

CC5212-1

PROCESAMIENTO MASIVO DE DATOS

OTOÑO 2023

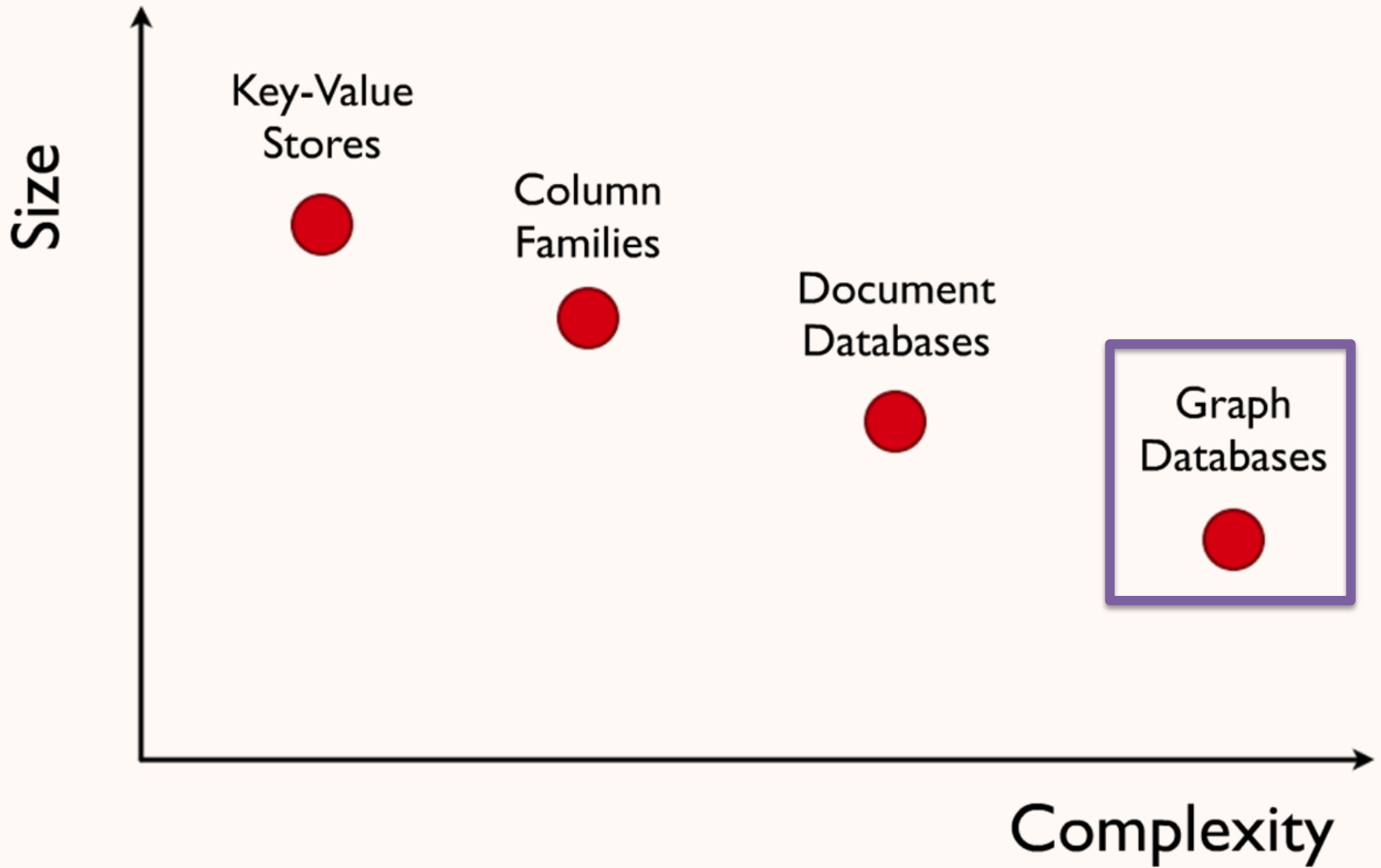
Lecture 11

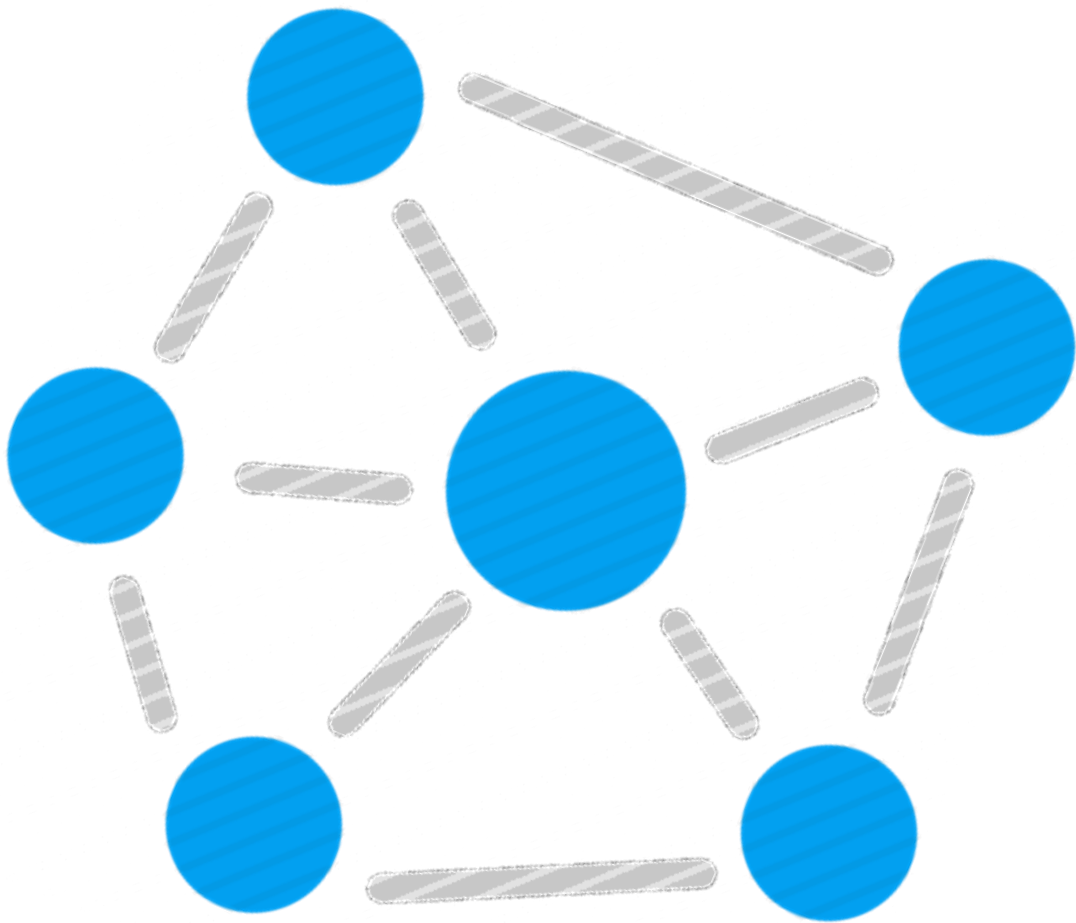
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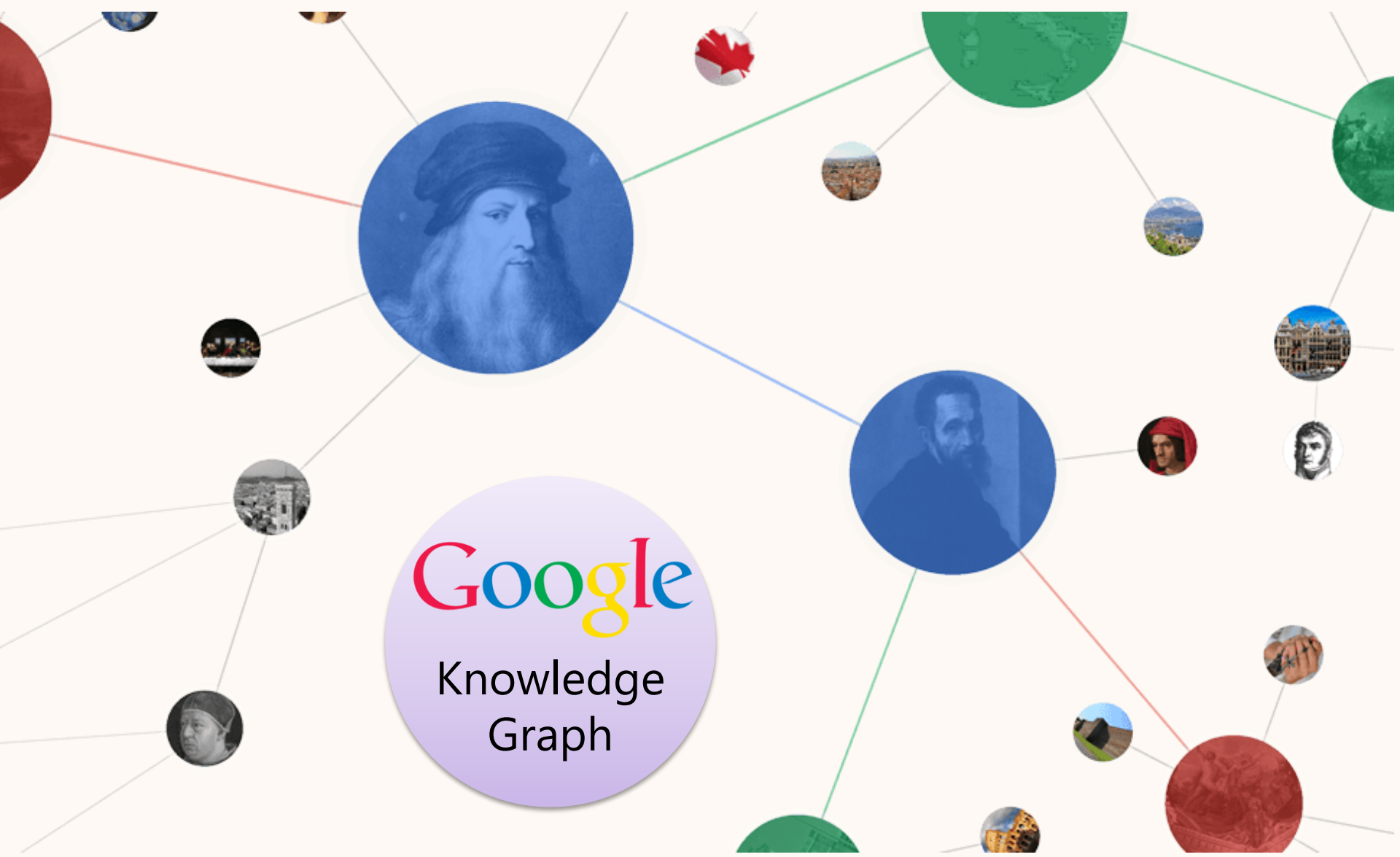
Aidan Hogan

aidhog@gmail.com

NoSQL





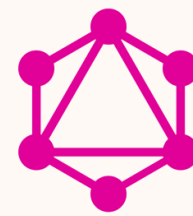


Google
Knowledge
Graph



Facebook Open Graph

Thinking in Graphs



GraphQL

It's Graphs All the Way Down *

With GraphQL, you model your business domain as a graph

Graphs are powerful tools for modeling many real-world phenomena because they resemble our natural mental models and verbal descriptions of the underlying process. With GraphQL, you model your business domain as a graph by defining a schema; within your schema, you define different types of nodes and how they connect/relate to one another. On the client, this creates a pattern similar to Object-Oriented Programming: types that reference other types. On the server, since GraphQL only defines the interface, you have the freedom to use it with any backend (new or legacy!).

Shared Language

Naming things is a hard but important part of building intuitive APIs

Think of your GraphQL schema as an expressive shared language for your team and your users. To build a good schema, examine the everyday language you use to describe your business. For example, let's try to describe an email app in plain english:



Amazon Neptune

Fast, reliable graph database built for the cloud

Get started with Amazon Neptune

● Graph database
Topic

+ Compare

United States ▼

2004 - present ▼

All categories ▼

Web Search ▼

Interest over time ⓘ



● Graph database
Topic

● Relational database
Topic

+ Add comparison

United States ▼

2004 - present ▼

All categories ▼

Web Search ▼

Interest over time ⓘ



● Graph database
Topic

+ Compare

United States ▼

2004 - present ▼

All categories ▼

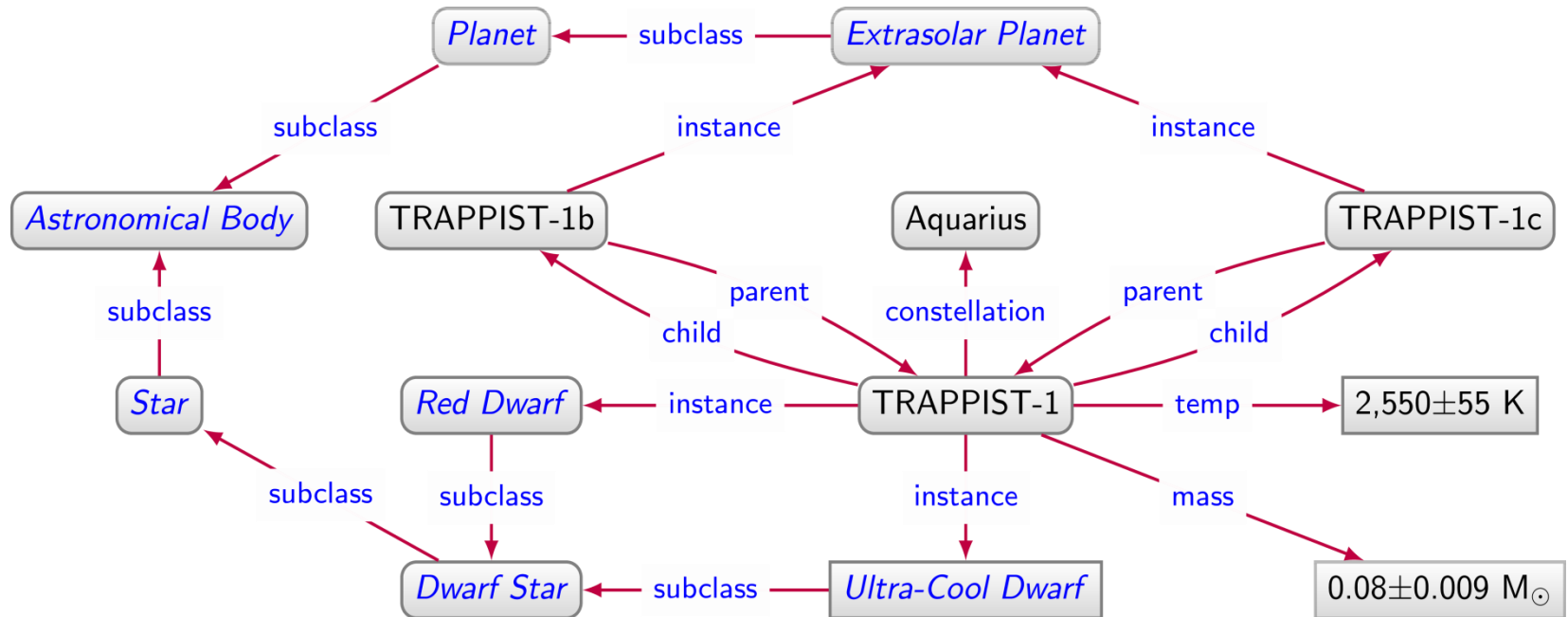
Web Search ▼

Interest over time ⓘ



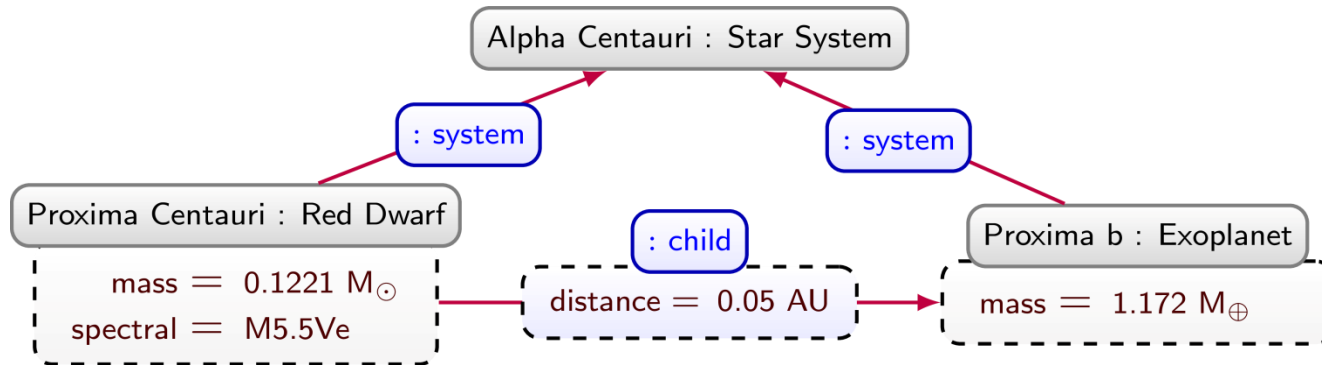
WHAT IS A GRAPH DATABASE?

Directed edge-labelled graph

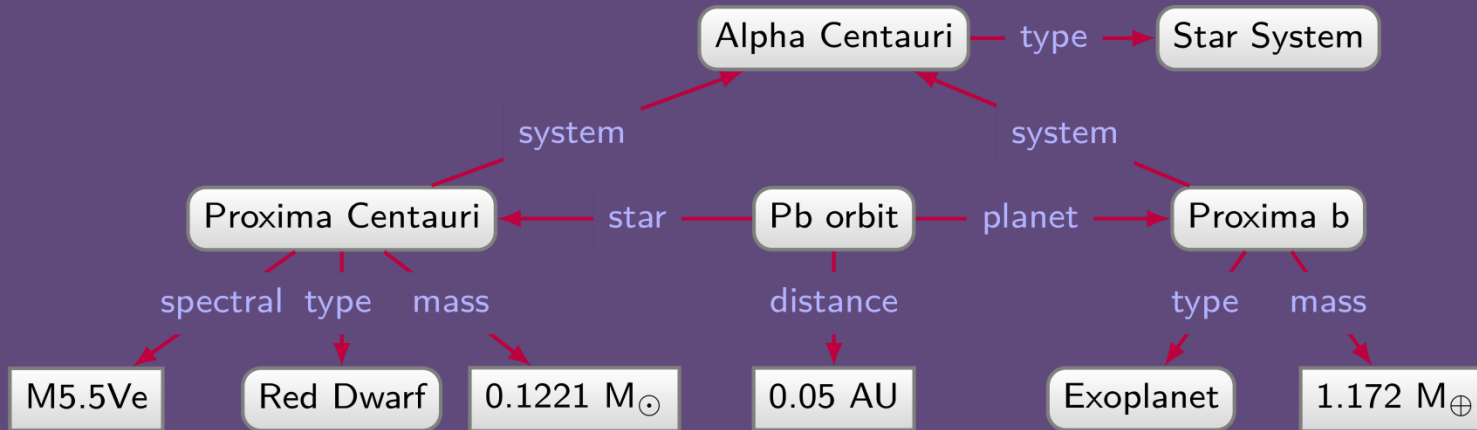
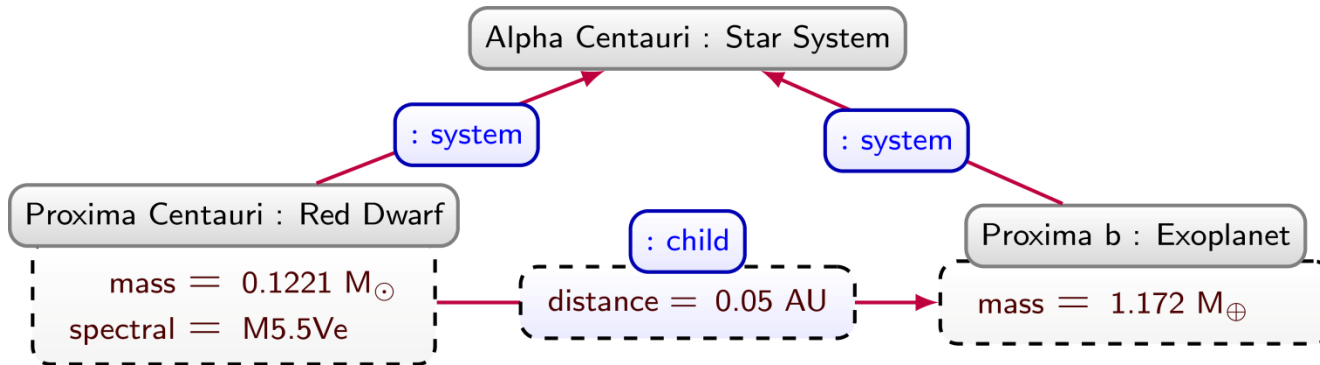


```
SELECT ?const (COUNT(DISTINCT ?body) AS ?num)
WHERE {
  ?body :instance/:subclass* :AstronomicalBody .
  ?body :parent?/:constellation ?const .
}
GROUP BY ?const
ORDER BY DESC(?num)
```


Property graph

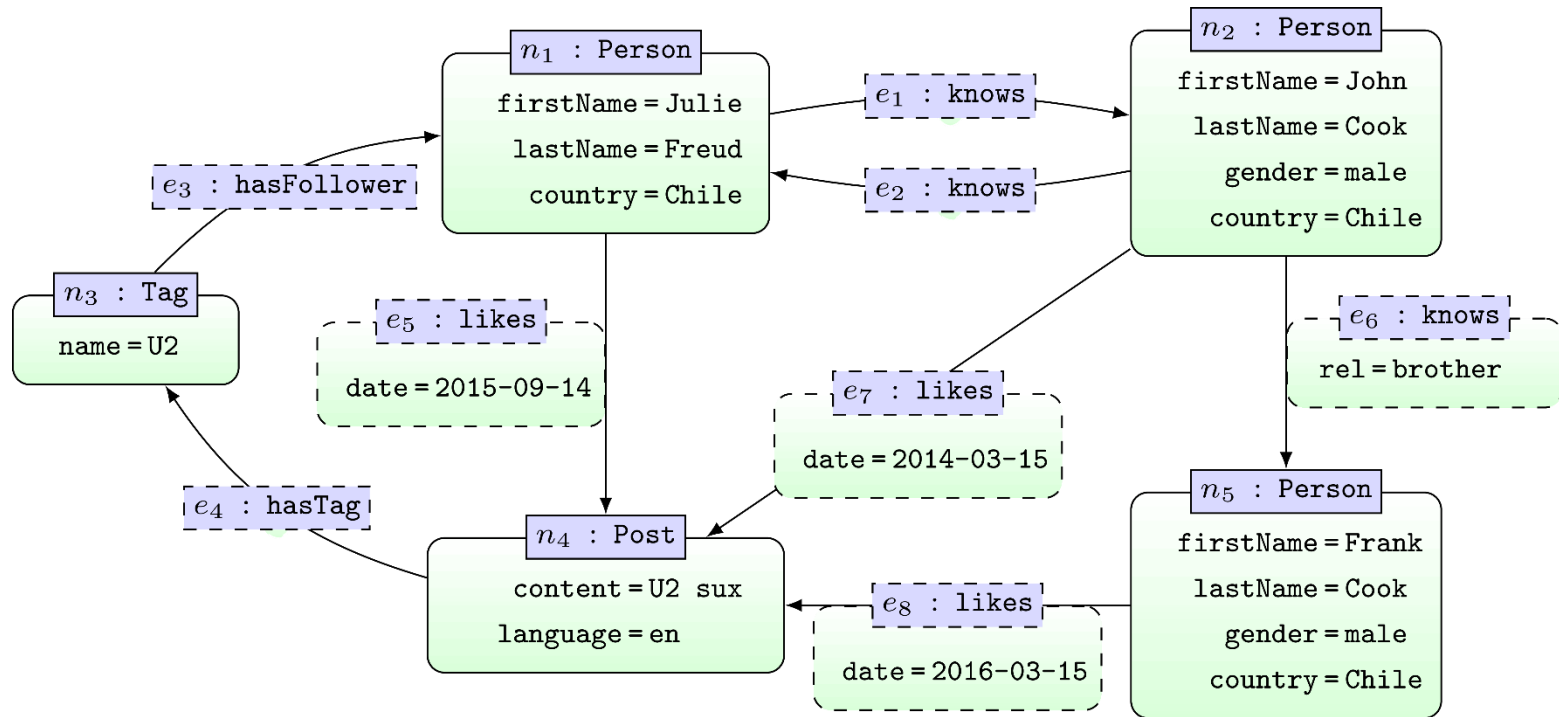


Property graph



Directed edge-labelled graph

Property Graph



```
MATCH (x1:Person {firstName:"Julie"})-[:knows*]->(x2:Person)
MATCH (x2)-[:likes]->()-[:hasTag]->()-[:hasFollower]->(x1)
RETURN x2.firstName
```

WHY DO WE NEED GRAPH DATABASES?

