CC7220-1 LA WEB DE DATOS PRIMAVERA 2019

LECTURE 3: RDF SCHEMA (RDFS) AND SEMANTICS

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LAST TIME ...

Semantic Web: Data



RDF often drawn as a (directed, labelled) graph

subject	predicate	object
Ireland	partOf	Europe
Ireland	а	Country
Ireland	capital	Dublin
Dublin	population	1,000,000



RDFPROPERTIES

RDF Terms used as predicate
 - rdf:type, ex:firstMovie, ex:stars, ...



RDFCLASSES

- Used to conceptually group resources
 - ex:Movie, ex:Actor, ex:Series, etc.
 - Uses predicate rdf: type to type a resource



TODAY'S TOPIC ...

Semantic Web: Logic



 $\begin{array}{l} \text{OUTPUT: } \{(x \mapsto \mathsf{Ireland}, y \mapsto \mathsf{Europe}), \\ (x \mapsto \mathsf{Dublin}, y \mapsto \mathsf{Ireland}), \\ (x \mapsto \mathsf{Dublin}, y \mapsto \mathsf{Europe})\} \end{array}$



HOW TO CAPTURE LOGIC?

How should we capture logic on the Semantic Web?

Semantic Web Answer: Schema/Ontologies

- Don't use rules: Use RDF!
- Define relationships between classes and properties

What sorts of relationships might be useful to define between the following classes and properties?

	ex:Town	ex:hasCapitalCity	
		ex:hasCity	
ex:City	ex:Country	foaf:familyName	
ex:Place	foaf:Person	ex:geographicallyPartOf	
ex:CapitalCity		ex:partOf	

CLASS HIERARCHY

Class c is a sub-class of Class d
 If (x,rdf:type,c) then (x,rdf:type,d),

Example: if ex:CapitalCity sub-class of ex:City
 and if (ex:Dublin,rdf:type,ex:CapitalCity)
 then (ex:Dublin,rdf:type,ex:City)

Which classes would be sub-classes of each other?



PROPERTY HIERARCHY

Property p is a sub-property of q
If (x,p,y) then (x,q,y)

Example: if ex:hasCapitalCity sub-property of ex:hasCity
 and if (ex:Ireland,ex:hasCapitalCity,ex:Dublin)
 then (ex:Ireland,ex:hasCity,ex:Dublin)

Which properties would be sub-properties of each other?



DOMAIN OF PROPERTIES

Property p has domain class c
 If (x,p,y) then (x,rdf:type,c)

Example: if foaf:familyName has domain foaf:Person
 and if (ex:Aidan,foaf:familyName,"Hogan")
 then (ex:Aidan,rdf:type,foaf:Person)

Which properties would have which classes as domain?



RANGEOFPROPERTIES

Property p has range class c
 If (x,p,y) then (y,rdf:type,c)

Example: if ex:hasCity has range ex:City
and if (ex:Ireland,ex:hasCity,ex:Dublin)
then (ex:Dublin,rdf:type,ex:City)

Which properties would have which classes as range?



TRADE-OFF: MORE SPECIFIC / LESS REUSABLE

- More specific \rightarrow more conclusions
- Less specific \rightarrow more reusable

Example: ex:hasCapitalCity has domain ex:Country PRO: Know that anything that has a capital city is a country CON: Cannot use for capitals of states, regions, etc.

TRADE-OFF: MORE SPECIFIC / LESS REUSABLE

- Another example:
 - ex:Mayor sub-class of foaf:Person



Bosco the dog Mayor of Sunol, California 1981–1994 R.I.P.

TRADE-OFF: MORE SPECIFIC / LESS REUSABLE

- Another example:
 - ex:spouse has domain/range foaf:Person



Erika Eiffel Married Eiffel Tower in 2007

(IDATA	Item Discussion Erika Eiffel (Q50	9934)	
	American archer		
	spouse	 Eiffel tower start time 1 reference 	2007

BEWARE OF "HIDDEN" DEFINITIONS!

FOAF Vocabulary Specification 0.99

Namespace Document 14 January 2014 - Paddington Edition

Property: foaf:img

image - An image that can be used to represent some thing (ie. those depictions which are particularly representative of something, eg. one's photo on a homepage).

Status: testing

Domain: having this property implies being a Person

Range: every value of this property is a Image

Any potential problems here?

