -9.0^xsd:decimal
```

```
@base <http://ex1.org/>
@prefix rdfs: <http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#>
@prefix ex1: <http://ex1.org/#>
<#Jen> a <http://ex1.org/#Person> , ex1:Female ;

rdfs:label "Jen"@en ; <#allergy> <#Citrus> ;
ex1:location [ ex1:lat 53.3 ; ex1:long -9.0 ] .
```

Relative URIs

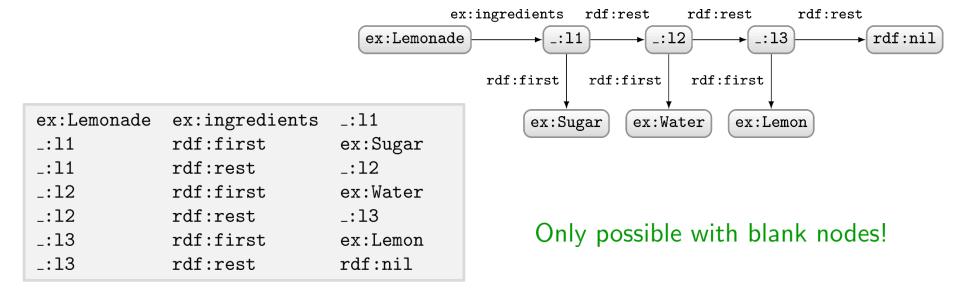
Prefixes

Repeat S (';') SP (',') rdf:type

Datatype shortcuts

Blank node shortcuts

TURTLE: COLLECTIONS SHORTCUT



```
@base <http://example.org/#> .
    <Lemonade> <ingredients> ( <Sugar> <Water> <Lemon> ) .
```



RDF...

SEMANTIC WEB: DATA

DATA:



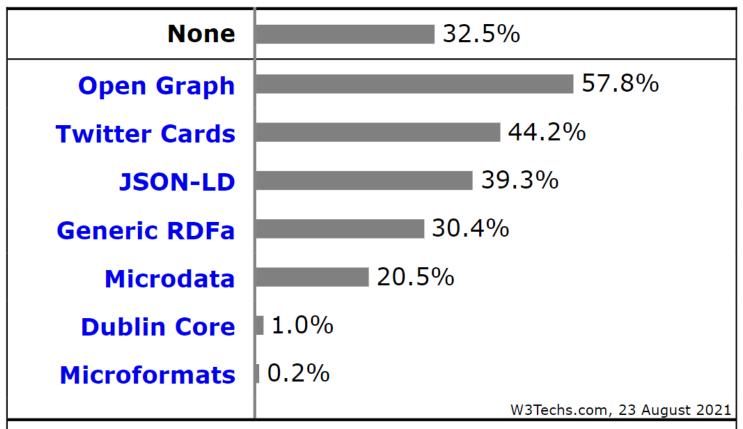


RDF is based on triples:

(Ireland, capital, Dublin)

(subject, predicate, object)

BROADLY ADOPTED



Percentages of websites using various structured data formats Note: a website may use more than one structured data format