WHY DO WE NEED GRAPH DATABASES?

FLEXIBILITY

Relational Databases ...



Relational Databases ...

Debit

<u>account</u>	<u>comment</u>	<u>date</u>	<u>time</u>	<u>amount</u>	<u>total</u>	<u>id</u>
7873698669	Initial deposit	2020-21-01	20:02:02	300000	300000	TRCXGU8JSHD
7873698669	C0°0°L Designs	2020-02-06	09:15:33	50000	325000	TRCCIA2J8A0

Credit

<u>account</u>	<u>comment</u>	<u>date</u>	<u>time</u>	<u>amount</u>	<u>total</u>	<u>id</u>
7873698669	Electricity	2020-02-02	20:00:01	8200	291800	TRCJASJDA9A
7873698669	Heat	2020-02-02	20:00:02	600	291200	TRC81KAQWAS
7873698669	Moviestar	2020-02-02	20:00:03	16200	275000	TRCK8J7JA8D
7873698669	ATM	2020-02-08	16:05:02	100000	225000	TRCPM8A45AD

Account

<u>number</u>	<u>rut</u>	<u>type</u>	<u>total_clp</u>	<u>total_usd</u>
7873698669	32.000.273-K	Current	225000	344,94

Client

<u>rut</u>	<u>name</u>	<u>phone</u>	<u>address</u>
32.000.273-K	Kelvin	+56976698463	Campo de Hielo Sur, Depto 273

Exchange

<u>c1</u>	<u>c2</u>	<u>value</u>
CLP	USD	0,0001533
USD	CLP	652,2750000

Planets / Relational Database



Planets / Relational Database

Planet

name

Mercury

Venus

Earth

Mars

Jupiter

Saturn

Uranus

Neptune

Pluto

Planets / Relational Database

Planet	
<u>name</u>	<u>dist</u>
Mercury	
Venus	
Earth	1.00
Mars	
Jupiter	
Saturn	
Uranus	
Neptune	
Pluto	

Planets / Relational Database

Planet	
<u>name</u>	<u>dist</u>
Mercury	0.39
Venus	0.72
Earth	1.00
Mars	1.52
Jupiter	
Saturn	
Uranus	
Neptune	
Pluto	49.31

Planets / Relational Database

Planet		
<u>name</u>	dist	radius
Mercury	0.39	0.38
Venus	0.72	
Earth	1.00	1.00
Mars	1.52	0.53
Jupiter		10.97
Saturn	9.54	
Uranus	19.19	3.98
Neptune		
Pluto	49.31	

Planets / Relational Database

Planet							
<u>name</u>	dist	radius	grav	days	years	temp	ring
Mercury	0.39	0.38	2.8	58.646	0.241	440	false
Venus	0.72	0.95	8.9	-243.019	0.615	730	false
Earth	1.00	1.00	9.8	0.997	1.000	288	false
Mars	1.52	0.53	3.7	1.026	1.880	186	false
Jupiter	5.20	10.97	22.9	0.414	11.862	152	true
Saturn	9.54	9.14	9.1	0.444	29.447	134	true
Uranus	19.19	3.98	7.8	-0.719	84.017	76	true
Neptune	30.07	3.86	11.0	0.671	164.791	53	true
Pluto	49.31	0.19	0.063	6.39	248.000	44	false

Planets / Relational Database



Planet							
<u>name</u>	dist	radius	grav	days	years	temp	ring
Mercury	0.39	0.38	2.8	58.646	0.241	440	false
Venus	0.72	0.95	8.9	-243.019	0.615	730	false
Earth	1.00	1.00	9.8	0.997	1.000	288	false
Mars	1.52	0.53	3.7	1.026	1.880	186	false
Jupiter	5.20	10.97	22.9	0.414	11.862	152	true
Saturn	9.54	9.14	9.1	0.444	29.447	134	true
Uranus	19.19	3.98	7.8	-0.719	84.017	76	true
Neptune	30.07	3.86	11.0	0.671	164.791	53	true
Pluto	49.31	0.19	0.063	6.39	248.000	44	false

Planets / Relational Database



Planet								
<u>name</u>	dist	radius	grav	days	years	temp	ring	moon
Mercury	0.39	0.38	2.8	58.646	0.241	440	false	⊥
Venus	0.72	0.95	8.9	-243.019	0.615	730	false	⊥
Earth	1.00	1.00	9.8	0.997	1.000	288	false	Luna
Mars	1.52	0.53	3.7	1.026	1.880	186	false	Phobos, Deimos
Jupiter	5.20	10.97	22.9	0.414	11.862	152	true	Callisto, Ganymede, ...
Saturn	9.54	9.14	9.1	0.444	29.447	134	true	Titan, Rhea, ...
Uranus	19.19	3.98	7.8	-0.719	84.017	76	true	Oberon, Titania, ...
Neptune	30.07	3.86	11.0	0.671	164.791	53	true	Triton, ...
Pluto	49.31	0.19	0.063	6.39	248.000	44	false	Charon

Planets / Relational Database



Planet							
<u>name</u>	dist	radius	grav	days	years	temp	ring
Mercury	0.39	0.38	2.8	58.646	0.241	440	false
Venus	0.72	0.95	8.9	-243.019	0.615	730	false
Earth	1.00	1.00	9.8	0.997	1.000	288	false
Mars	1.52	0.53	3.7	1.026	1.880	186	false
Jupiter	5.20	10.97	22.9	0.414	11.862	152	true
Saturn	9.54	9.14	9.1	0.444	29.447	134	true
Uranus	19.19	3.98	7.8	-0.719	84.017	76	true
Neptune	30.07	3.86	11.0	0.671	164.791	53	true
Pluto	49.31	0.19	0.063	6.39	248.000	44	false

Moon	
<u>name</u>	planet
Ganimesdes	Jupiter
Calisto	Jupiter
Europa	Jupiter
Io	Jupiter
Titan	Saturn
Triton	Neptune
Luna	Terra
Oberon	Uranus
Charon	Pluto
...	...

Planets / Relational Database



Planet							
<u>name</u>	dist	radius	grav	days	years	temp	ring
Mercury	0.39	0.38	2.8	58.646	0.241	440	false
Venus	0.72	0.95	8.9	-243.019	0.615	730	false
Earth	1.00	1.00	9.8	0.997	1.000	288	false
Mars	1.52	0.53	3.7	1.026	1.880	186	false
Jupiter	5.20	10.97	22.9	0.414	11.862	152	true
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Uranus	19.19	3.98	7.8	-0.719	84.017	76	true
Neptune	30.07	3.86	11.0	0.671	164.791	53	true
Pluto	49.31	0.19	0.063	6.39	248.000	44	false

Moon			
<u>name</u>	planet	discoverer	year
Ganymedes	Jupiter	Galileo Galilei	1610
Calisto	Jupiter	Galileo Galilei	1610
Europa	Jupiter	Galileo Galilei	1610
Io	Jupiter	Galileo Galilei	1610
Titan	Saturn	Christiaan Huygens	1655
Triton	Neptune	William Lassell	1846
Luna	Terra	⊥	⊥
Oberon	Uranus	William Herschel	1787
Charon	Pluto	⊥	1978
...

Planets / Relational Database



Planet							
<u>name</u>	<u>dist</u>	<u>radius</u>	<u>grav</u>	<u>days</u>	<u>years</u>	<u>temp</u>	<u>ring</u>
Mercury	0.39	0.38	2.8	58.646	0.241	440	false
Venus	0.72	0.95	8.9	-243.019	0.615	730	false
Earth	1.00	1.00	9.8	0.997	1.000	288	false
Mars	1.52	0.53	3.7	1.026	1.880	186	false
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Neptune	30.07	3.86	11.0	0.671	164.791	53	true
Pluto	49.31	0.19	0.063	6.39	248.000	44	false

Moon	
<u>name</u>	<u>planet</u>
Ganimesdes	Jupiter
Calisto	Jupiter
Europa	Jupiter
Io	Jupiter
Titan	Saturn
Triton	Neptune
Luna	Terra
Oberon	Uranus
Charon	Pluto
...	...

MoonDiscoverer	
<u>name</u>	<u>discoverer</u>
Ganimesdes	Galileo Galilei
Calisto	Galileo Galilei
Europa	Galileo Galilei
Io	Galileo Galilei
Titan	Christiaan Huygens
Triton	William Lassell
Oberon	William Herschel
...	...

MoonDiscYear	
<u>name</u>	<u>year</u>
Ganimesdes	1610
Calisto	1610
Europa	1610
Io	1610
Titan	1655
Triton	1846
Oberon	1787
Charon	1978
...	...

Planets / Relational Database



Planet							
<u>name</u>	dist	radius	grav	days	years	temp	ring
Mercury	0.39	0.38	2.8	58.646	0.241	440	false
Venus	0.72	0.95	8.9	-243.019	0.615	730	false
Earth	1.00	1.00	9.8	0.997	1.000	288	false
Mars	1.52	0.53	3.7	1.026	1.880	186	false
Jupiter	5.20	10.97	22.9	0.414	11.862	152	true
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Uranus	19.19	3.98	7.8	-0.719	84.017	76	true
Neptune	30.07	3.86	11.0	0.671	164.791	53	true
Pluto	49.31	0.19	0.063	6.39	248.000	44	false

Moon	
<u>name</u>	planet
Ganimesdes	Jupiter
Calisto	Jupiter
Europa	Jupiter
Io	Jupiter
Titan	Saturn
Triton	Neptune
Luna	Terra
Oberon	Uranus
Charon	Pluto
...	...

MoonDiscoverer	
<u>name</u>	discoverer
Ganimesdes	Galileo Galilei
Calisto	Galileo Galilei
Europa	Galileo Galilei
Io	Galileo Galilei
Titan	Christiaan Huygens
Triton	William Lassell
Oberon	William Herschel
...	...

MoonDiscYear	
<u>name</u>	year
Ganimesdes	1610
Calisto	1610
Europa	1610
Io	1610
Titan	1655
Triton	1846
Oberon	1787
Charon	1978
...	...

Planets / Relational Database

Planet							
<u>name</u>	dist	radius	grav	days	years	temp	ring
Mercury	0.39	0.38	2.8	58.646	0.241	440	false
Venus	0.72	0.95	8.9	-243.019	0.615	730	false
Earth	1.00	1.00	9.8	0.997	1.000	288	false
Mars	1.52	0.53	3.7	1.026	1.880	186	false
Jupiter	5.20	10.97	22.9	0.414	11.862	152	true
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Neptune	30.07	3.86	11.0	0.671	164.791	53	true
Pluto	49.31	0.19	0.063	6.39	248.000	44	false

Moon	
<u>name</u>	P.name
Ganimesdes	Jupiter
Calisto	Jupiter
Europa	Jupiter
Io	Jupiter
Titan	Saturn
Triton	Neptune
Luna	Earth
Oberon	Uranus
Charon	Pluto
...	...

MoonDiscoverer	
<u>name</u>	discoverer
Ganimesdes	Galileo Galilei
Calisto	Galileo Galilei
Europa	Galileo Galilei
Io	Galileo Galilei
Titan	Christiaan Huygens
Triton	William Lassell
Oberon	William Herschel
...	...

MoonDiscYear	
<u>name</u>	year
Ganimesdes	1610
Calisto	1610
Europa	1610
Io	1610
Titan	1655
Triton	1846
Oberon	1787
Charon	1978
...	...

Planets / Relational Database



Planet							
<u>name</u>	dist	radius	grav	days	years	temp	ring
Mercury	0.39	0.38	2.8	58.646	0.241	440	false
Venus	0.72	0.95	8.9	-243.019	0.615	730	false
Earth	1.00	1.00	9.8	0.997	1.000	288	false
Mars	1.52	0.53	3.7	1.026	1.880	186	false
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Uranus	19.19	3.98	7.8	-0.719	84.017	76	true
Neptune	30.07	3.86	11.0	0.671	164.791	53	true
Pluto	49.31	0.19	0.063	6.39	248.000	44	false

Moon	
<u>name</u>	P.name
Ganimesdes	Jupiter
Calisto	Jupiter
Europa	Jupiter
Io	Jupiter
Titan	Saturn
Triton	Neptune
Luna	Earth
Oberon	Uranus
Charon	Pluto
...	...

MoonDiscoverer	
<u>name</u>	discoverer
Ganimesdes	Galileo Galilei
Calisto	Galileo Galilei
Europa	Galileo Galilei
Io	Galileo Galilei
Titan	Christiaan Huygens
Triton	William Lassell
Oberon	William Herschel
...	...

MoonDiscYear	
<u>name</u>	year
Ganimesdes	1610
Calisto	1610
Europa	1610
Io	1610
Titan	1655
Triton	1846
Oberon	1787
Charon	1978
...	...

Planets / Relational Database



Planet							
<u>name</u>	dist	radius	grav	days	years	temp	ring
Mercury	0.39	0.38	2.8	58.646	0.241	440	false
Venus	0.72	0.95	8.9	-243.019	0.615	730	false
Earth	1.00	1.00	9.8	0.997	1.000	288	false
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Jupiter	5.20	10.97	22.9	0.414	11.862	152	true
Saturn	9.54	9.14	9.1	0.444	29.447	134	true
Uranus	19.19	3.98	7.8	-0.719	84.017	76	true
Neptune	30.07	3.86	11.0	0.671	164.791	53	true

DwarfPlanet							
<u>name</u>	dist	radius	grav	days	years	temp	ring
Pluto	49.31	0.19	0.063	6.39	248.000	44	false

Moon	
<u>name</u>	P.name
Ganimesdes	Jupiter
Calisto	Jupiter
Europa	Jupiter
Io	Jupiter
Titan	Saturn
Triton	Neptune
Luna	Earth
Oberon	Uranus
Charon	Pluto
...	...

MoonDiscoverer	
<u>name</u>	discoverer
Ganimesdes	Galileo Galilei
Calisto	Galileo Galilei
Europa	Galileo Galilei
Io	Galileo Galilei
Titan	Christiaan Huygens
Triton	William Lassell
Oberon	William Herschel
...	...

MoonDiscYear	
<u>name</u>	year
Ganimesdes	1610
Calisto	1610
Europa	1610
Io	1610
Titan	1655
Triton	1846
Oberon	1787
Charon	1978
...	...

Planets / Relational Database



Planet							
<u>name</u>	dist	radius	grav	days	years	temp	ring
Mercury	0.39	0.38	2.8	58.646	0.241	440	false
Venus	0.72	0.95	8.9	-243.019	0.615	730	false
Earth	1.00	1.00	9.8	0.997	1.000	288	false
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Jupiter	5.20	10.97	22.9	0.414	11.862	152	true
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Uranus	19.19	3.98	7.8	-0.719	84.017	76	true
Neptune	30.07	3.86	11.0	0.671	164.791	53	true

DwarfPlanet							
<u>name</u>	dist	radius	grav	days	years	temp	ring
Pluto	49.31	0.19	0.063	6.39	248.000	44	false

Moon	
<u>name</u>	P.name
Ganimesdes	Jupiter
Calisto	Jupiter
Europa	Jupiter
Io	Jupiter
Titan	Saturn
Triton	Neptune
Luna	Earth
Oberon	Uranus
Charon	Pluto
...	...

MoonDiscoverer	
<u>name</u>	discoverer
Ganimesdes	Galileo Galilei
Calisto	Galileo Galilei
Europa	Galileo Galilei
Io	Galileo Galilei
Titan	Christiaan Huygens
Triton	William Lassell
Oberon	William Herschel
...	...

MoonDiscYear	
<u>name</u>	year
Ganimesdes	1610
Calisto	1610
Europa	1610
Io	1610
Titan	1655
Triton	1846
Oberon	1787
Charon	1978
...	...

Planets / Relational Database



Planet							
<u>name</u>	dist	radius	grav	days	years	temp	ring
Mercury	0.39	0.38	2.8	58.646	0.241	440	false
Venus	0.72	0.95	8.9	-243.019	0.615	730	false
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Neptune	30.07	3.86	11.0	0.671	164.791	53	true

DwarfPlanet							
<u>name</u>	dist	radius	grav	days	years	temp	ring
Pluto	49.31	0.19	0.063	6.39	248.000	44	false

Moon	
<u>name</u>	parent
Ganimesdes	Jupiter
Calisto	Jupiter
Europa	Jupiter
Io	Jupiter
Titan	Saturn
Triton	Neptune
Luna	Earth
Oberon	Uranus
Charon	Pluto
...	...

MoonDiscoverer	
<u>name</u>	discoverer
Ganimesdes	Galileo Galilei
Calisto	Galileo Galilei
Europa	Galileo Galilei
Io	Galileo Galilei
Titan	Christiaan Huygens
Triton	William Lassell
Oberon	William Herschel
...	...

MoonDiscYear	
<u>name</u>	year
Ganimesdes	1610
Calisto	1610
Europa	1610
Io	1610
Titan	1655
Triton	1846
Oberon	1787
Charon	1978
...	...

Planets / Relational Database



Planet

<u>name</u>	dist	radius	grav	days	years	temp	ring
Mercury	0.39	0.38	2.8	58.646	0.241	440	false
Venus	0.72	0.95	8.9	-243.019	0.615	730	false
Earth	1.00	1.00	9.8	0.997	1.000	288	false
Mars	1.52	0.53	3.7	1.026	1.880	186	false
Jupiter	5.20	10.97	22.9	0.414	11.862	152	true
Saturn	9.54	9.14	9.1	0.444	29.447	134	true
Uranus	19.19	3.98	7.8	-0.719	84.017	76	true
Neptune	30.07	3.86	11.0	0.671	164.791	53	true

DwarfPlanet

<u>name</u>	dist	radius	grav	days	years	temp	ring
Pluto	49.31	0.19	0.063	6.39	248.000	44	false

Moon

<u>name</u>	parent
Ganimesdes	Jupiter
Calisto	Jupiter
Europa	Jupiter
Io	Jupiter
Titan	Saturn
Triton	Neptune
Luna	Earth
Oberon	Uranus
Charon	Pluto
...	...

MoonDiscoverer

<u>name</u>	discoverer
Ganimesdes	Galileo Galilei
Calisto	Galileo Galilei
Europa	Galileo Galilei
Io	Galileo Galilei
Titan	Christiaan Huygens
Triton	William Lassell
Oberon	William Herschel
...	...

MoonDiscYear

<u>name</u>	year
Ganimesdes	1610
Calisto	1610
Europa	1610
Io	1610
Titan	1655
Triton	1846
Oberon	1787
Charon	1978
...	...

Planets / Relational Database



Planet							
<u>name</u>	dist	radius	grav	days	years	temp	ring
Mercury	0.39	0.38	2.8	58.646	0.241	440	false
Venus	0.72	0.95	8.9	-243.019	0.615	730	false
Earth	1.00	1.00	9.8	0.997	1.000	288	false
Mars	1.52	0.53	3.7	1.026	1.880	186	false
Jupiter	5.20	10.97	22.9	0.414	11.862	152	true
Saturn	9.54	9.14	9.1	0.444	29.447	134	true
Uranus	19.19	3.98	7.8	-0.719	84.017	76	true
Neptune	30.07	3.86	11.0	0.671	164.791	53	true

DwarfPlanet							
<u>name</u>	dist	radius	grav	days	years	temp	ring
Pluto	49.31	0.19	0.005	0.39	248.000	44	false

Moon	
<u>name</u>	parent
Ganimesdes	Jupiter
Calisto	Jupiter
Europa	Jupiter
Io	Jupiter
Titan	Saturn
Triton	Neptune
Luna	Earth
Oberon	Uranus
Charon	Pluto
...	...

MoonDiscoverer	
<u>name</u>	discoverer
Ganimesdes	Galileo Galilei
Calisto	Galileo Galilei
Europa	Galileo Galilei
Io	Galileo Galilei
Titan	Christiaan Huygens
Triton	William Lassell
Oberon	William Herschel
...	...

MoonDiscYear	
<u>name</u>	year
Ganimesdes	1610
Calisto	1610
Europa	1610
Io	1610
Titan	1655
Triton	1846
Oberon	1787
Charon	1978
...	...

Planets / Graph Database



Planets / Graph Database



Planets / Graph Database



A graph database visualization showing a single node labeled "Earth". The node is represented by a rounded rectangle with a light gray fill and a dark gray border. The text "Earth" is centered within the node. The node is positioned on the right side of the image. The background is white with a faint grid pattern.