(ex:Dublin,foaf:img,ex:Dublin_night.jpg)

Choose names of properties/classes carefully!

RDFS: RDF SCHEMA

RDFS (1.1): A WEB STANDARD

http://www.w3.org/TR/rdf-schema/



RDF Schema 1.1

W3C Recommendation 25 February 2014

This version:

http://www.w3.org/TR/2014/REC-rdf-schema-20140225/ Latest published version:

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Editors:

Dan Brickley, Google

R.V. Guha, Google

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Please check the errata for any errors or issues reported since publication.

This document is also available in this non-normative format: diff w.r.t. 2004 Recommendation

RDFS: Describe "schema" in RDF

@prefix rdfs: <http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#> .

- Sub-class:
 - ex:CapitalCity rdfs:subClassOf ex:City .
- Sub-property:
 - ex:hasCapitalCity rdfs:subPropertyOf ex:hasCity .
- Domain:
 - foaf:familyName rdfs:domain foaf:Person .
- Range:
 - ex:hasCapitalCity rdfs:range ex:CapitalCity .
 - foaf:familyName rdfs:range xsd:string .

Note: Why called "domain" and "range"?

Any guesses why RDFS calls these "domain" and "range"?

$f: \mathbf{X} \longrightarrow \mathbf{Y}$

- X : domain of the function
- Y : co-domain of the function
- $\{f(x) \mid x \in X\}$: image or **range** of the function



So let's build an RDF Schema ...

Let's model an RDF Schema for movies, including different types of movies (horror, comedy, action), some different types of people involved (actor, producer, director), and how they are related.



BUT WHAT, E.G., IS THE DOMAIN OF ... ?



BUT WHAT, E.G., IS THE DOMAIN OF ... ?



- rdfs:Resource the class of everything!
 Yes, even itself!
 - (rdfs:Resource,rdf:type,rdfs:Resource)

(Giving domain/range/sub-class as rdfs:Resource says nothing new!)

Some meta-classes ...

- rdf:Property: class of all properties

 (ex:hasCity,rdf:type,rdf:Property)
- rdfs:Class: class of all classes
 (ex:City,rdf:type,rdfs:Class)

NOTE: CLASS OR INSTANCE?

Would you define ex:Oak ("roble"@es) as a class or an instance?



Classes can also "act" as instances: no strong distinction



Reasoning with RDFS

What is "Reasoning"?



What general kinds of logical reasoning can we consider?

WHAT IS "REASONING"?



Deductive Reasoning: Make logical conclusion from rules/premises

WHAT IS "REASONING"?



Inductive Reasoning: Learn approximate rule(s) from premises

WHAT IS "REASONING"?



Abductive Reasoning: Guess a premise/explanation

RDFS REASONING IS DEDUCTIVE ...

WHAT IS "REASONING"?



Deductive Reasoning: Make logical conclusion from rules/premises

... THE ONLY FORM OF REASONING THAT IS "CERTAIN"

WHAT CONCLUSIONS CAN WE DEDUCE?



Given the above schema, what can we deduce from ...

ex:EricRoberts — mov:starredIn → ex:Sharktopus

Some of the conclusions ...



- Not shown (for the sake of my/our sanity):
 - Everything is of type rdfs:Resource
 - All classes are sub-class of rdfs:Resource
 - RDF/RDFS properties are of type rdf:Property

Sharktopus just one movie ...





RDFS DEFINITIONS APPLY TO ANY MOVIE ...



Given the above schema, what can we deduce from ...



RDFS DEFINITIONS APPLY TO ANY MOVIE ...



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APPLY RDFS REASONING USING "RULES"