Earth

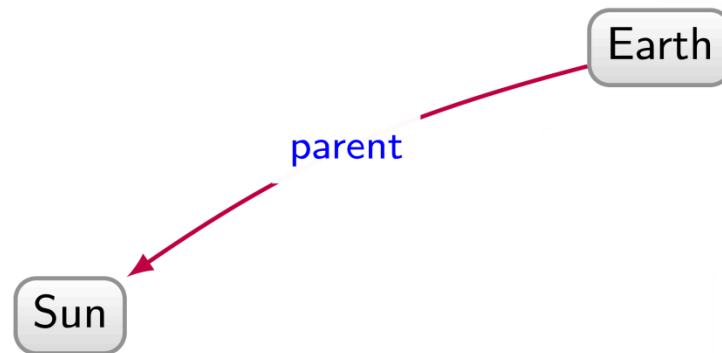
Planets / Graph Database



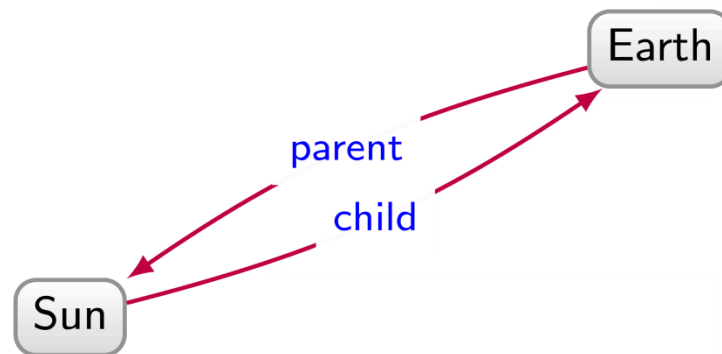
Planets / Graph Database



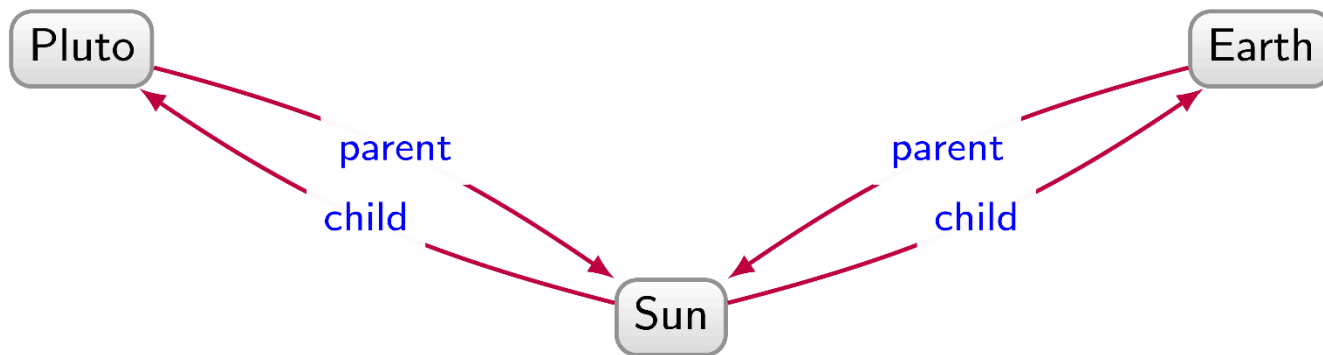
Planets / Graph Database



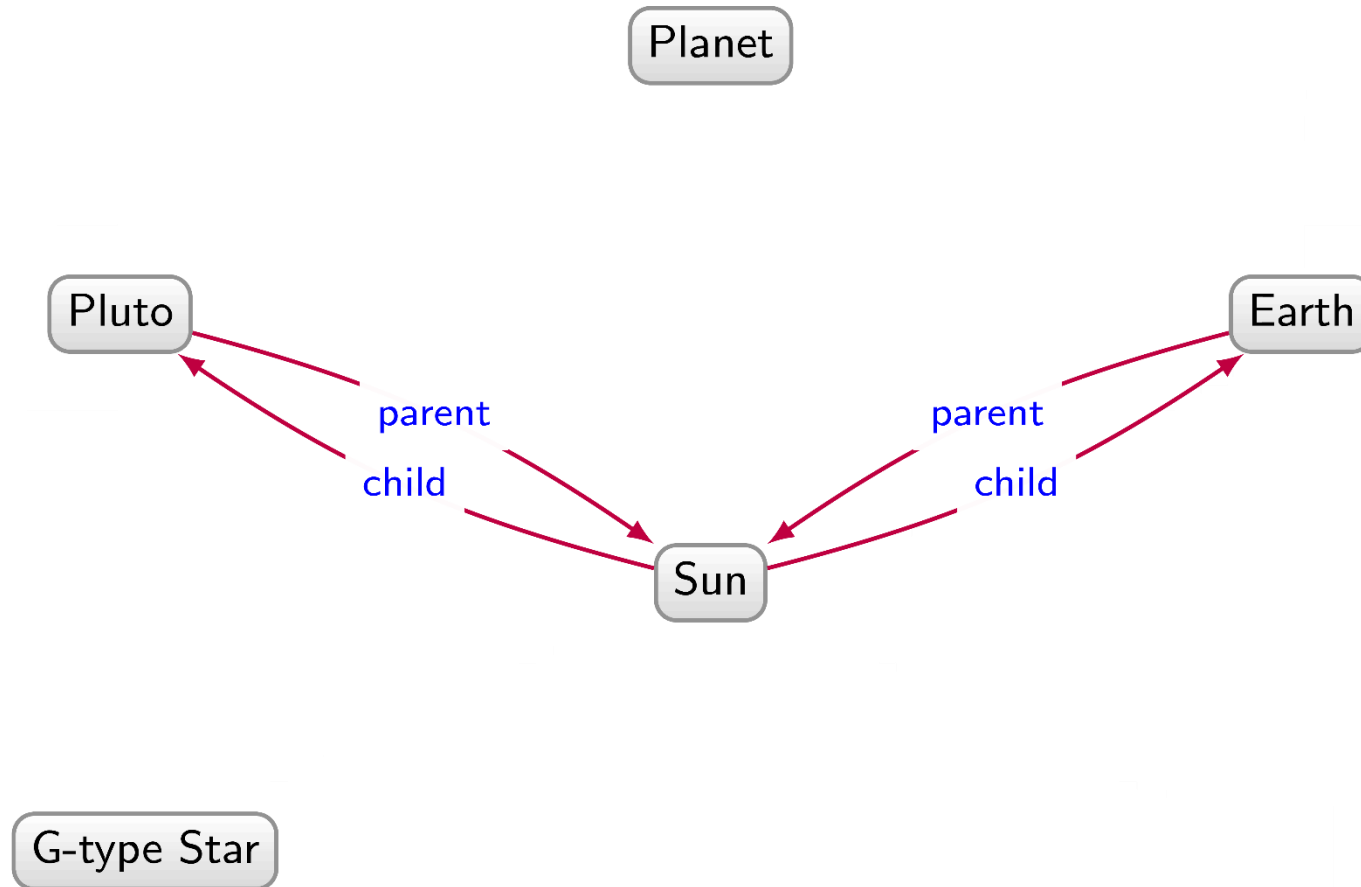
Planets / Graph Database



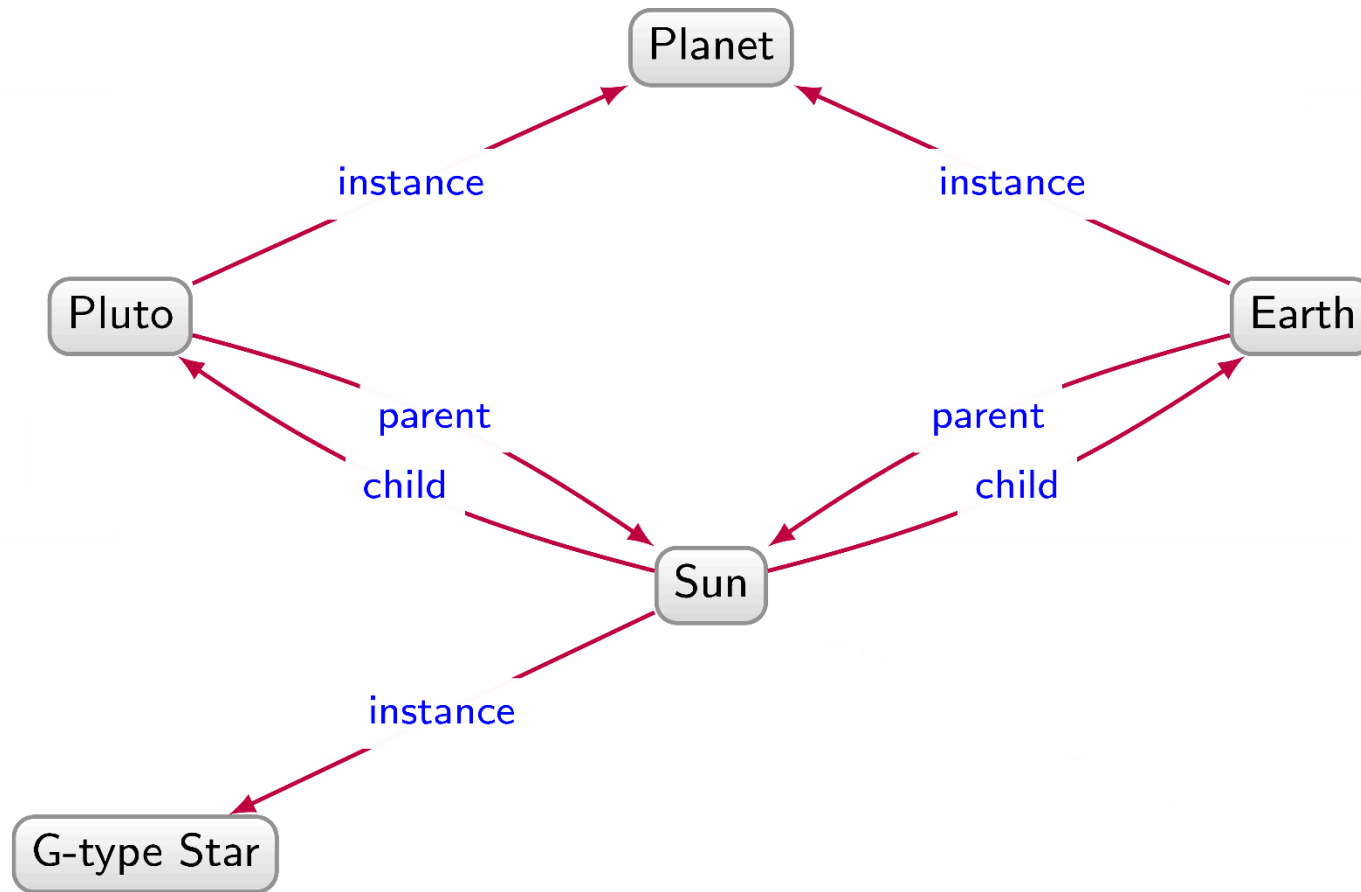
Planets / Graph Database



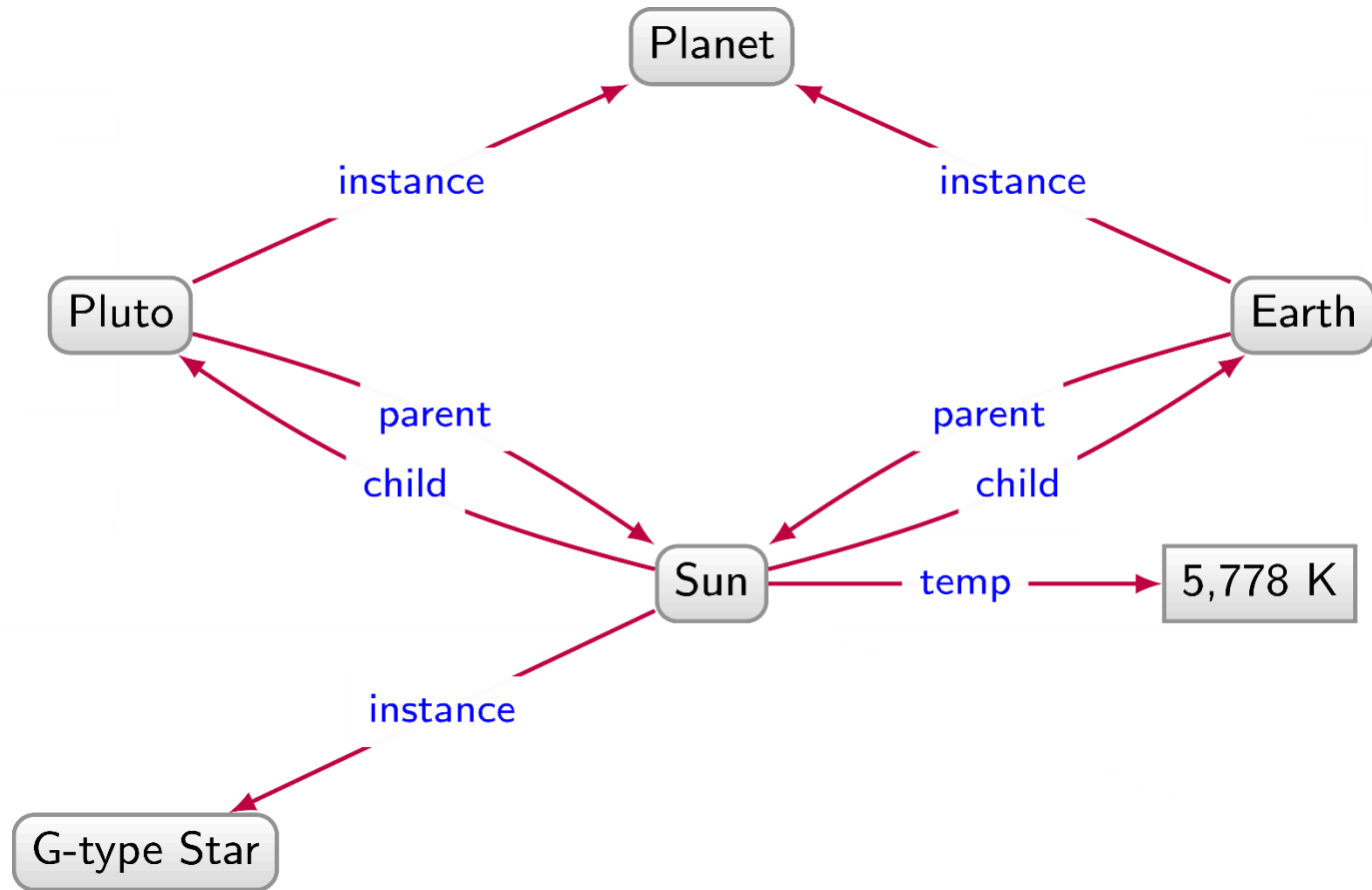
Planets / Graph Database



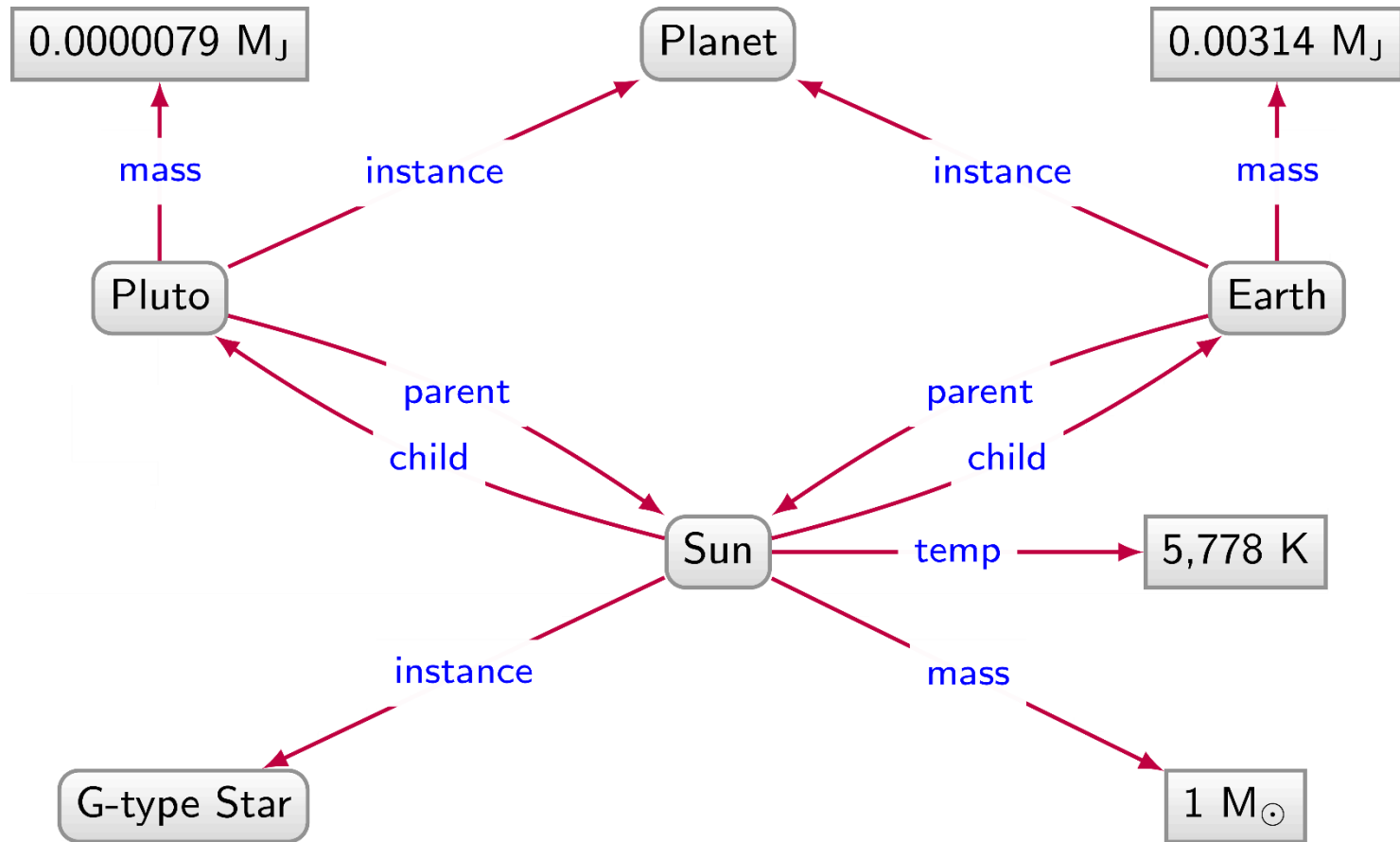
Planets / Graph Database



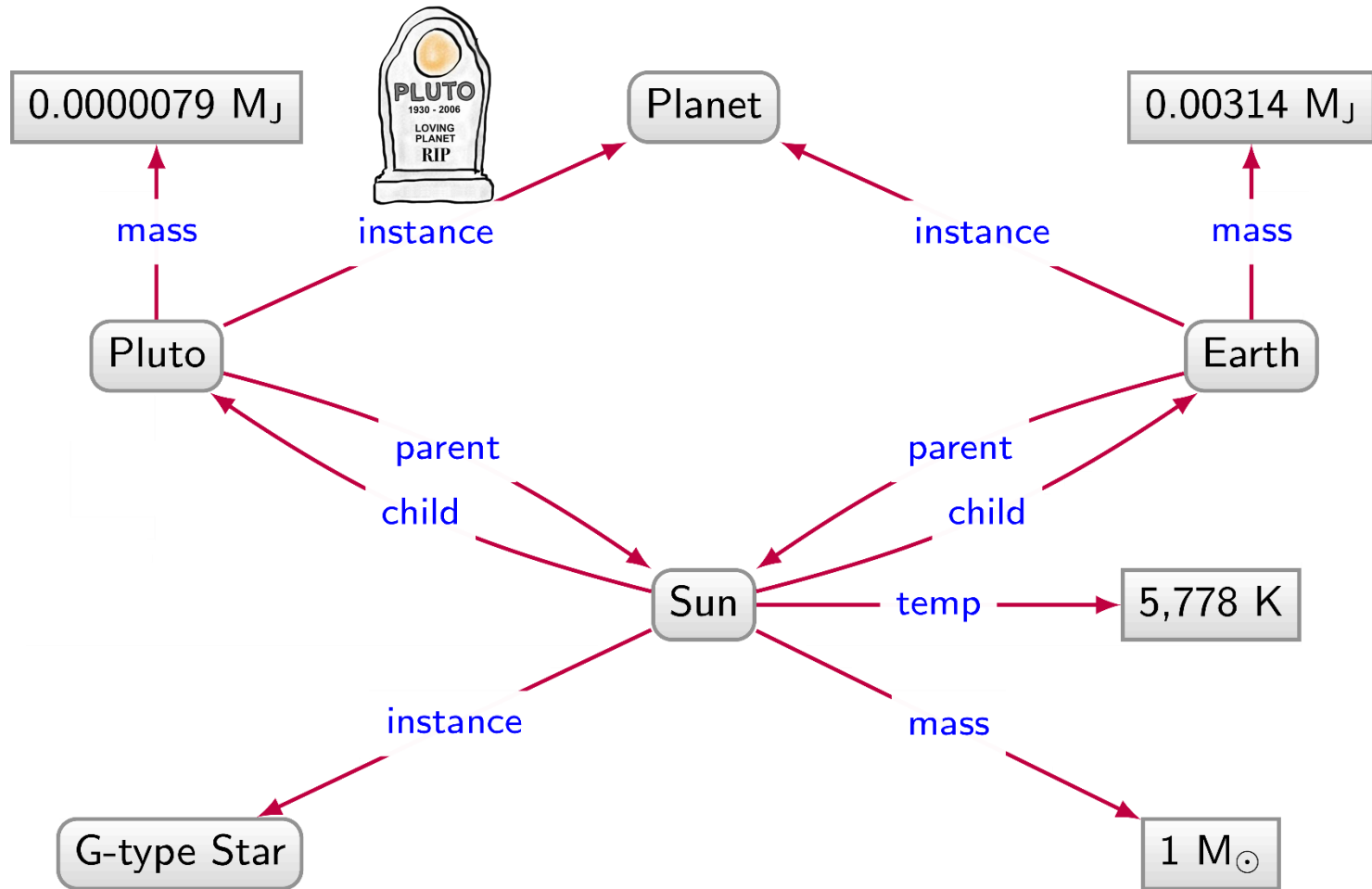
Planets / Graph Database



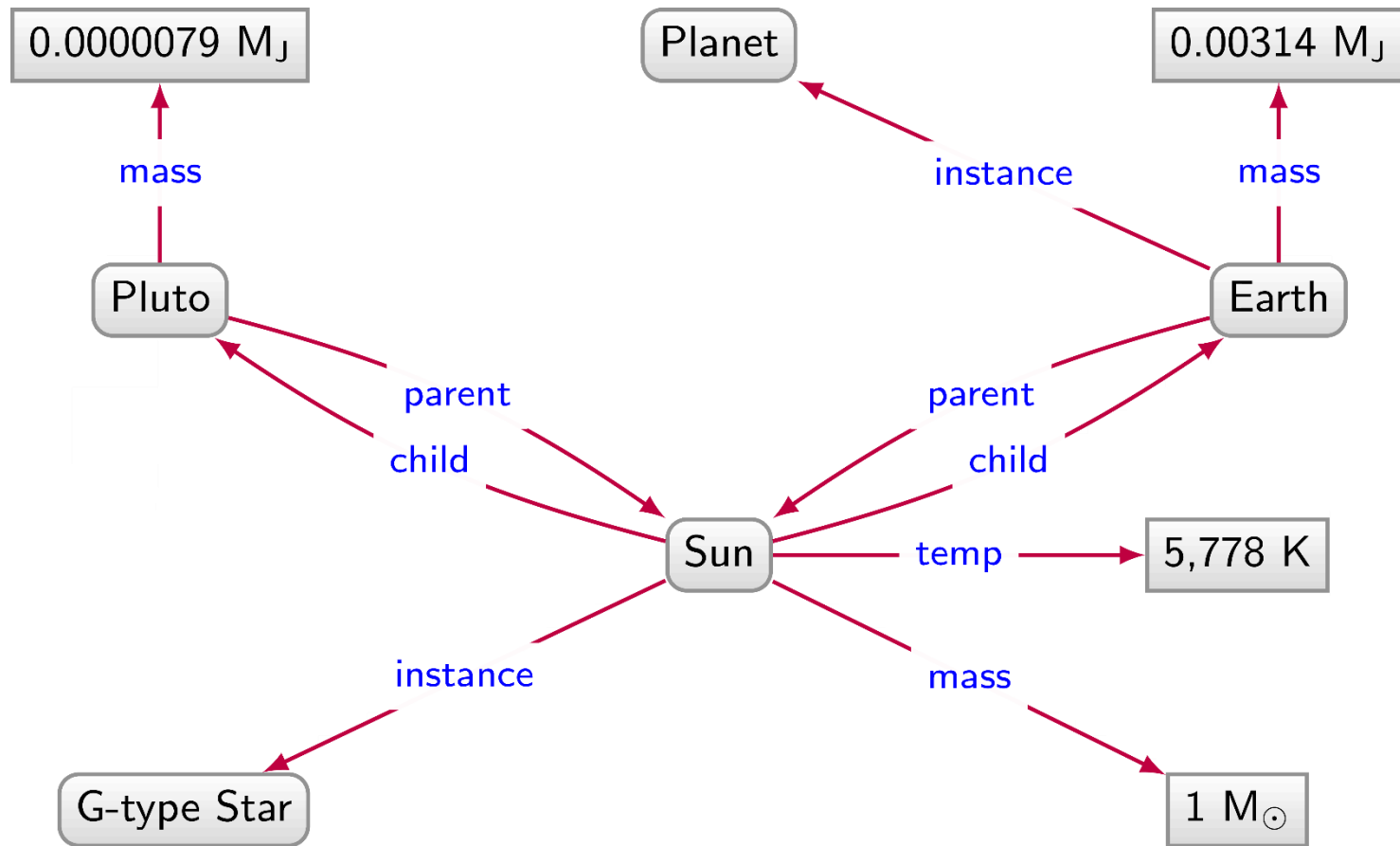
Planets / Graph Database



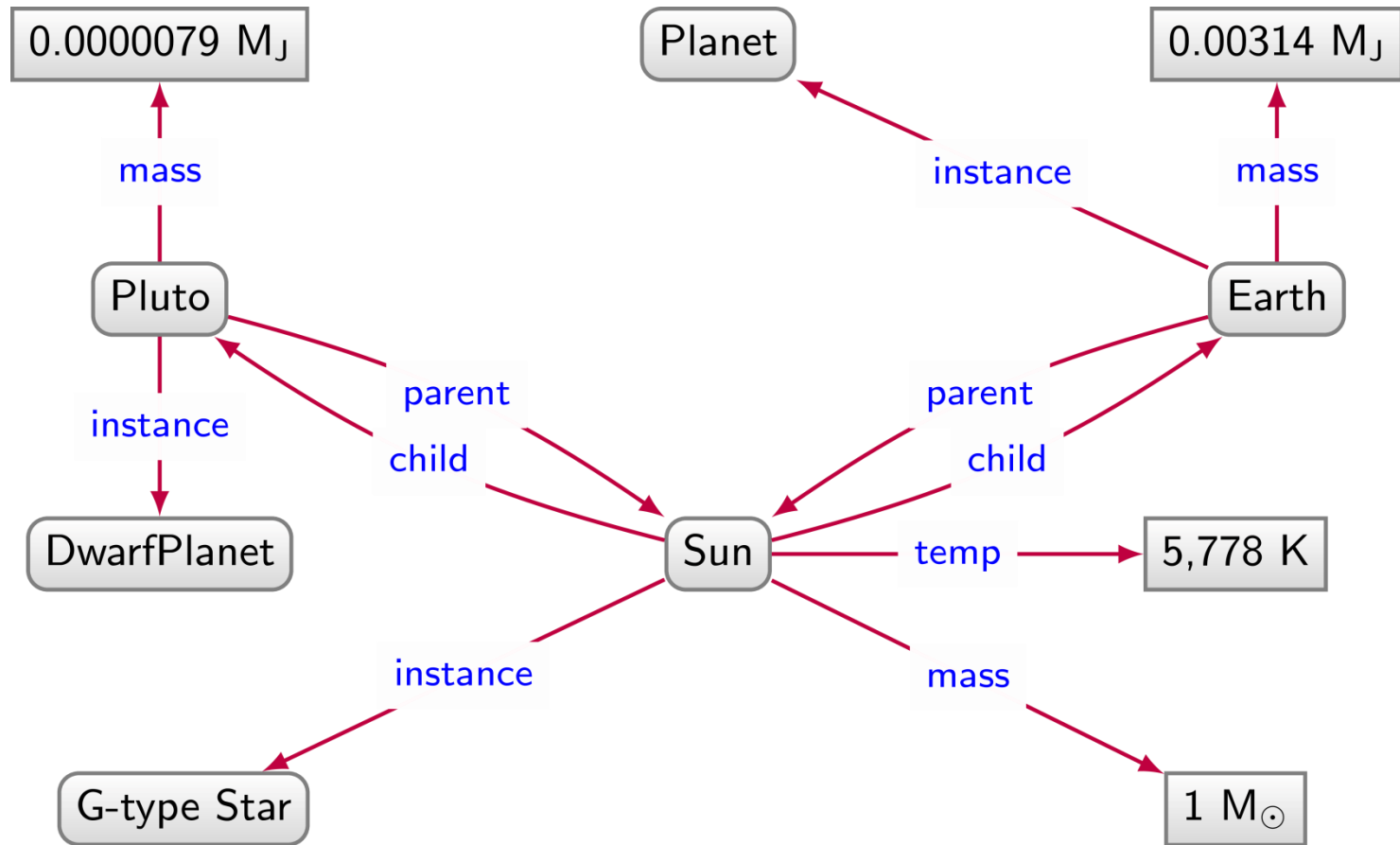
Planets / Graph Database



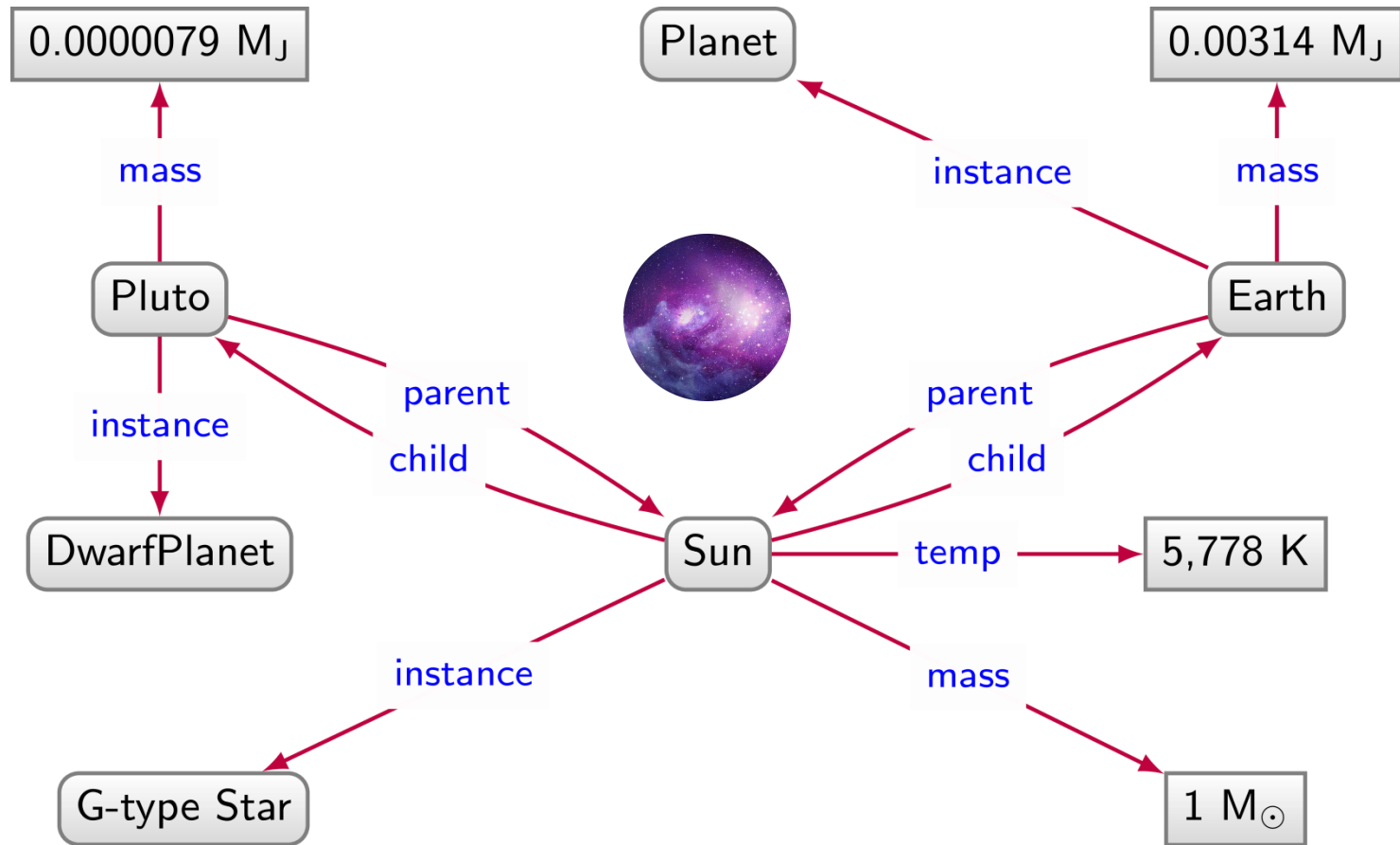
Planets / Graph Database



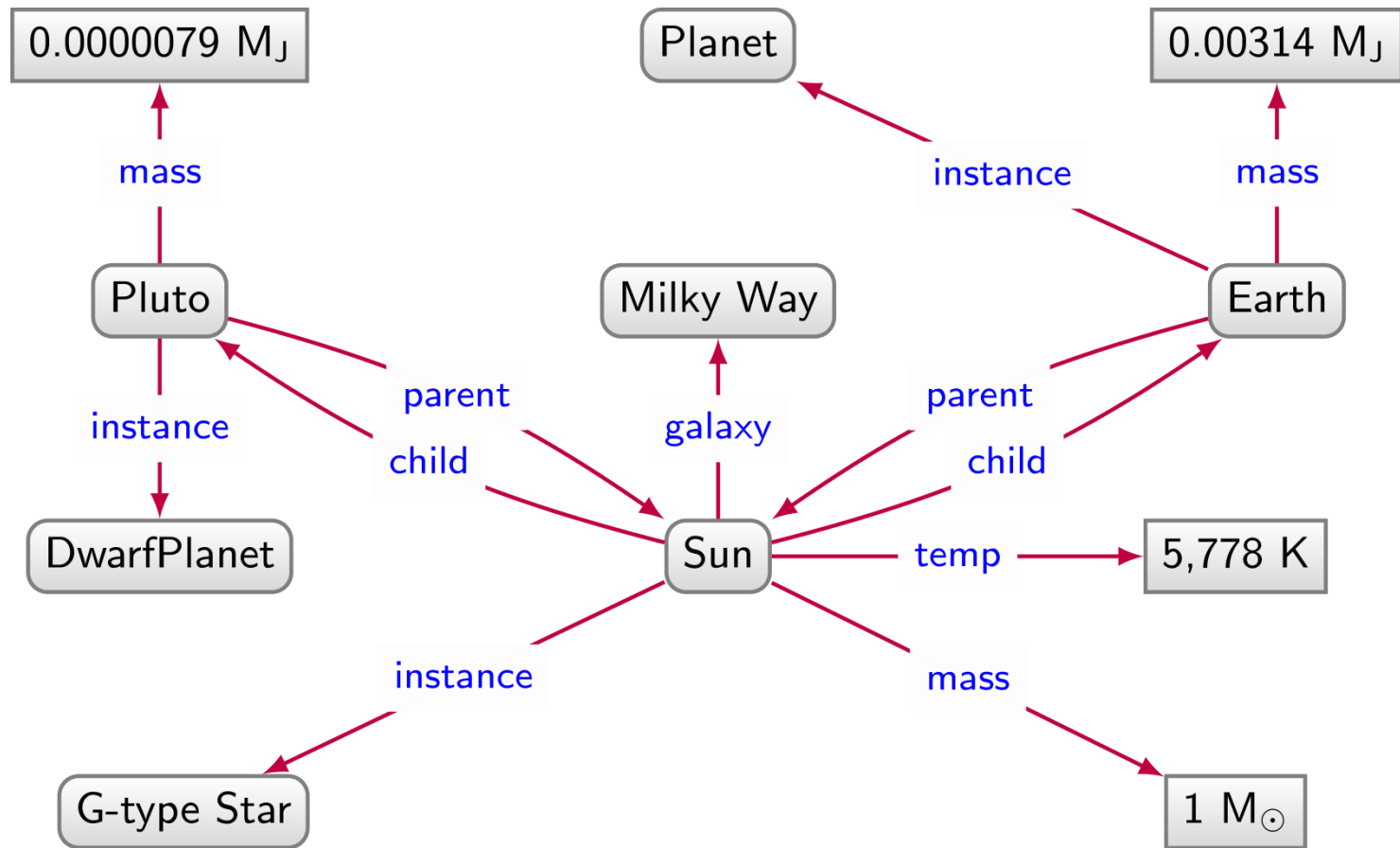
Planets / Graph Database



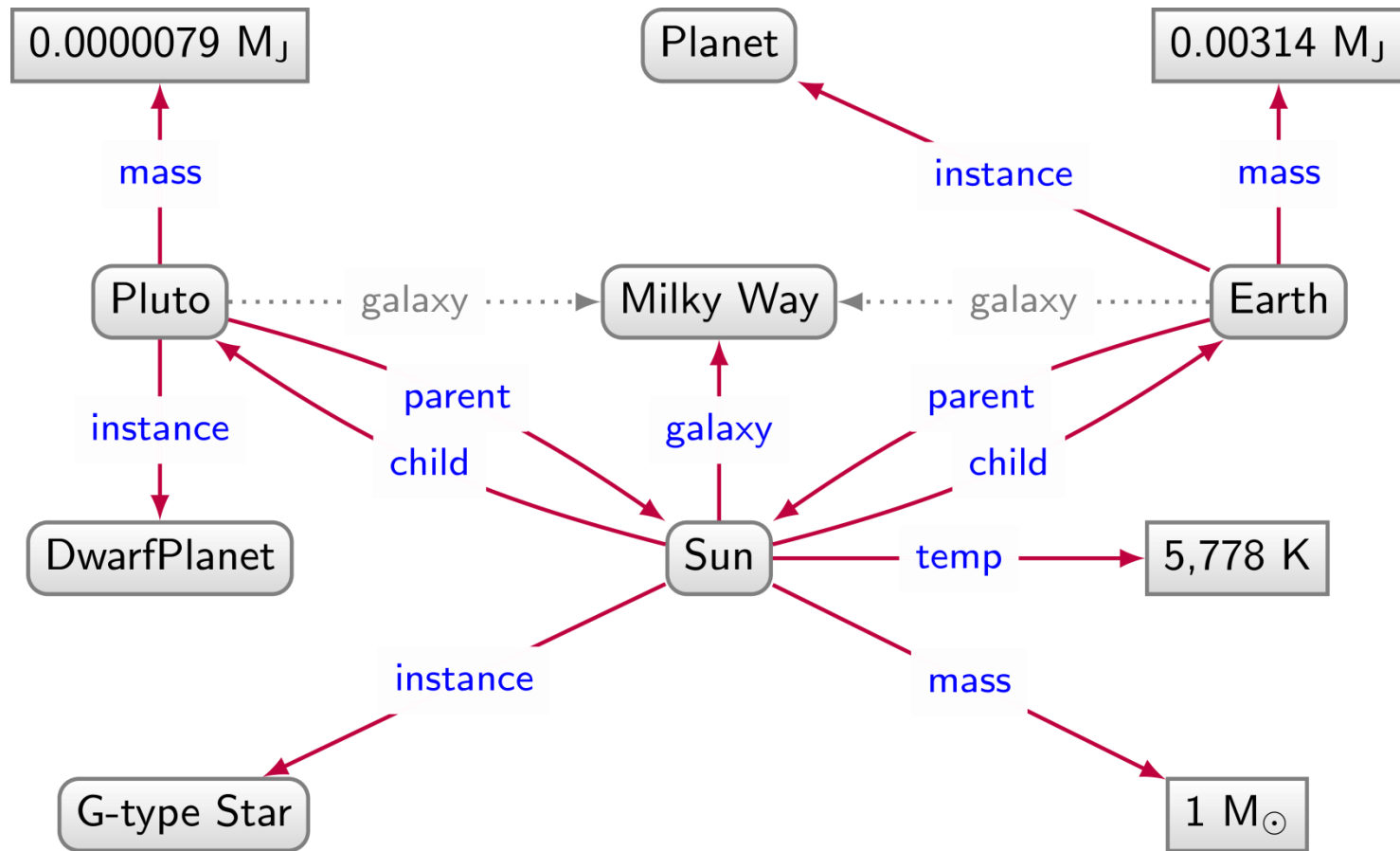
Planets / Graph Database



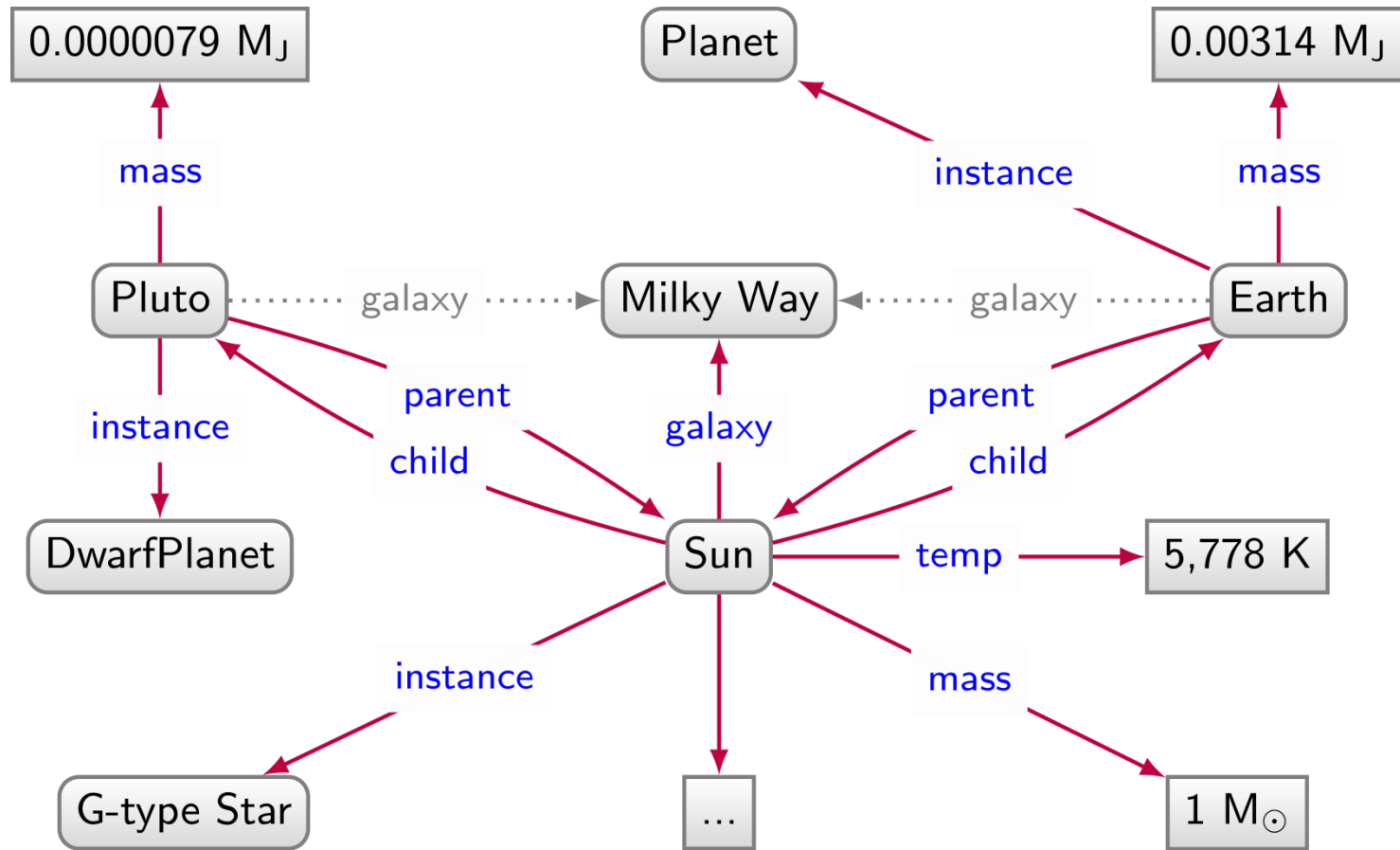
Planets / Graph Database



Planets / Graph Database



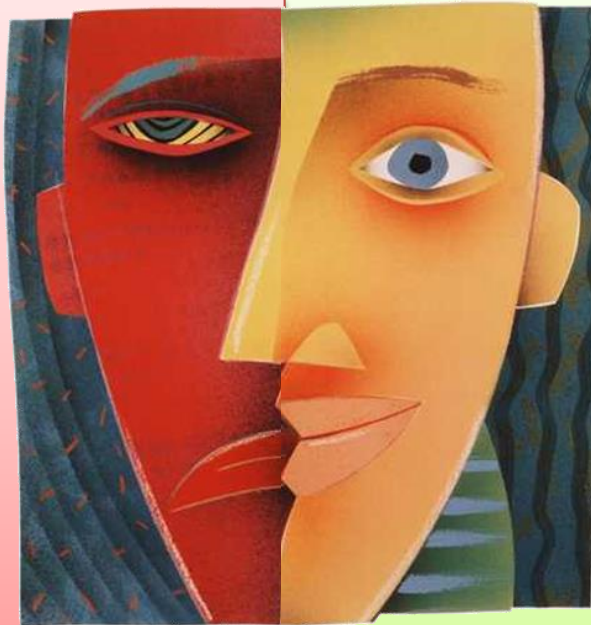
Planets / Graph Database



Relational databases: Pros and Cons

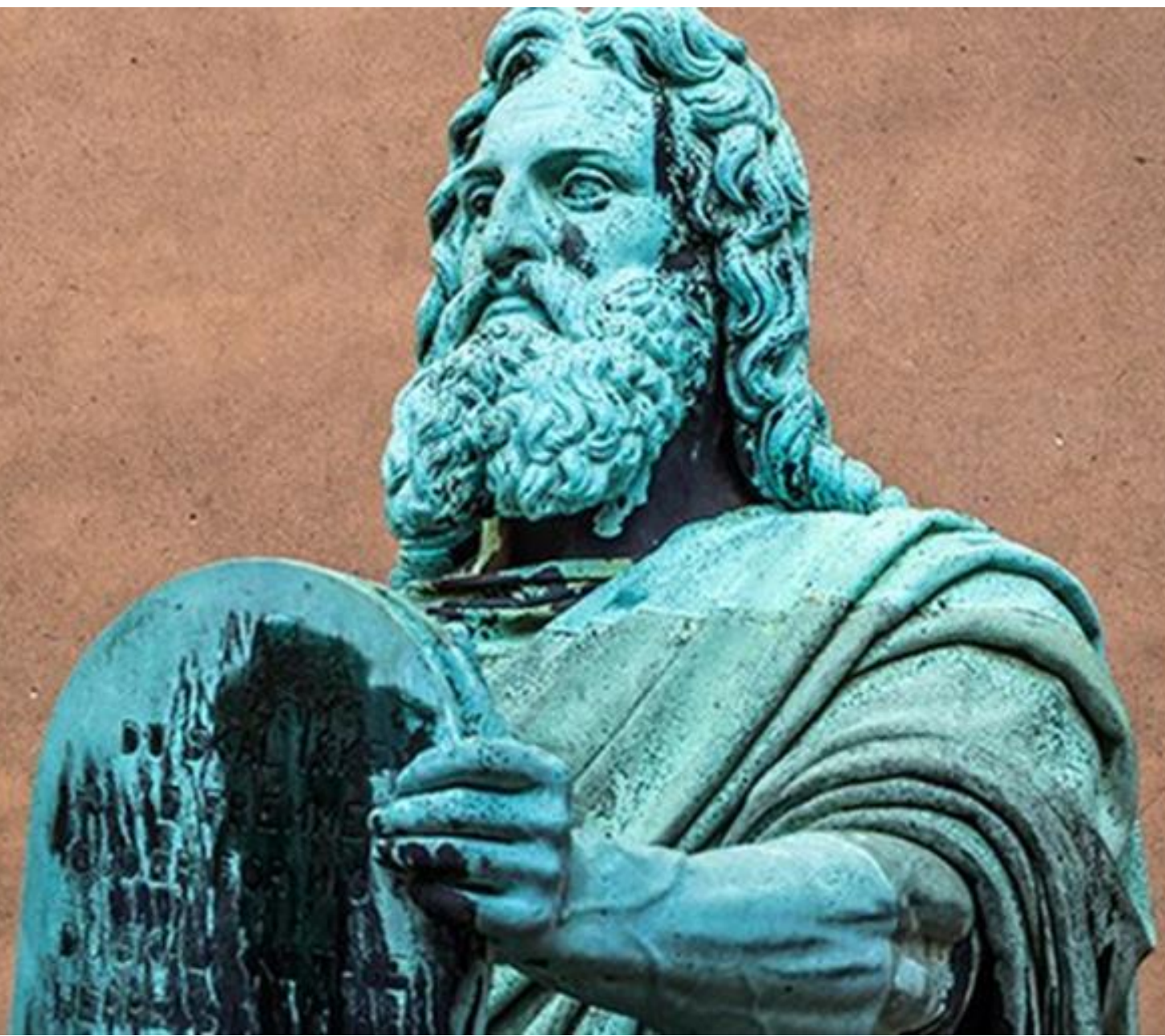
Planet								
<u>name</u>	dist	radius	grav	days	years	temp	ring	
Mercury	0.39	0.38	2.8	58.646	0.241	440	false	
Venus	0.72	0.95	8.9	-243.019	0.615	730	false	

We have to impose a structure (schema) from the start

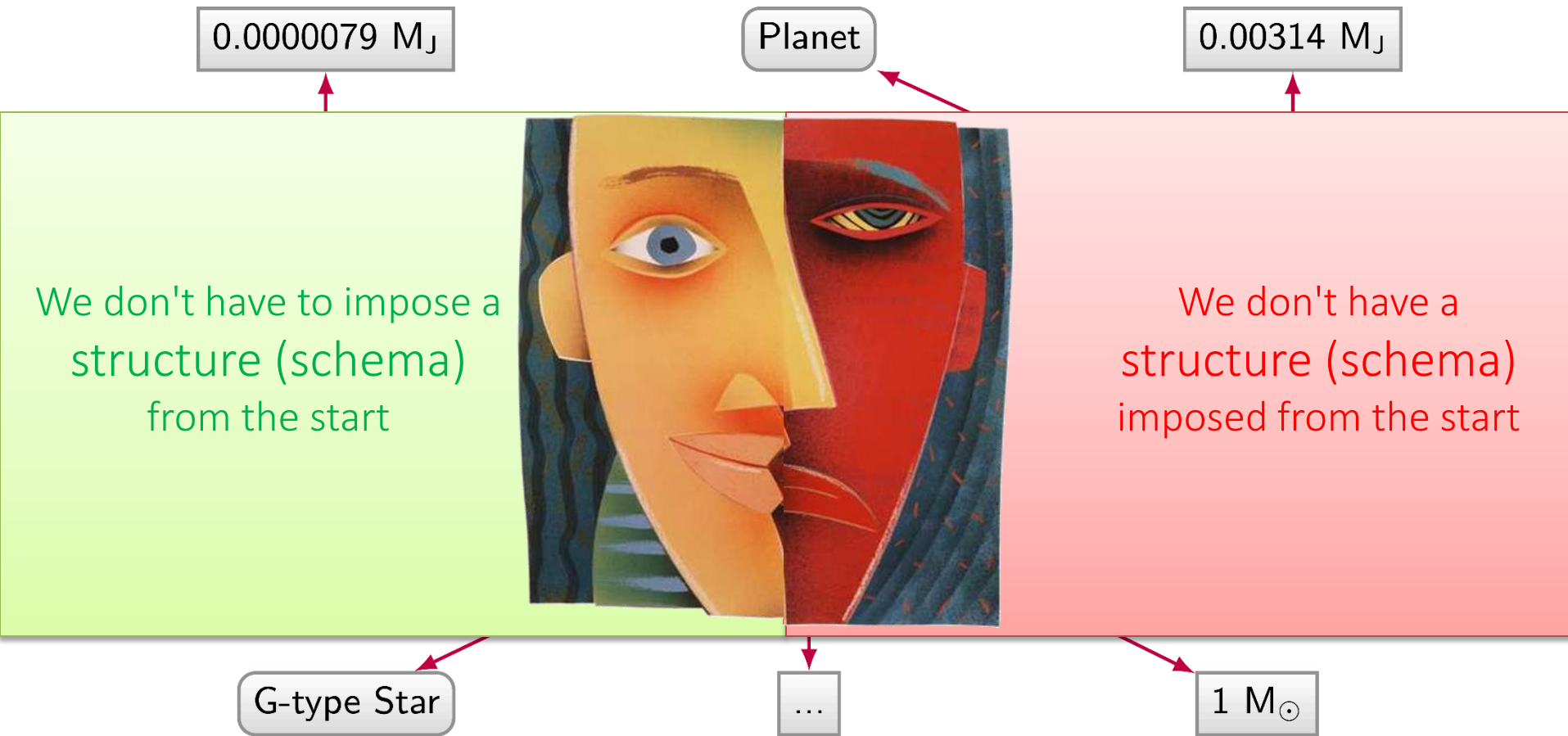


We have a structure (schema) imposed from the start

Europa	Jupiter	Europa	Galileo Galilei	Europa	1610
Io	Jupiter	Io	Galileo Galilei	Io	1610
Titan	Saturn	Titan	Christiaan Huygens	Titan	1655
Triton	Neptune	Triton	William Lassell	Triton	1846
Luna	Earth	Oberon	William Herschel	Oberon	1787
Oberon	Uranus	Charon	1978
Charon	Pluto		
...	...				