ID	if G matches	then $G \operatorname{RDFS}_D$ -entails
rdfD1	?x ?p ?l . (?l a literal with datatype IRI dt(?l) $\in D$)	?x ?p _:b:b a dt(?l) .
rdfD2	?x ?p ?y .	?p a rdf:Property .
rdfs1	$u \in D$?u a rdfs:Datatype .
rdfs2	?p rdfs:domain ?c . ?x ?p ?y .	?x a ?c .
rdfs3	?p rdfs:range ?c . ?x ?p ?y .	?y a ?c .
rdfs4a	?x ?p ?y .	?x a rdfs:Resource .
rdfs4b	?x ?p ?y	?y a rdfs:Bosource
rdfs5	?p rdfs:subPropertyOf ?q . ?x ?p ?y .	?x ?q ?y .
rdfs6	?p a rdf:Property .	?p rdfs:subPropertyOf ?p .
rdfs7	<pre>?p rdfs:subPropertyOf ?q . ?q rdfs:subPropertyOf ?r .</pre>	?p rdfs:subPropertyOf ?r .
rdfs8	?c a rdfs:Class .	?c rdfs:subClassOf rdfs:Resource .
rafsg	?c rdfs:SubClassOf ?d . ?X a ?c .	?x a ?d .
rdfs10	?c a rdfs:Class .	?c rdfs:subClassOf ?c .
rdfs11	?c rdfs:subClassOf ?d . ?d rdfs:subClassOf ?e	?c rdfs:subClassOf ?e
rdfs12	?p a rdfs:ContainerMembershipProperty .	?p rdfs:subPropertyOf rdfs:member .
rdfs13	?d a rdfs:Datatype .	?d rdfs:subClassOf rdf:Literal .

(Don't worry about rdfD1, rdfs1, rdfs12, rdfs13)

AXIOMATIC TRIPLES: ALWAYS TRUE IN RDFS

rdf:type	rdfs:domain	rdfs:Resource	; rdfs:range	rdfs:Class
rdfs:range	rdfs:domain	rdf:Property	; rdfs:range ; rdfs:range	rdfs:Class
rdfs:subPropertyOf	rdfs:domain	rdf:Property	; rdfs:range	rdf:Property
rdfs:subClassOf	rdfs:domain	rdfs:Class	; rdfs:range	rdfs:Class
rdf:subject	rdfs:domain	rdf:Statement	; rdfs:range	rdfs:Resource .
rdf:predicate	rdfs:domain	rdf:Statement	; rdfs:range	rdfs:Resource .
rdf:object	rdfs:domain	rdf:Statement	; rdfs:range	rdfs:Resource .
rdfs:member	rdfs:domain	rdfs:Resource	; rdfs:range	rdfs:Resource .
rdf:first	rdfs:domain	rdf:List	; rdfs:range	rdfs:Resource .
rdf:rest	rdfs:domain	rdf:List	; rdfs:range	rdfs:List
rdfs:seeAlso	rdfs:domain	rdfs:Resource	; rdfs:range	rdfs:Resource .
rdfs:isDefinedBy	rdfs:domain	rdfs:Resource	; rdfs:range	rdfs:Resource .
rdfs:comment	rdfs:domain	rdfs:Resource	; rdfs:range	rdfs:Literal
rdfs:label	rdfs:domain	rdfs:Resource	; rdfs:range	rdfs:Literal
rdf:value	rdfs:domain	rdfs:Resource	; rdfs:range	rdfs:Resource .
rdf:_n	rdfs:domain	rdfs:Resource	; rdfs:range	rdfs:Resource .
rdf:Alt		rdfs:subCla	ssOf rdfs:Co	ontainer .
rdf:Bag		rdfs:subCla	ssOf rdfs:Co	ontainer .
rdf:Seq		rdfs:subCla	ssOf rdfs:Co	ontainer .
rdfs:ContainerMemb	ershipProper	ty rdfs:subCla	ssOf rdf:Pro	perty .
rdfs:Datatype		rdfs:subCla	ssOf rdfs:Cl	ass .
rdfs:isDefinedBy rdfs:subPropertyOf rdfs:seeAlso .				
rdf:_ n rdf:type rdfs:ContainerMembershipProperty .				

(Don't worry about greyed-out triples)

${\sf Reasoning in RDFS \, over \, RDF \, graph \, G}$

- 1. Add axiomatic triples to G
- 2. Apply rules exhaustively, adding conclusions to *G*, until nothing new found

Will this always finish? Or can it run forever?

Semantic Web: Logic



 $\begin{array}{l} \text{OUTPUT: } \{(x \mapsto \mathsf{Ireland}, y \mapsto \mathsf{Europe}), \\ (x \mapsto \mathsf{Dublin}, y \mapsto \mathsf{Ireland}), \\ (x \mapsto \mathsf{Dublin}, y \mapsto \mathsf{Europe})\} \end{array}$



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