Graph Databases: Pros and Cons

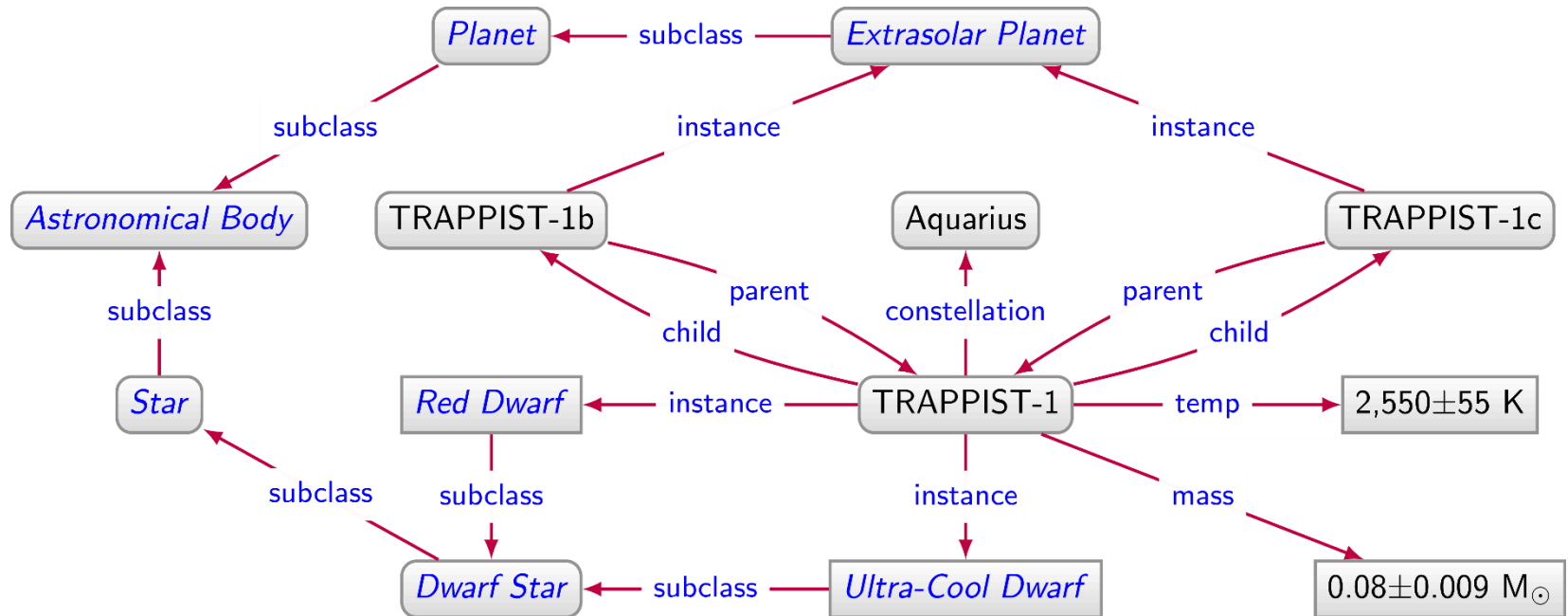




WHY DO WE NEED GRAPH DATABASES?

PATH QUERIES

Directed Edge-labelled Graph

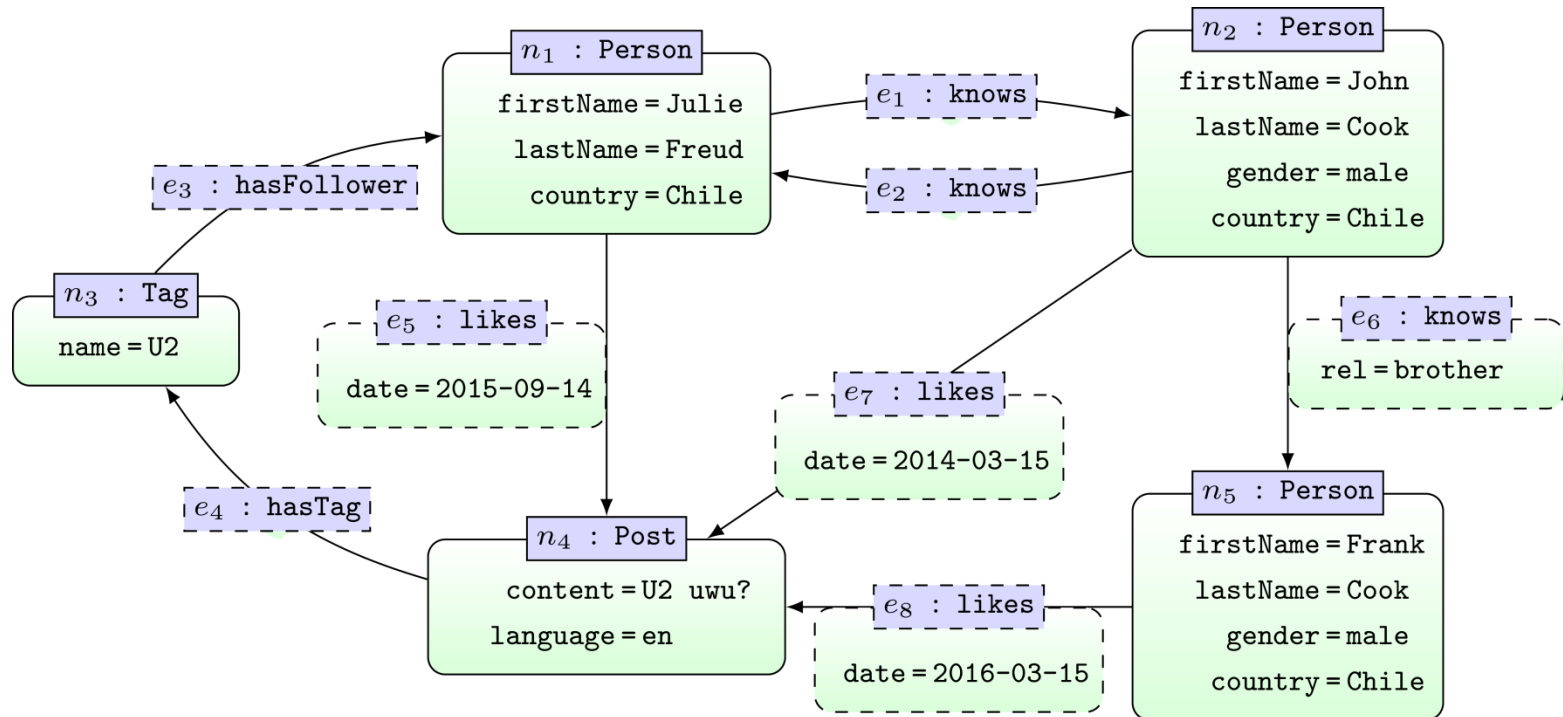


```

SELECT ?const (COUNT(DISTINCT ?body) AS ?num)
WHERE {
  ?body :instance/:subclass* :AstronomicalBody .
  ?body :parent?/:constellation ?const .
}
GROUP BY ?const
ORDER BY DESC(?num)
  
```

?const	?num
:Aquarius	3

Property Graph



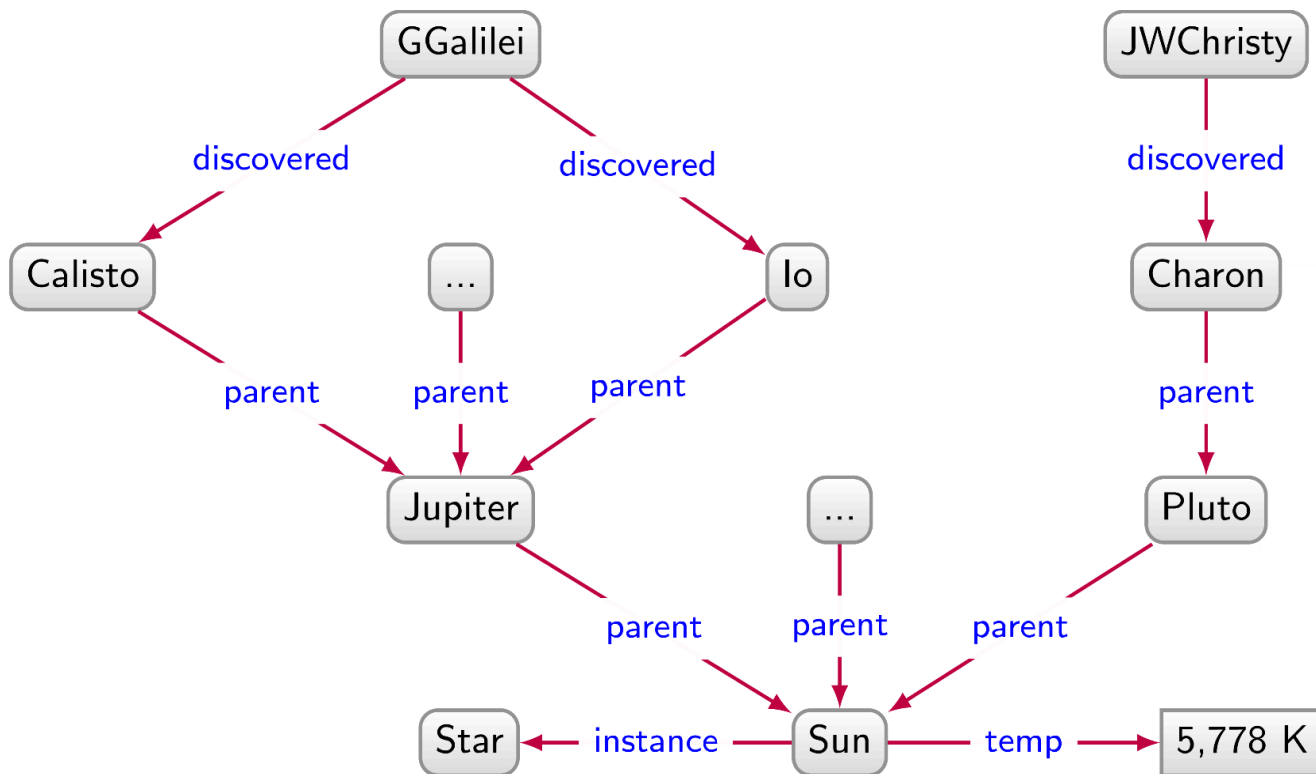
```
MATCH (x1:Person {firstName:"Julie"})-[:knows*]->(x2:Person)
MATCH (x2)-[:likes]->()-[:hasTag]->()-[:hasFollower]->(x1)
RETURN x2.firstName
```

???

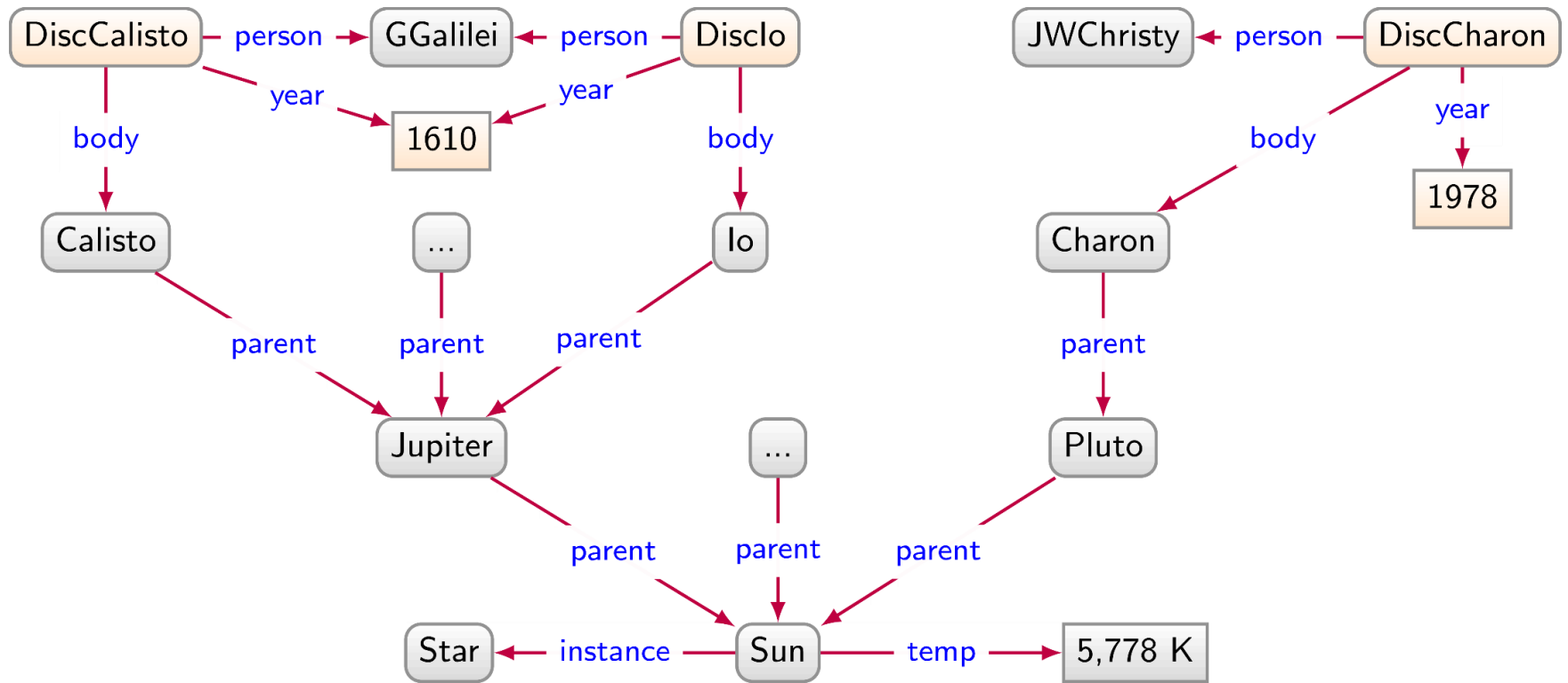
WHY DO WE NEED PROPERTY GRAPHS?

Directed Labelled Graph

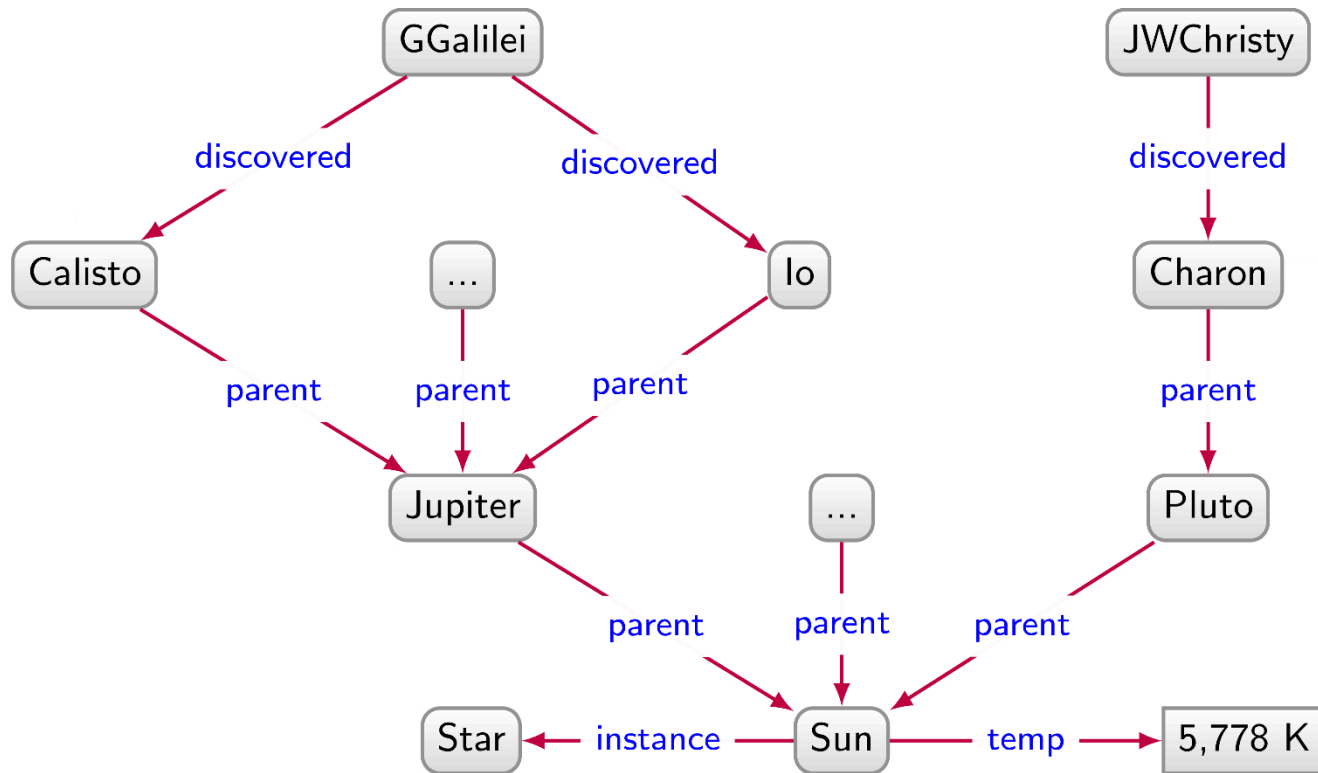
How can we say that Galileo Galilei discovered Calisto and Io in 1610 while James W. Christy discovered Charon in 1978?



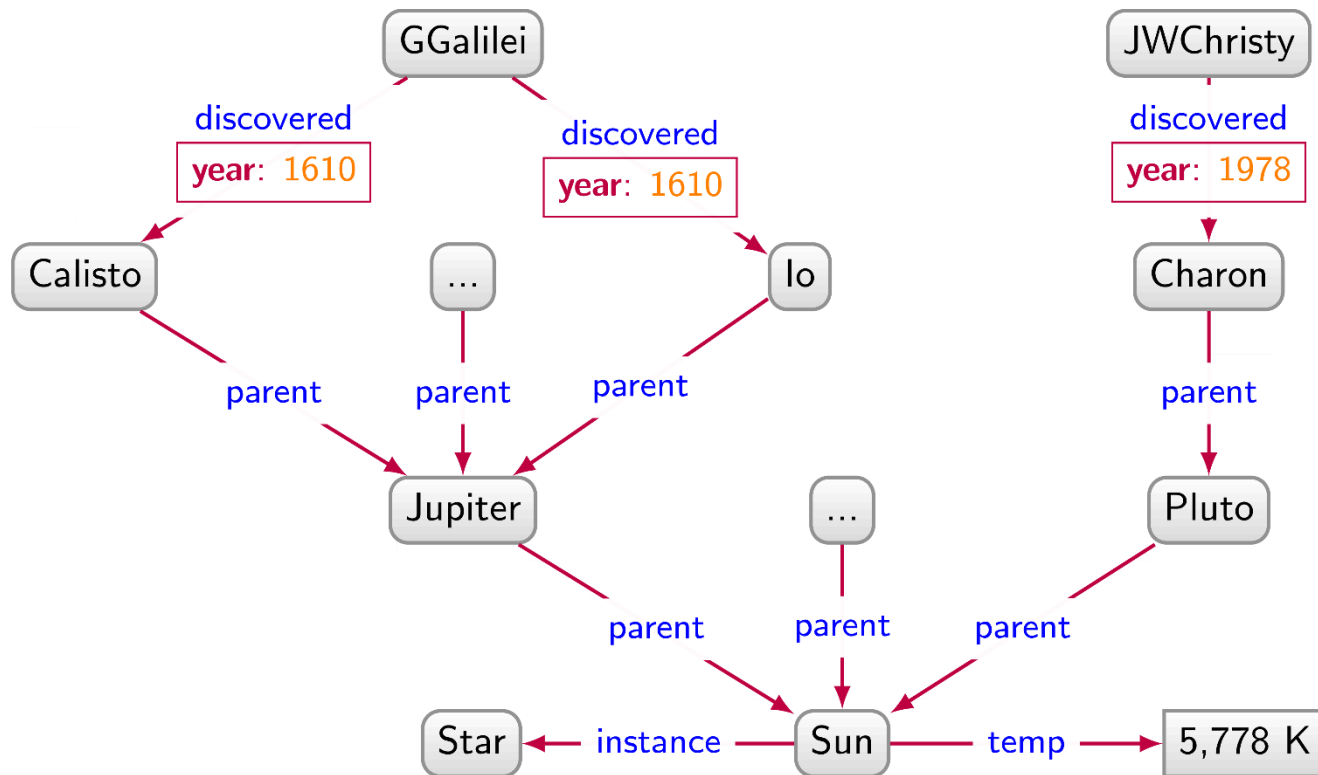
Directed Labelled Graph



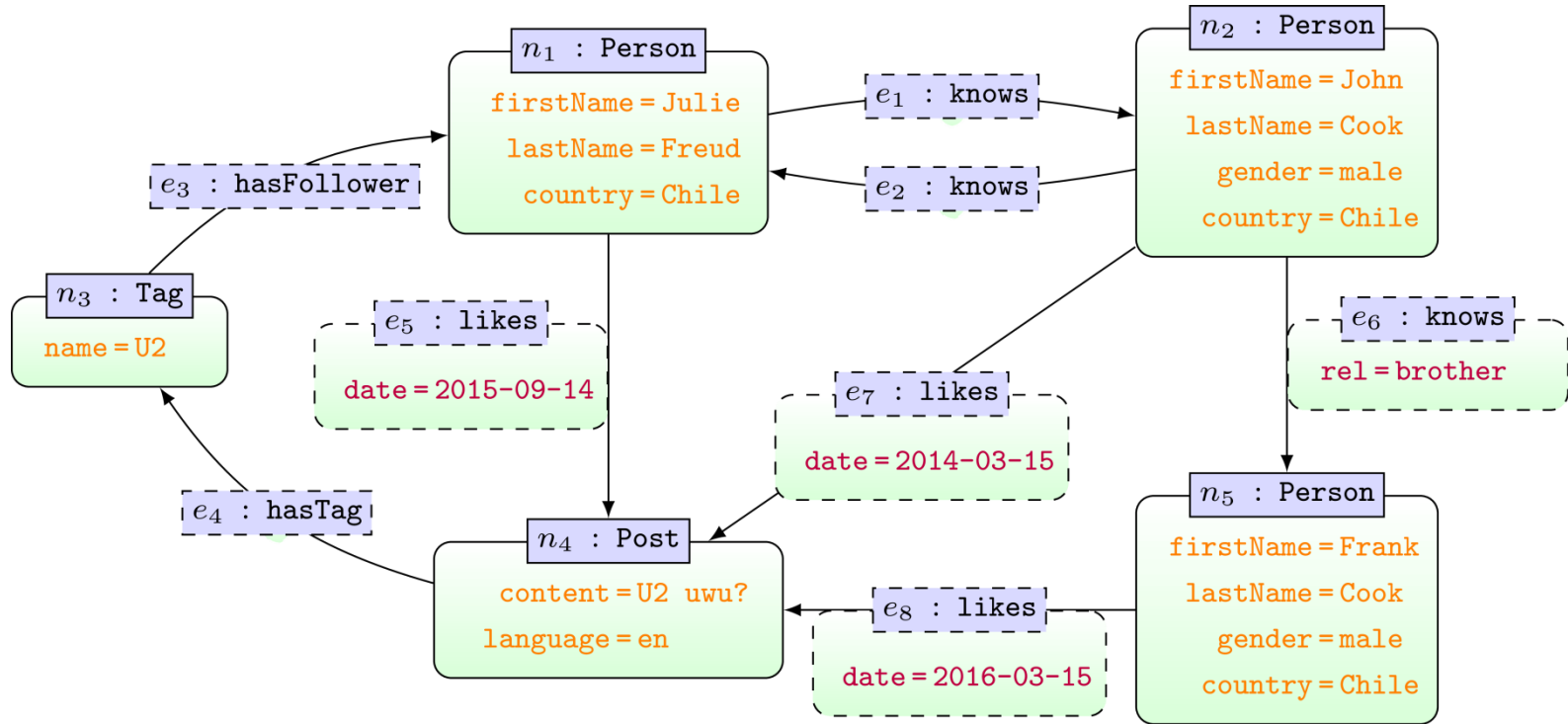
Wouldn't it have been nice to simply ...



Wouldn't it have been nice to simply ...

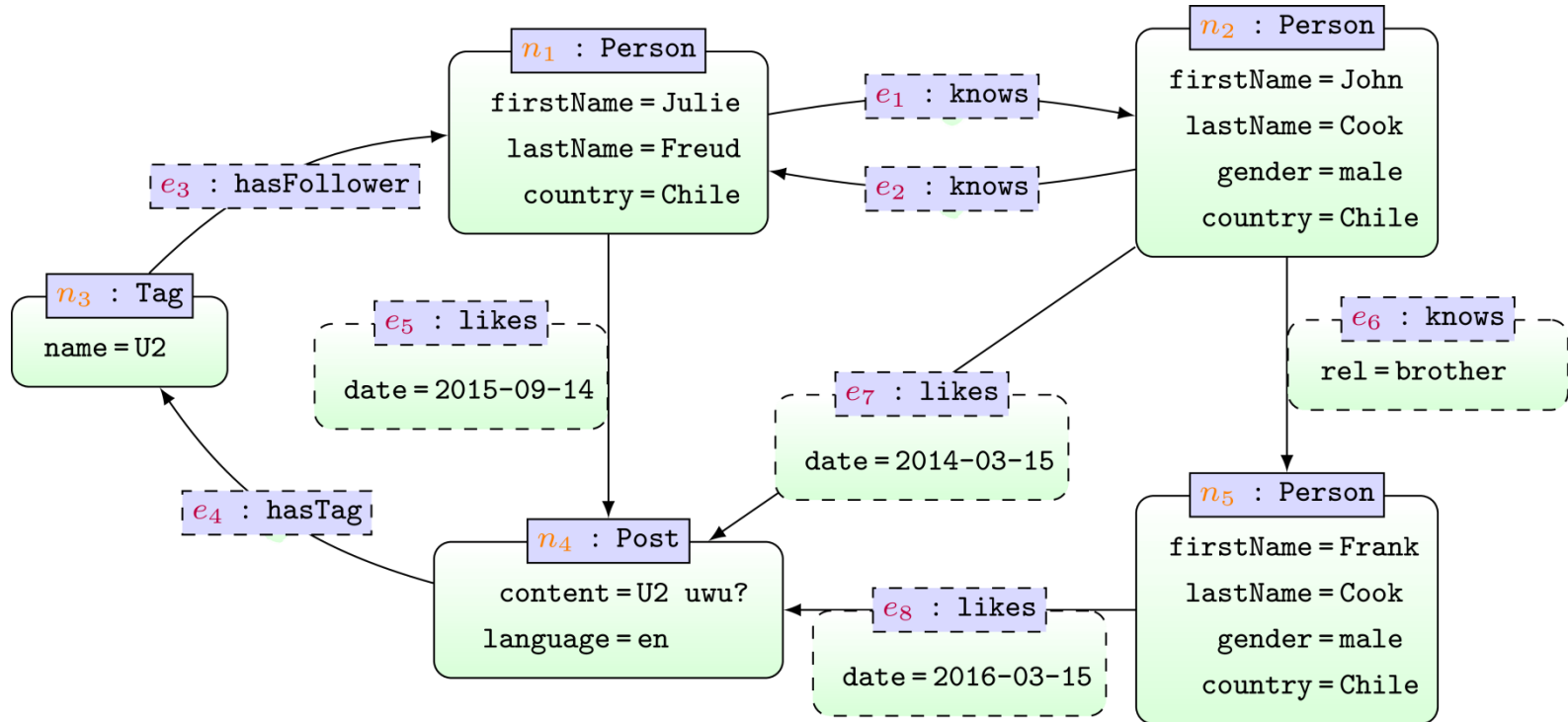


Property Graphs ...



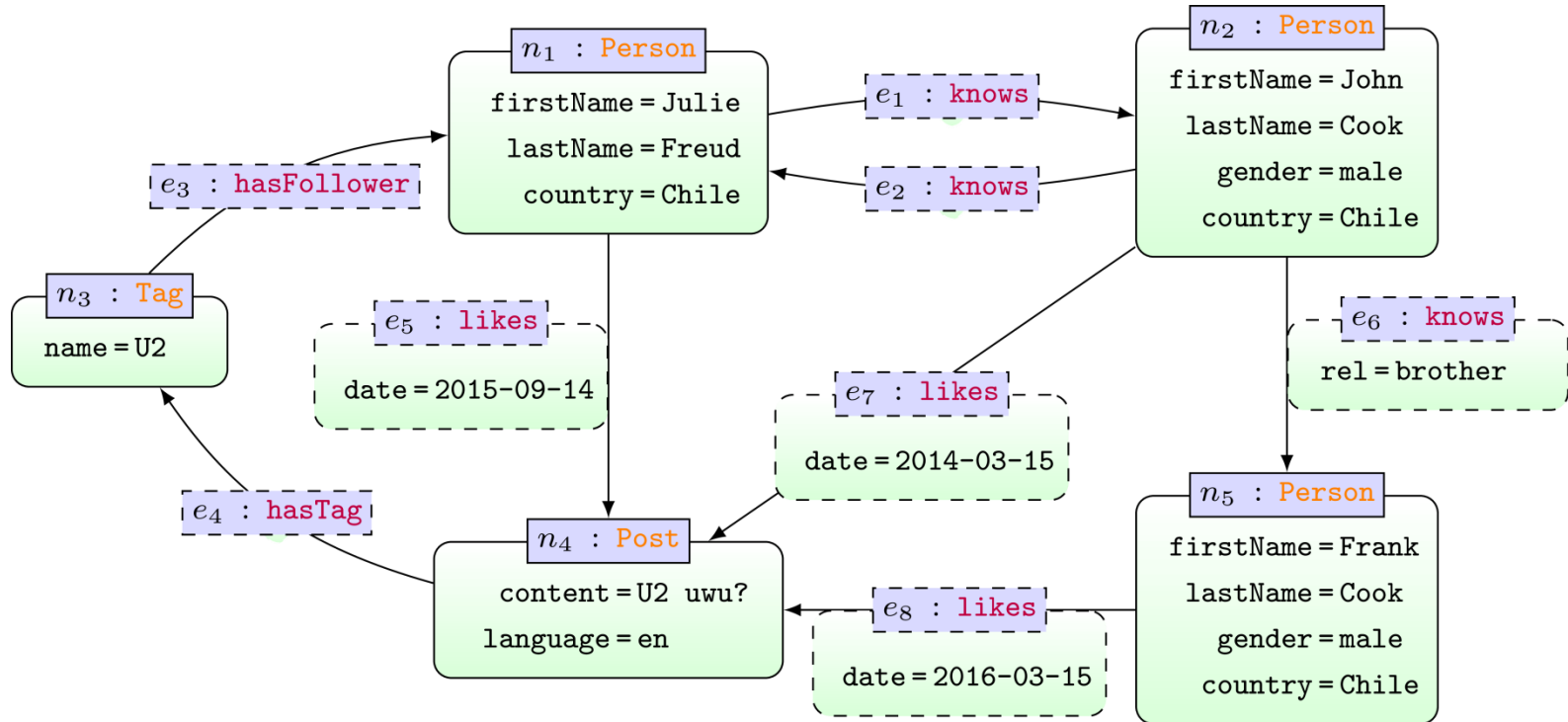
... attributes on nodes and edges

Property Graphs



... attributes on nodes and edges
... IDs on **nodes** and **edges**

Property Graphs



- ... attributes on nodes and edges
- ... IDs on nodes and edges
- ... labels on nodes and edges

POPULAR GRAPH DATABASES

Rank			DBMS	Database Model	Score		
Jun 2023	May 2023	Jun 2022			Jun 2023	May 2023	Jun 2022
1.	1.	1.	Oracle	Relational, Multi-model	1231.48	-1.16	-56.27
2.	2.	2.	MySQL	Relational, Multi-model	1163.94	-8.52	-25.27
3.	3.	3.	Microsoft SQL Server	Relational, Multi-model	930.06	+9.97	-3.76
4.	4.	4.	PostgreSQL	Relational, Multi-model	612.82	-5.08	-8.02
5.	5.	5.	MongoDB	Document, Multi-model	425.36	-11.25	-55.36
6.	6.	6.	Redis	Key-value, Multi-model	167.35	-0.78	-7.96
7.	7.	7.	IBM Db2	Relational, Multi-model	144.89	+1.87	-14.30
8.	8.	8.	Elasticsearch	Search engine, Multi-model	143.75	+2.11	-12.25
9.	10.	9.	Microsoft Access	Relational	134.45	+3.28	-7.36
10.	9.	10.	SQLite	Relational	131.21	-2.65	-4.22
11.	11.	13.	Snowflake	Relational	114.13	+2.41	+17.71
12.	12.	11.	Cassandra	Wide column	108.55	-2.58	-6.90
13.	13.	12.	MariaDB	Relational, Multi-model	97.31	+0.44	-14.27
14.	14.	14.	Splunk	Search engine	89.45	+2.81	-6.11
15.	15.	16.	Amazon DynamoDB	Multi-model	79.90	-1.20	-3.98
16.	16.	15.	Microsoft Azure SQL Database	Relational, Multi-model	78.96	-0.23	-7.05
17.	17.	17.	Hive	Relational	75.52	+1.91	-6.06
18.	18.	24.	Databricks	Multi-model	65.82	+1.87	+17.69
19.	19.	18.	Teradata	Relational, Multi-model	62.64	-0.07	-7.76
20.	20.	23.	Google BigQuery	Relational	54.64	-0.24	+5.57
21.	21.	22.	FileMaker	Relational	54.38	+2.39	+2.80
22.	22.	19.	Neo4j	Graph	52.77	+1.66	-6.76
23.	23.	21.	SAP HANA	Relational, Multi-model	51.42	+1.06	-3.11
24.	24.	20.	Solr	Search engine, Multi-model	49.56	-0.20	-7.05
25.	25.	25.	SAP Adaptive Server	Relational, Multi-model	43.76	+0.67	-2.91

Rank			DBMS	Database Model	Score		
Jun 2023	May 2023	Jun 2022			Jun 2023	May 2023	Jun 2022
1.	1.	1.	Neo4j	Graph	52.77	+1.66	-6.76
2.	2.	2.	Microsoft Azure Cosmos DB	Multi-model	36.57	+0.58	-4.41
3.	3.	3.	Virtuoso	Multi-model	5.24	-0.33	-0.93
4.	4.	4.	ArangoDB	Multi-model	4.89	+0.01	-0.61
5.	5.	5.	OrientDB	Multi-model	4.53	+0.03	-0.33
6.	6.	6.	Amazon Neptune	Multi-model	3.03	+0.13	+0.21
7.	7.	8.	JanusGraph	Graph	2.83	+0.15	+0.43
8.	8.	19.	Memgraph	Graph	2.82	+0.18	+2.38
9.	9.	15.	NebulaGraph	Graph	2.72	+0.11	+1.61
10.	10.	7.	GraphDB	Multi-model	2.55	+0.07	-0.07
11.	11.	9.	TigerGraph	Graph	2.20	+0.17	+0.18
12.	12.	10.	Stardog	Multi-model	1.98	+0.08	+0.23
13.	13.	12.	Fauna	Multi-model	1.80	-0.08	+0.47
14.	14.	11.	Dgraph	Graph	1.76	-0.12	+0.37
15.	15.	13.	Giraph	Graph	1.56	-0.09	+0.34
16.	16.	14.	AllegroGraph	Multi-model	1.36	-0.12	+0.25
17.	17.	18.	TypeDB	Multi-model	1.31	-0.09	+0.60
18.	18.	17.	Blazegraph	Multi-model	1.15	+0.00	+0.28
19.	19.	16.	Graph Engine	Multi-model	0.91	-0.11	+0.03
20.	20.		SurrealDB	Multi-model	0.85	+0.04	
21.	21.	20.	InfiniteGraph	Graph	0.70	-0.07	+0.30
22.	24.	25.	Fluree	Graph	0.65	+0.06	+0.49
23.	22.	24.	HyperGraphDB	Graph	0.62	-0.03	+0.46
24.	23.	21.	FlockDB	Graph	0.58	-0.01	+0.34
25.	25.	22.	HugeGraph	Graph	0.44	-0.07	+0.23

NEO4J

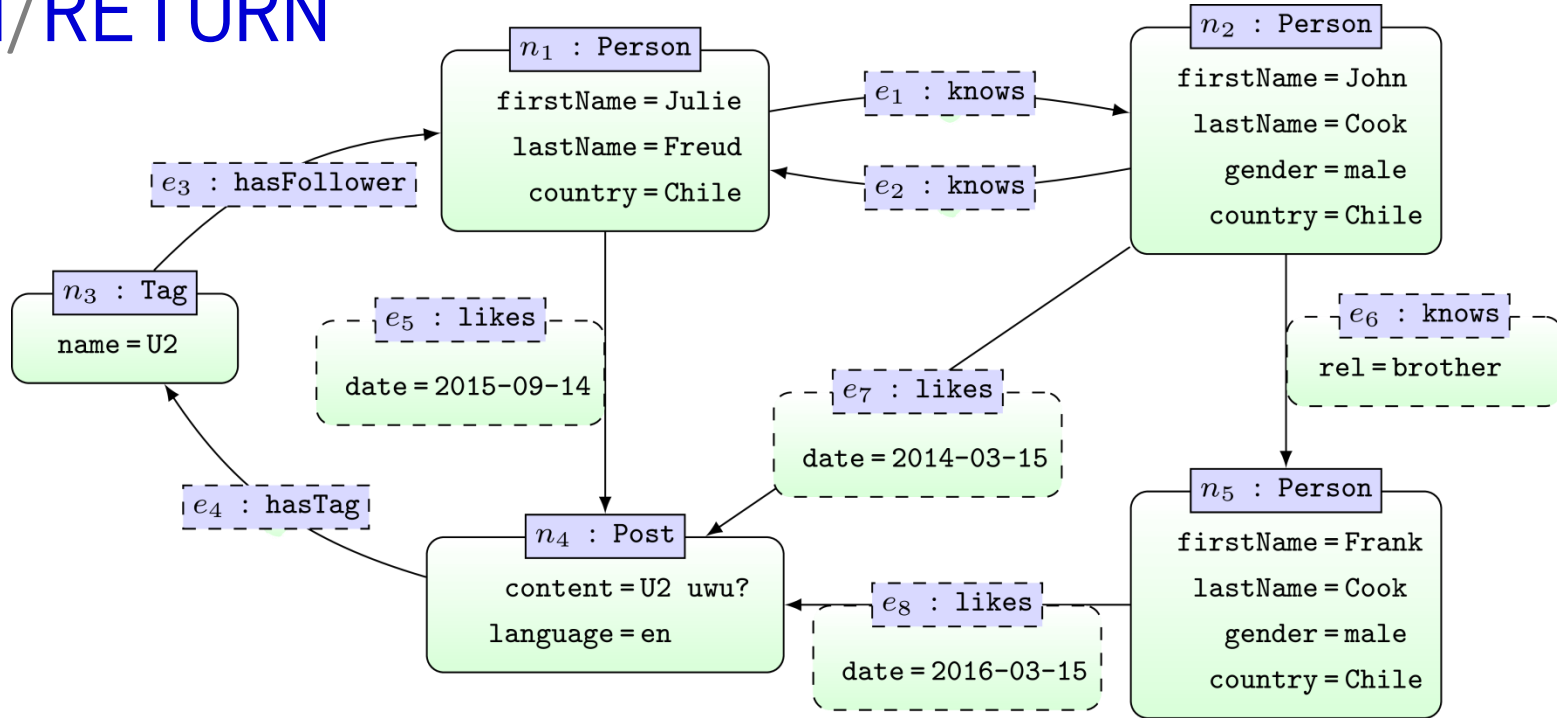
Neo4j Graph Database

- Data Model: [Property Graphs](#)
- Query Language: [Cypher](#)
- Scripting Language: [Gremlin](#)
- Licence: [Open Source \(Single Machine\)](#)
[Commercial \(Cluster Edition\)](#)



CYPHER: MATCH/RETURN

MATCH/RETURN



```

MATCH (x:Post)
RETURN x
  
```

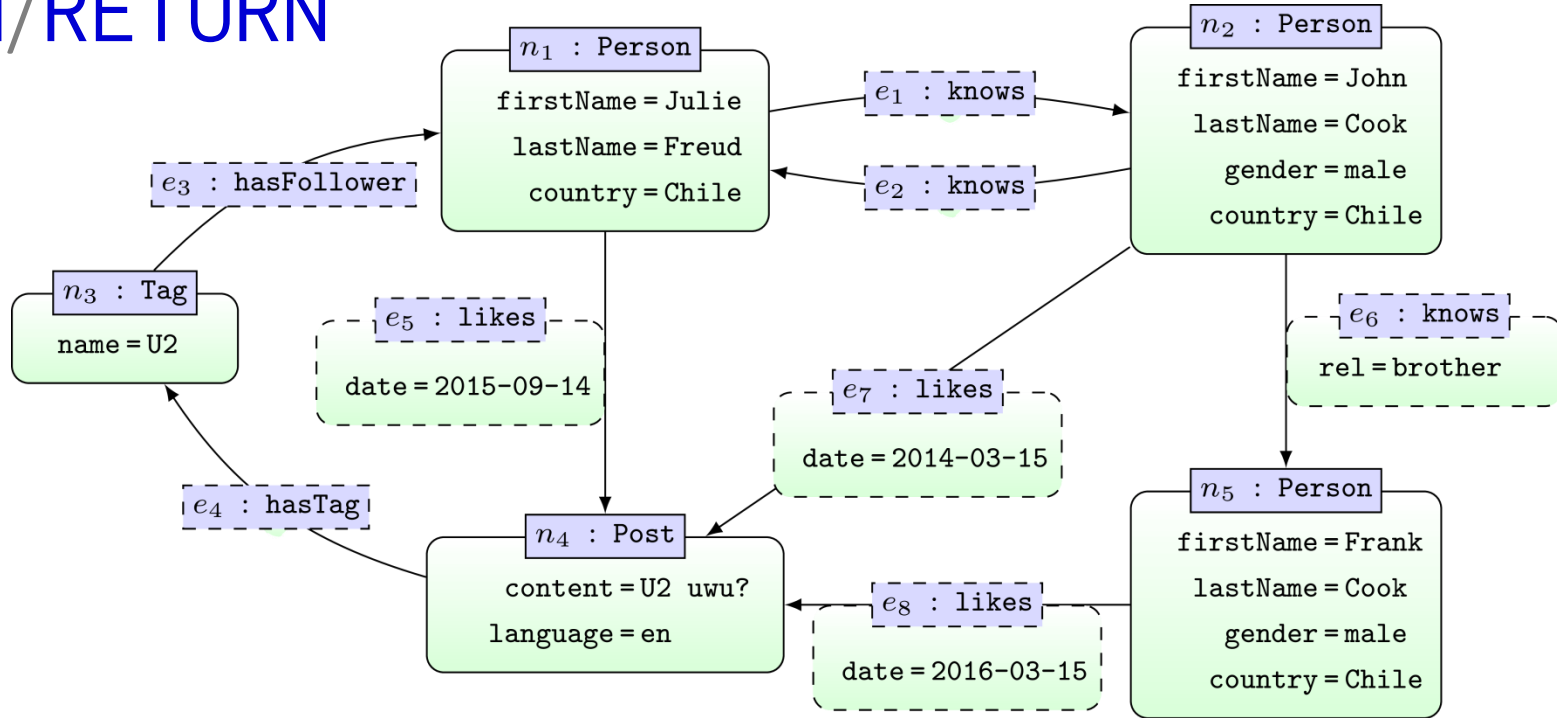
```

x
  
```

```

(:Post {content: "U2 uwu?", language: "en"})
  
```

MATCH/RETURN

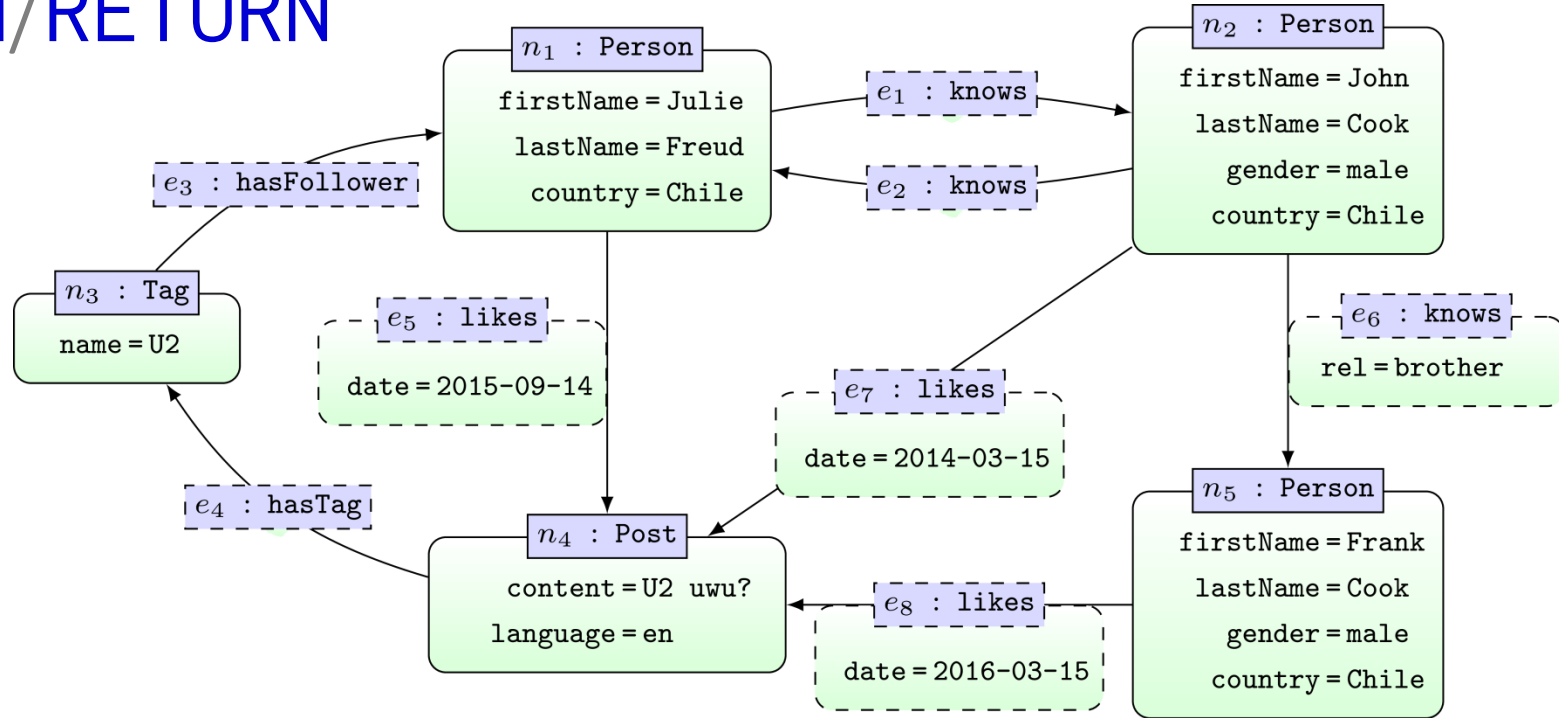


```
MATCH (x:Person)
RETURN x.firstName
```

x.firstName

Julie
John
Frank

MATCH/RETURN

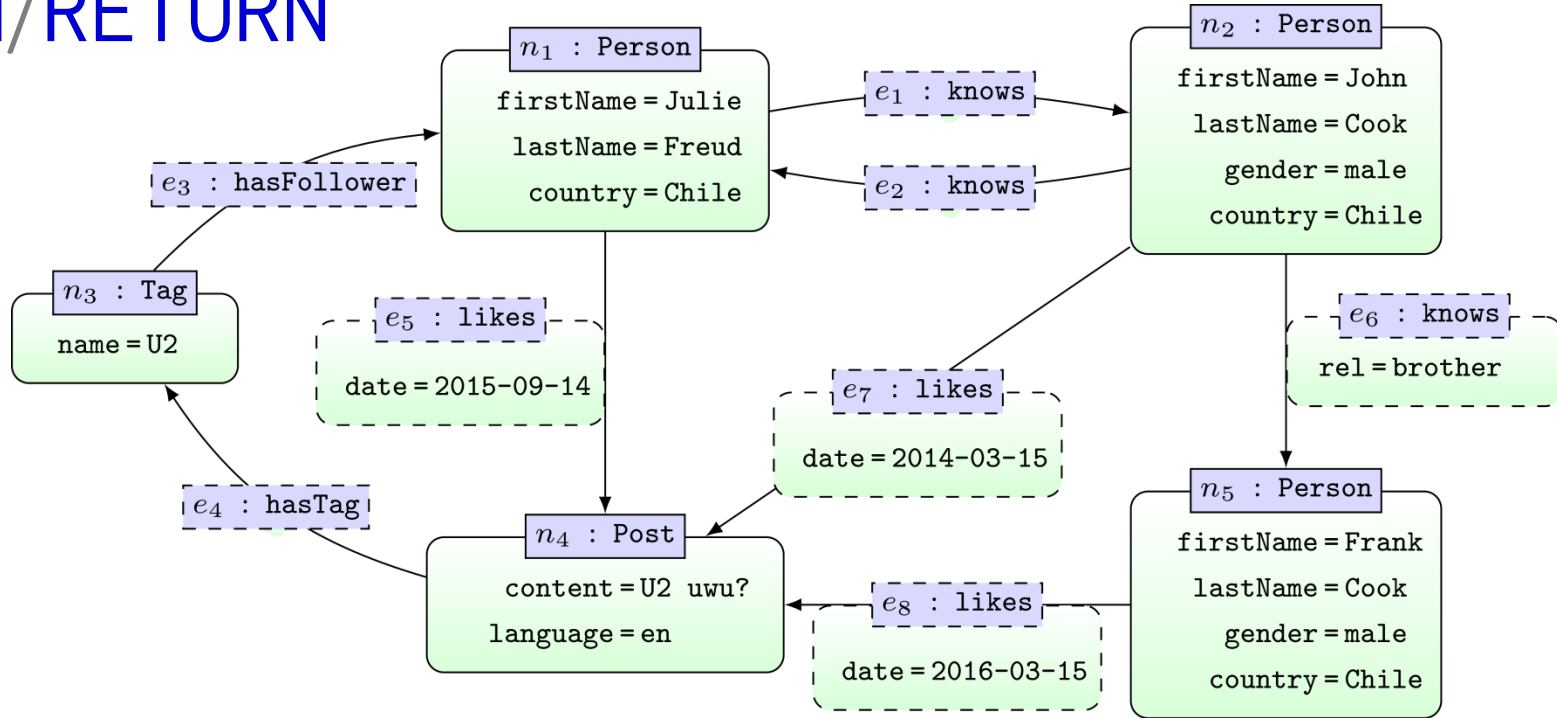


```
MATCH (x:Person {gender: "male", lastName: "Cook"})  
RETURN x.firstName
```

x.firstName

John
Frank

MATCH/RETURN

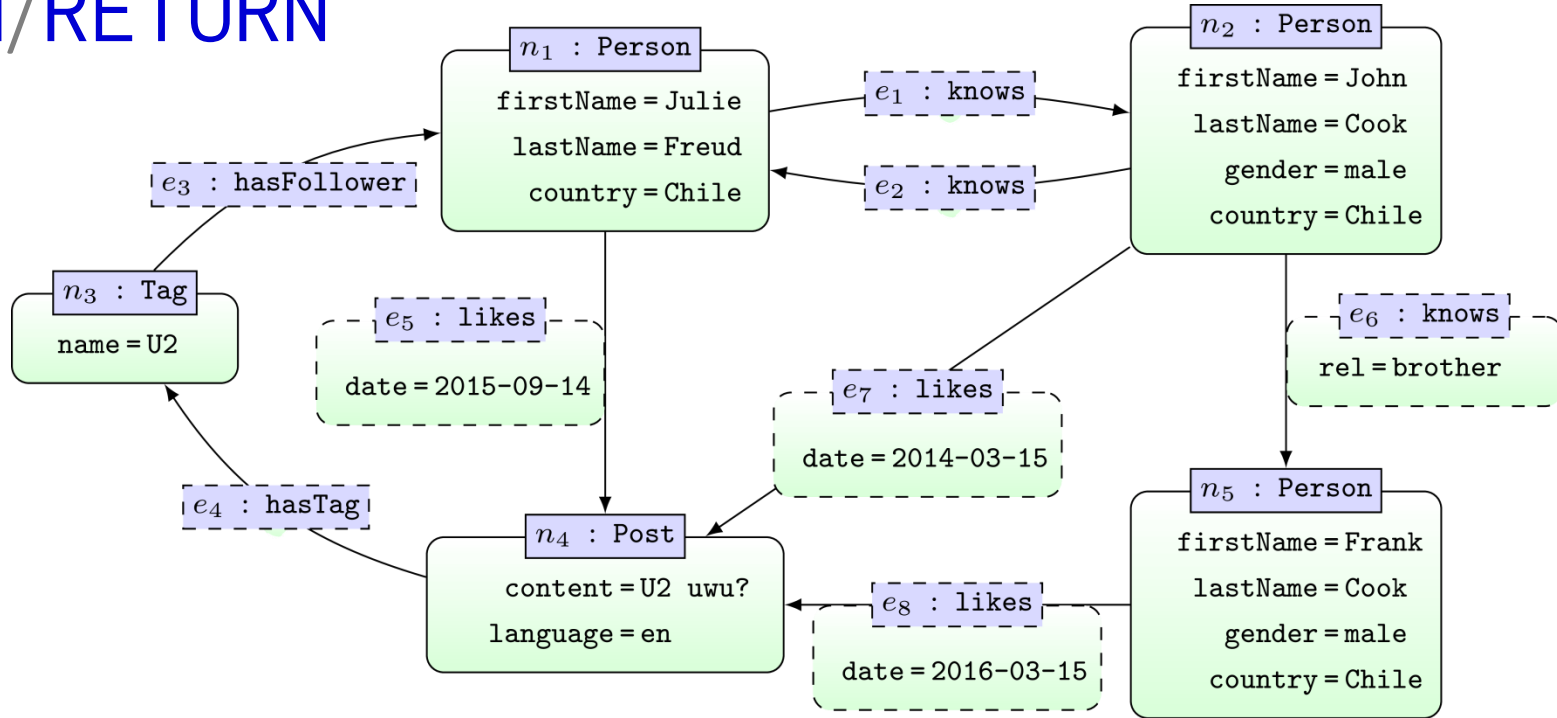


```
MATCH (x:Person)
RETURN x.firstName, x.gender
```

x.firstName	x.gender
Julie	
John	male
Frank	male

... matching nodes returned with blank attributes

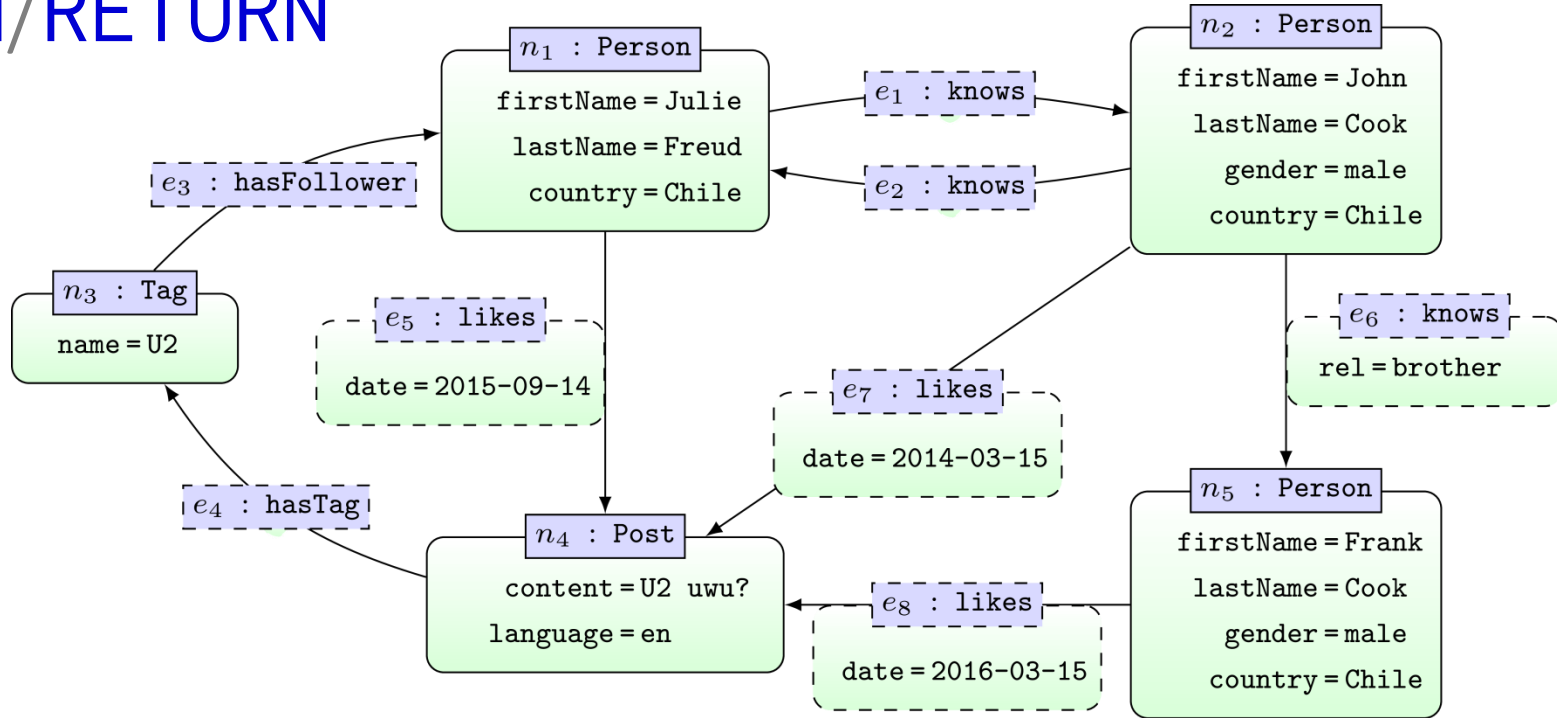
MATCH/RETURN



```
MATCH (x)
RETURN x.firstName, x.gender
```

x.firstName	x.gender
Julie	
John	male
Frank	male

MATCH/RETURN

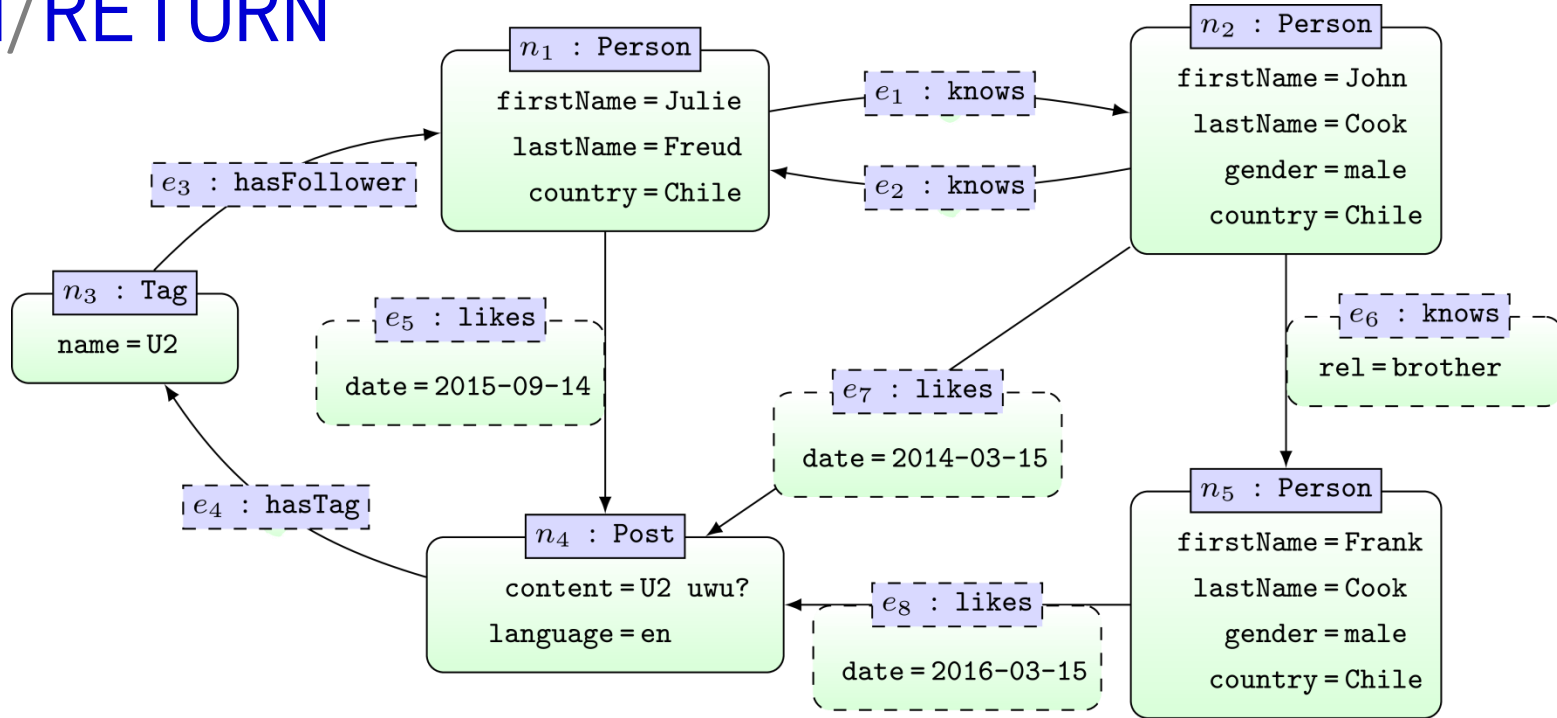


```
MATCH (:Person)-->(x:Person)
RETURN x.firstName
```

x.firstName

Julie
John
Frank

MATCH/RETURN

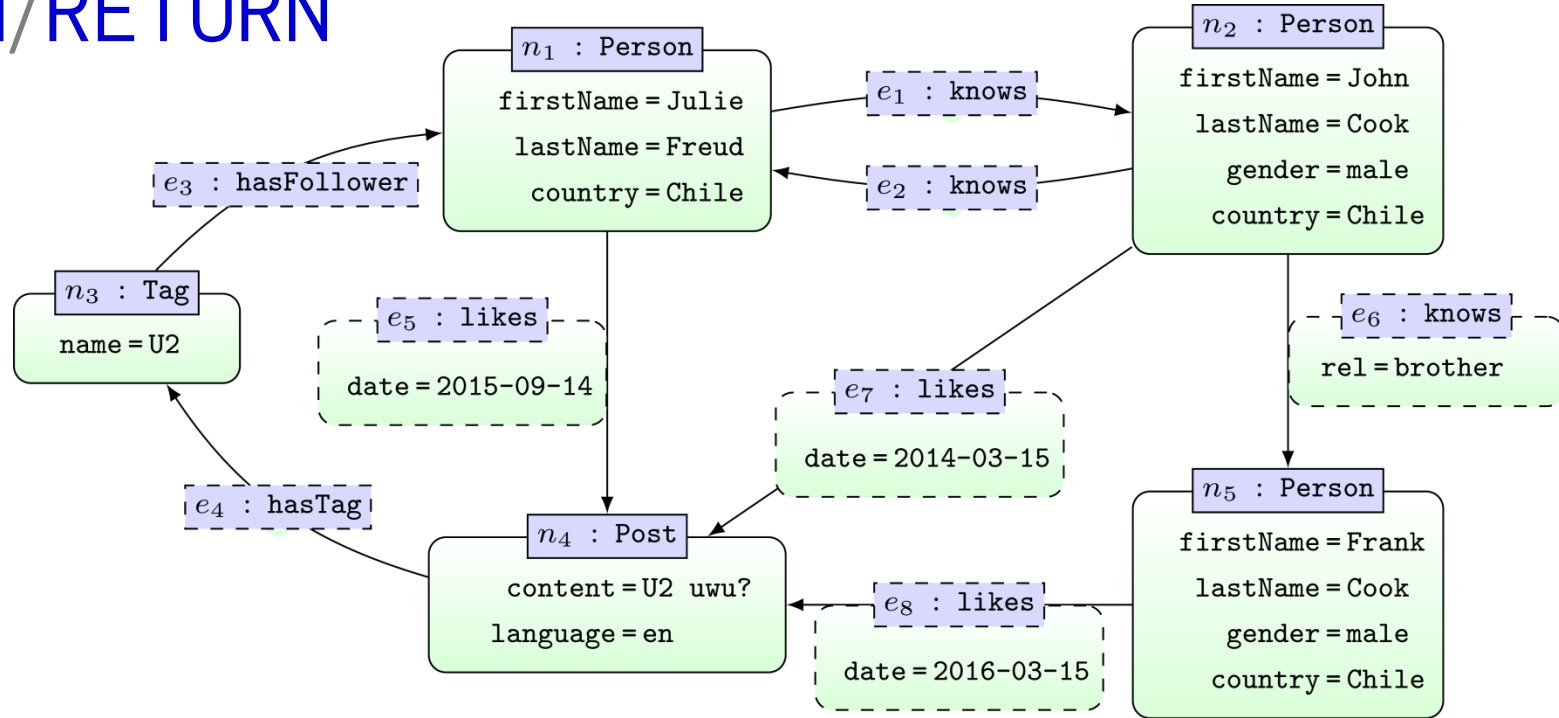


```
MATCH (x:Person)-->(y:Person)
RETURN x.firstName
```

x.firstName
Julie
John
John

... multiplicity of results corresponds to number of matches

MATCH/RETURN



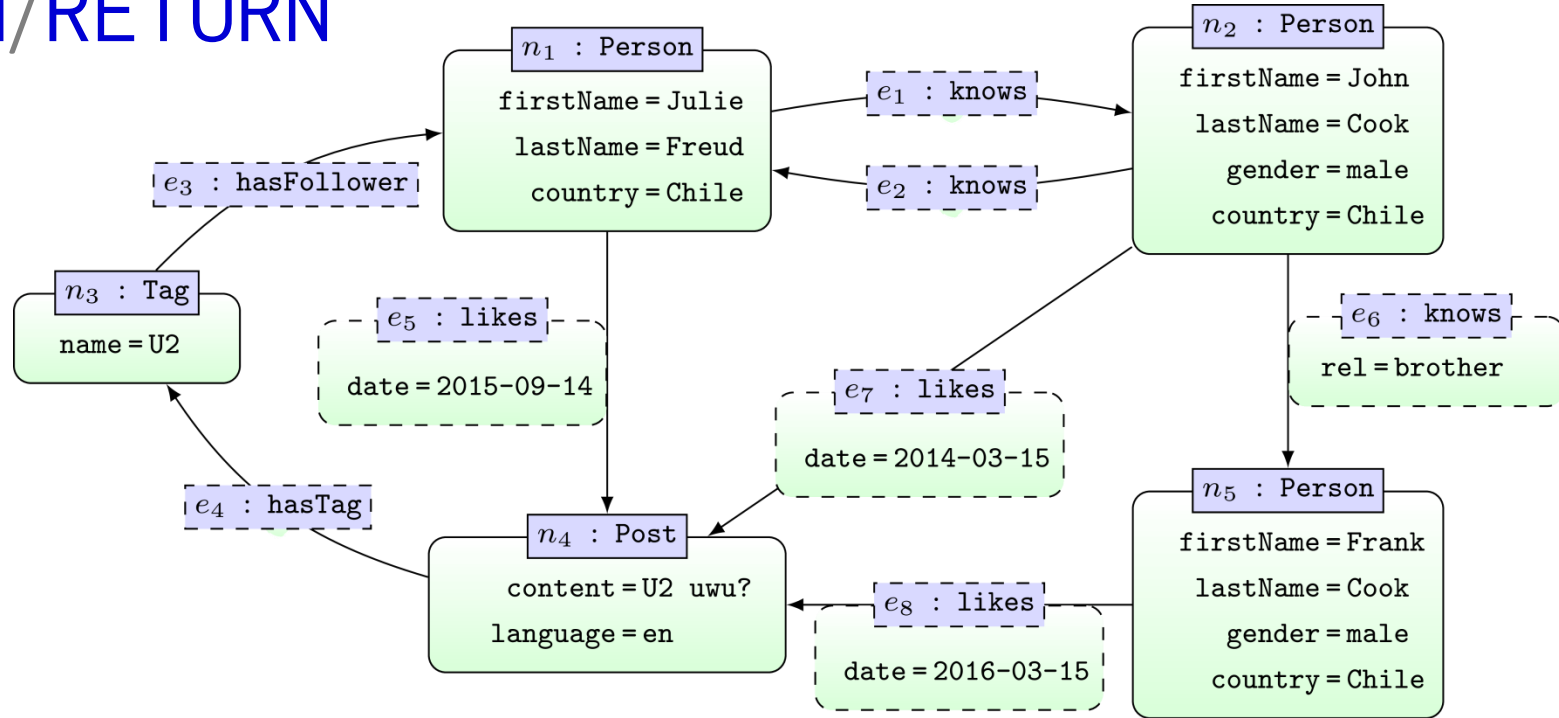
```
MATCH (x:Person)-->()  
RETURN x.firstName
```

x.firstName

Julie
Julie
John
John
John
Frank

... multiplicity of results corresponds to number of matches

MATCH/RETURN



```
MATCH (x:Person)-->()  
RETURN DISTINCT x.firstName
```

x.firstName

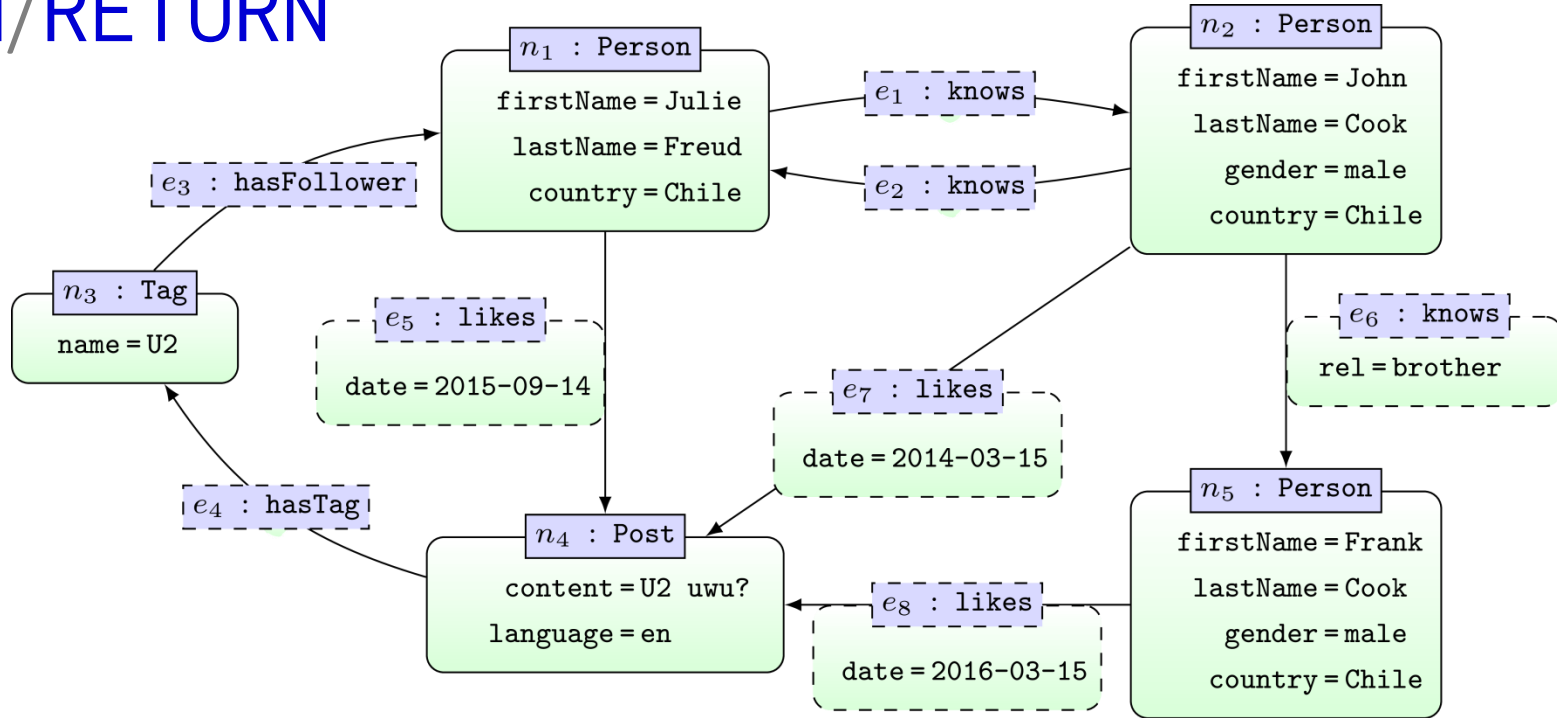
Julie

John

Frank

... RETURN DISTINCT removes duplicates

MATCH/RETURN

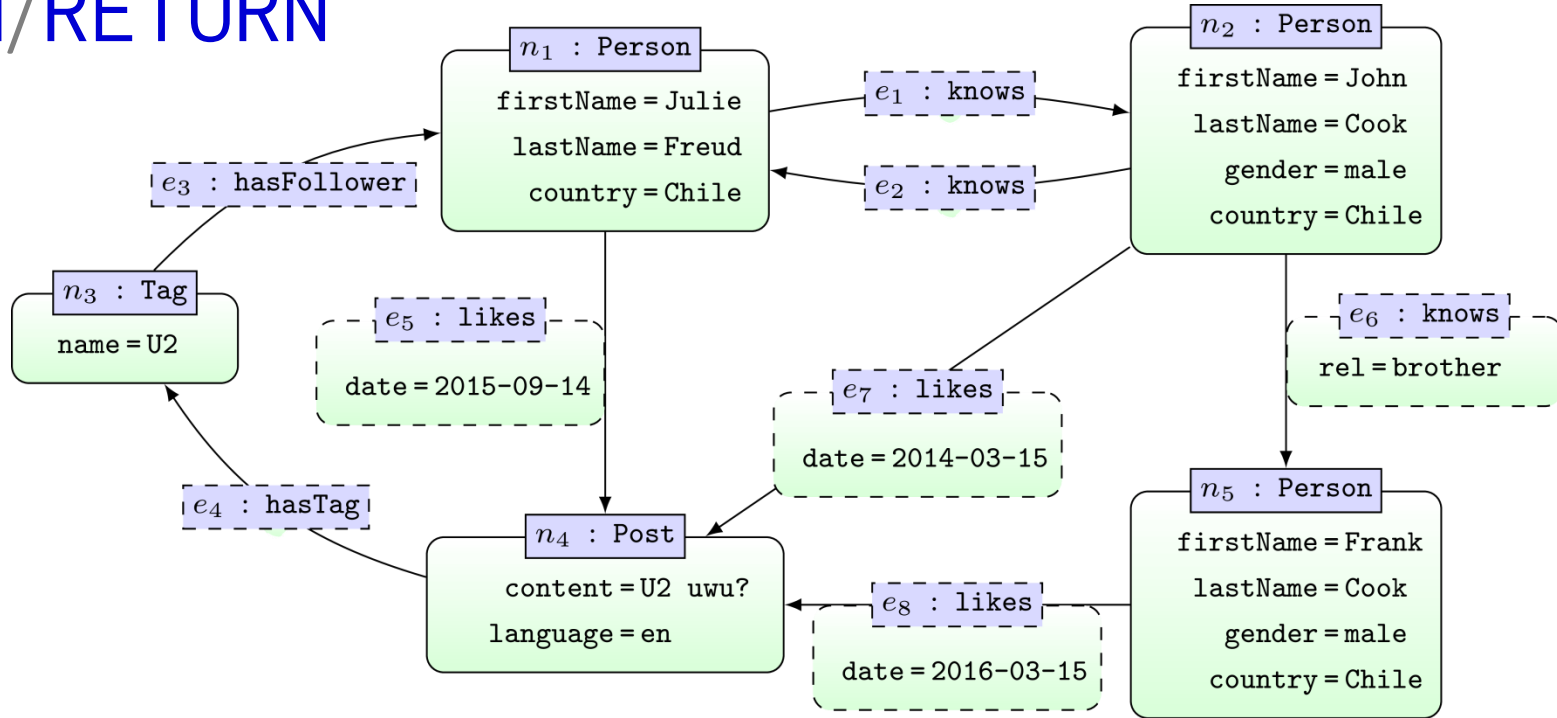


```

MATCH (x1:Person)-->(x2:Person)
RETURN x1.firstName,x2.firstname
  
```

x1.firstName	x2.firstName
Julie	John
John	Julie
John	Frank

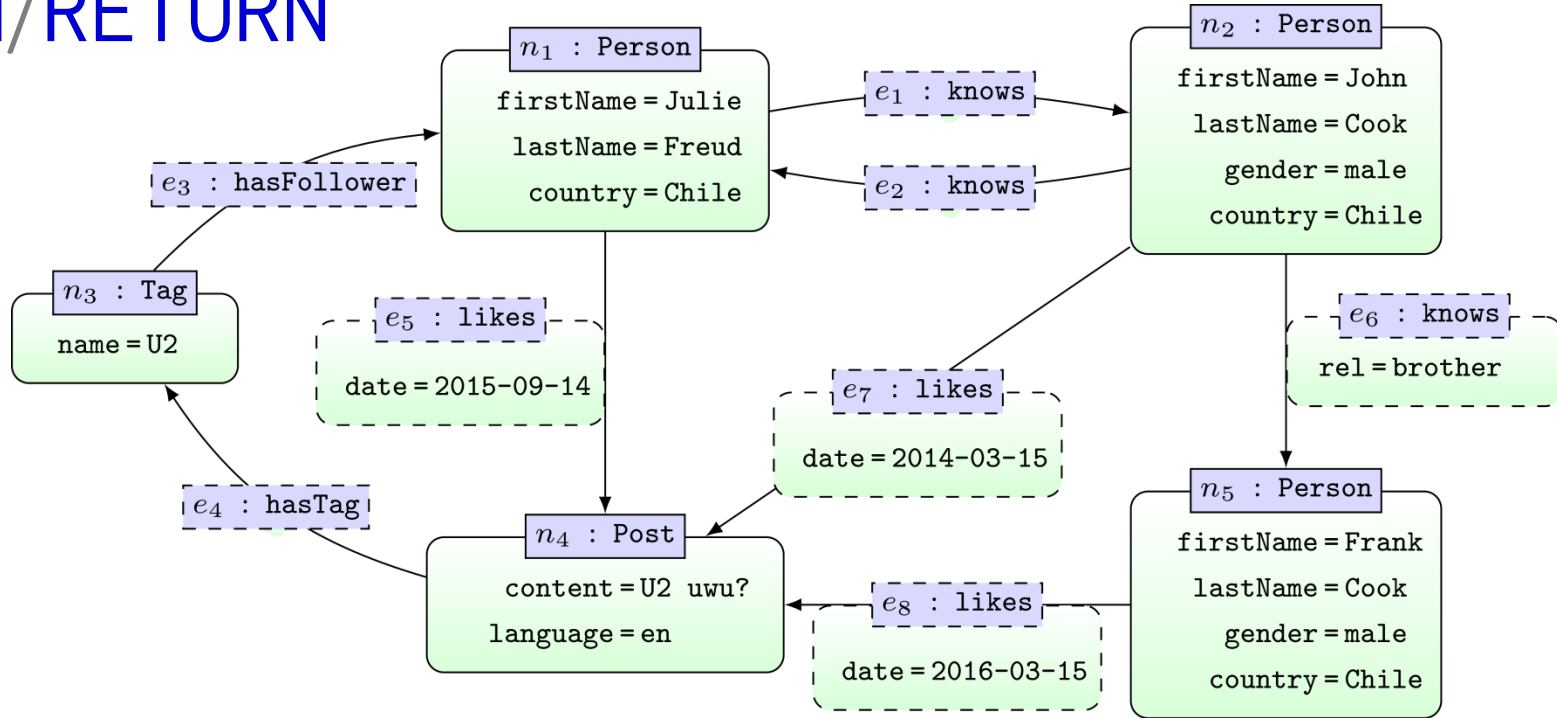
MATCH/RETURN



```
MATCH (x1:Person)-[r]->(x2:Person)
RETURN x1.firstName,x2.firstName,r.rel
```

x1.firstName	x2.firstName	r.rel
Julie	John	
John	Julie	
John	Frank	brother

MATCH/RETURN

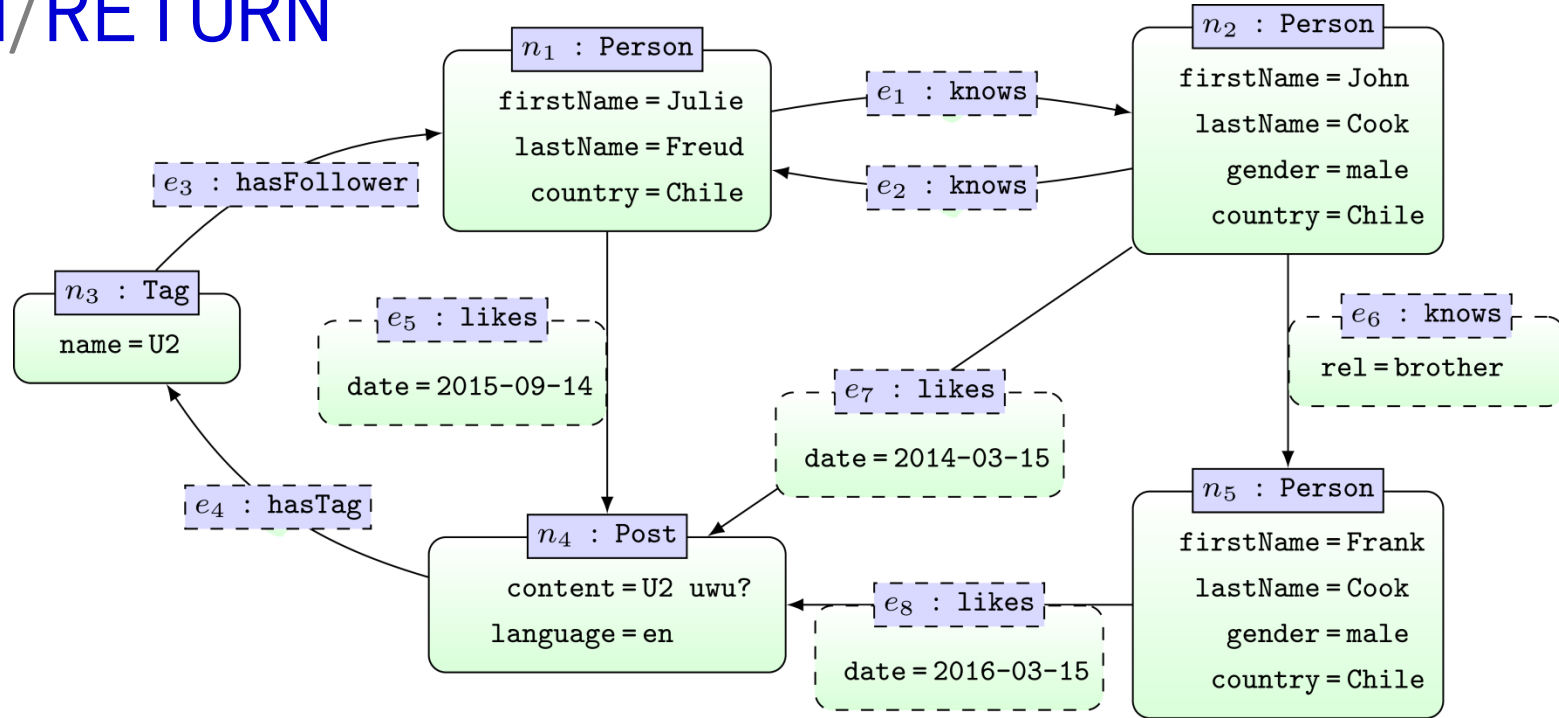


```
MATCH (x1:Person)-[r]->(x2:Person)
RETURN r
```

```
r
```

```
[:knows]
[:knows]
[:knows {rel: "brother"}]
```

MATCH/RETURN



```
MATCH ()<-[:knows]-(y)-[:knows]->()  
RETURN y.firstName
```

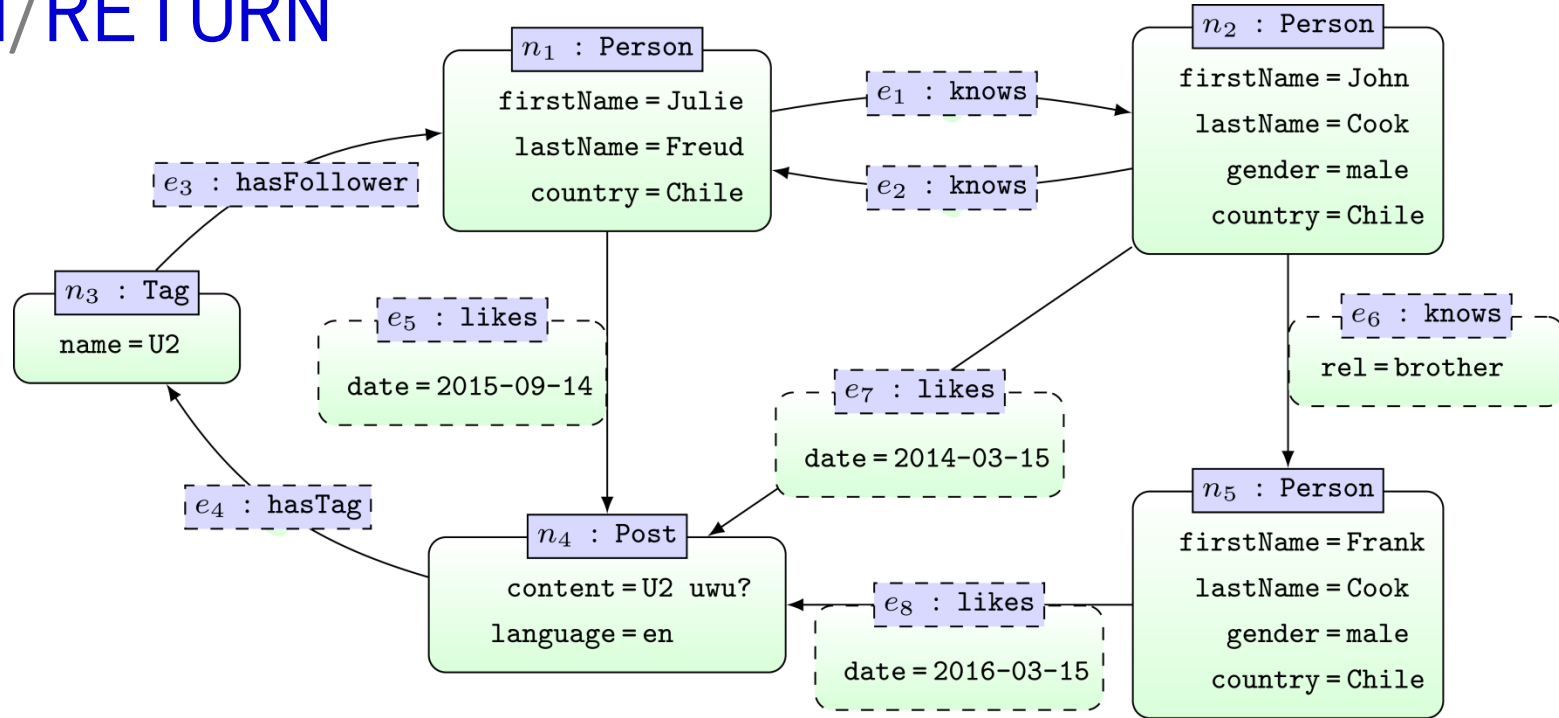
y.firstName

John

John

... MATCH will not match the same edge twice

MATCH/RETURN



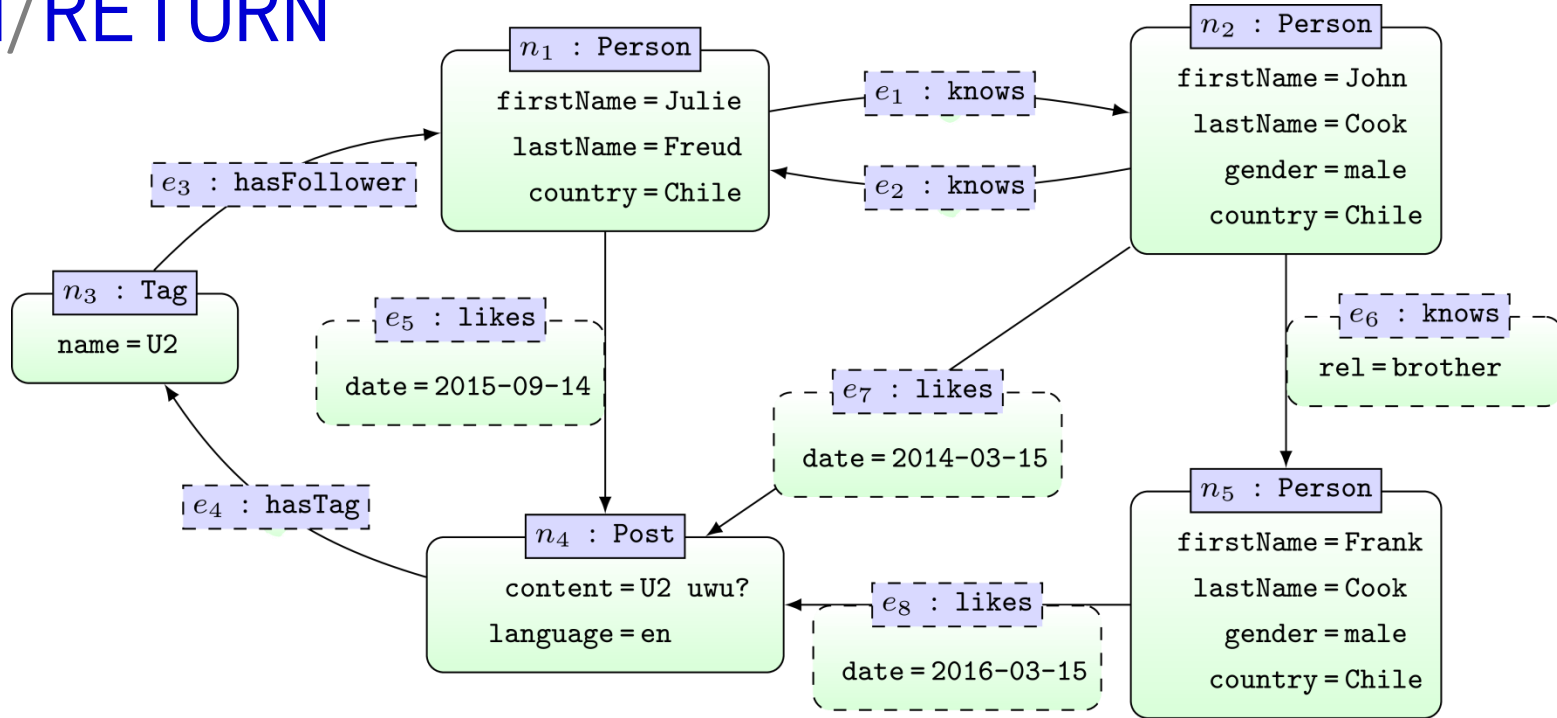
```
MATCH ()-[:knows]->(y)-[:knows]->()  
RETURN y.firstName
```

y.firstName

Julie
John
John

... MATCH will match same node twice

MATCH/RETURN



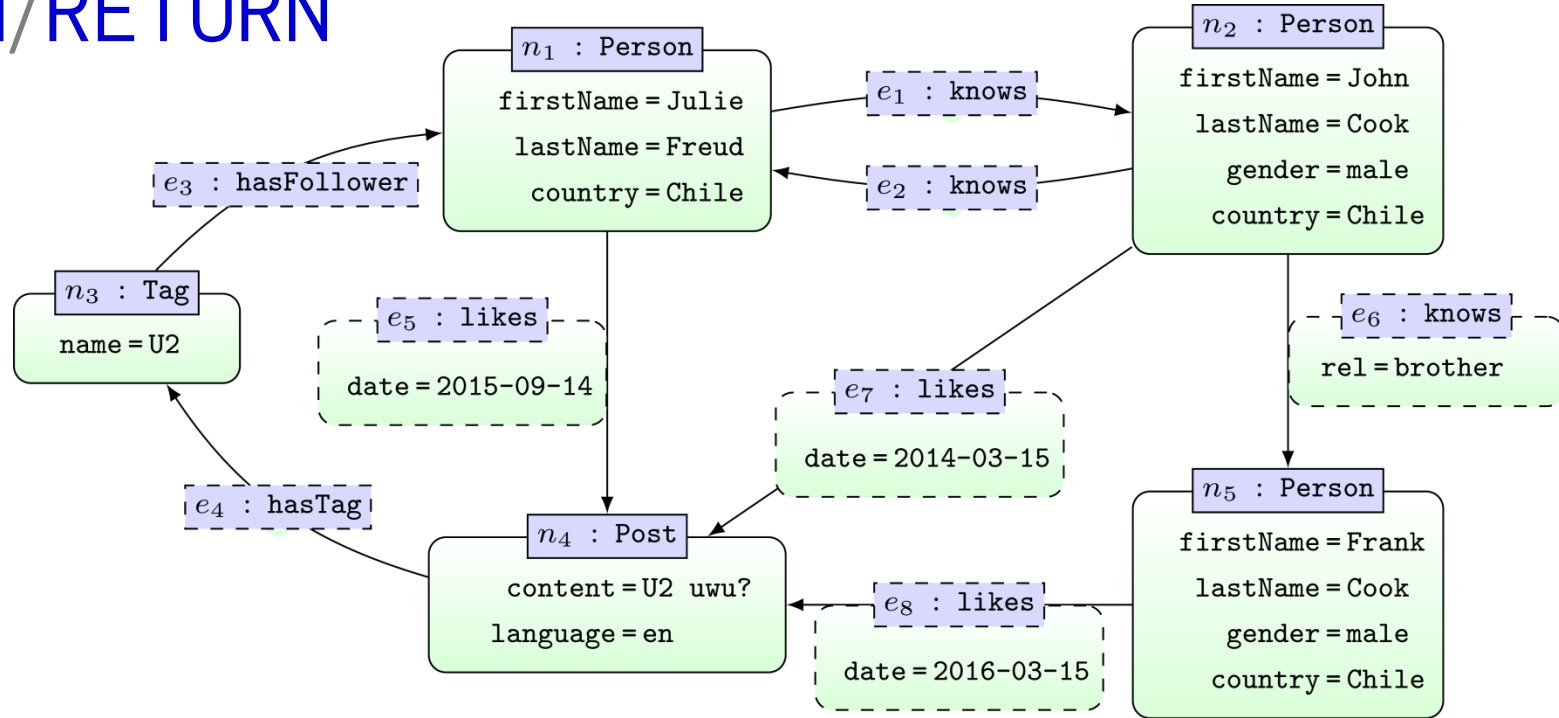
```

MATCH (x:Person)-->()-->()-->(x)
RETURN x.firstName
  
```

x.firstName

Julie

MATCH/RETURN

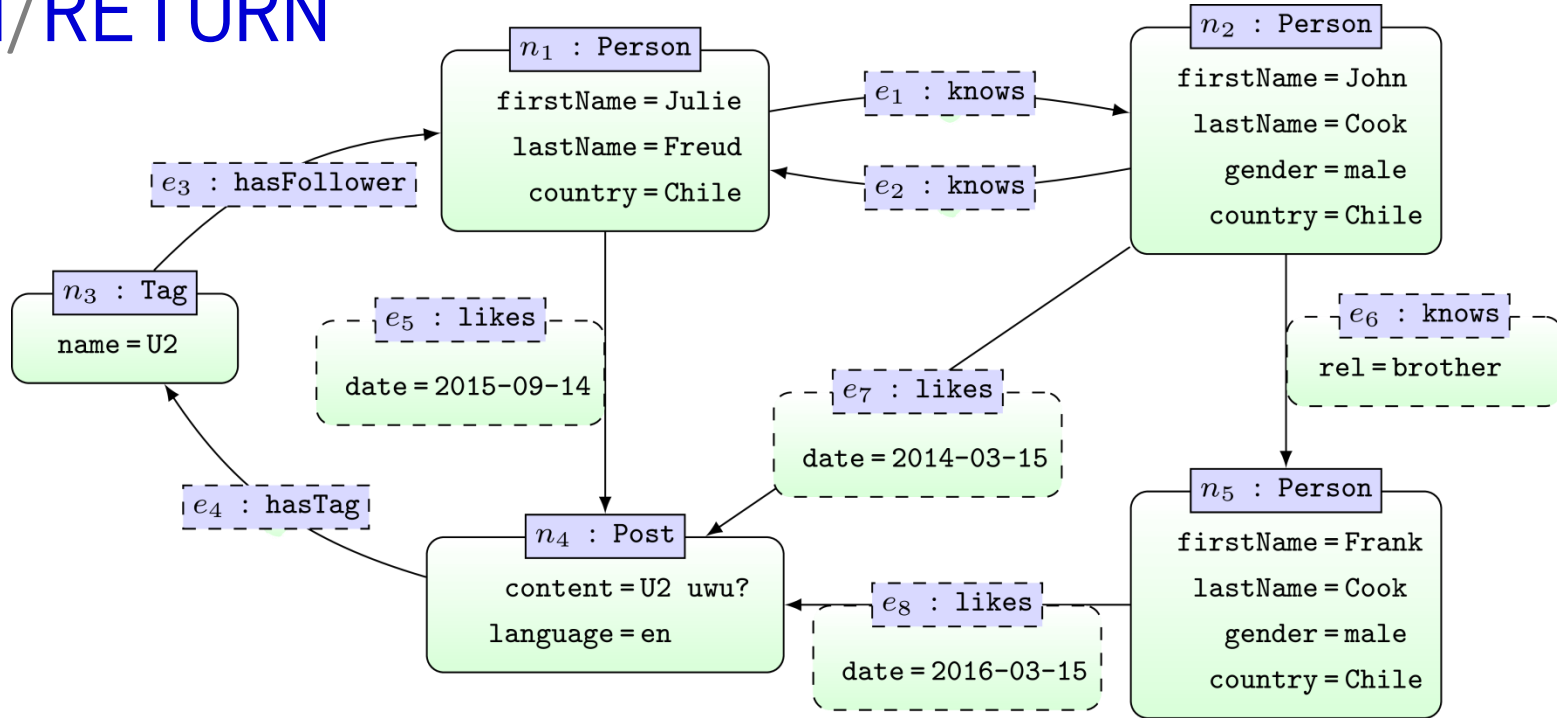


```
MATCH (x1)-[:likes]->(y)<-[:likes]-(x2)
RETURN x1.firstName AS n1, x2.firstName AS n2
```

n1	n2
Julie	John
John	Julie
John	Frank
Frank	John
Frank	Julie
Julie	Frank

... AS renames columns in results

MATCH/RETURN



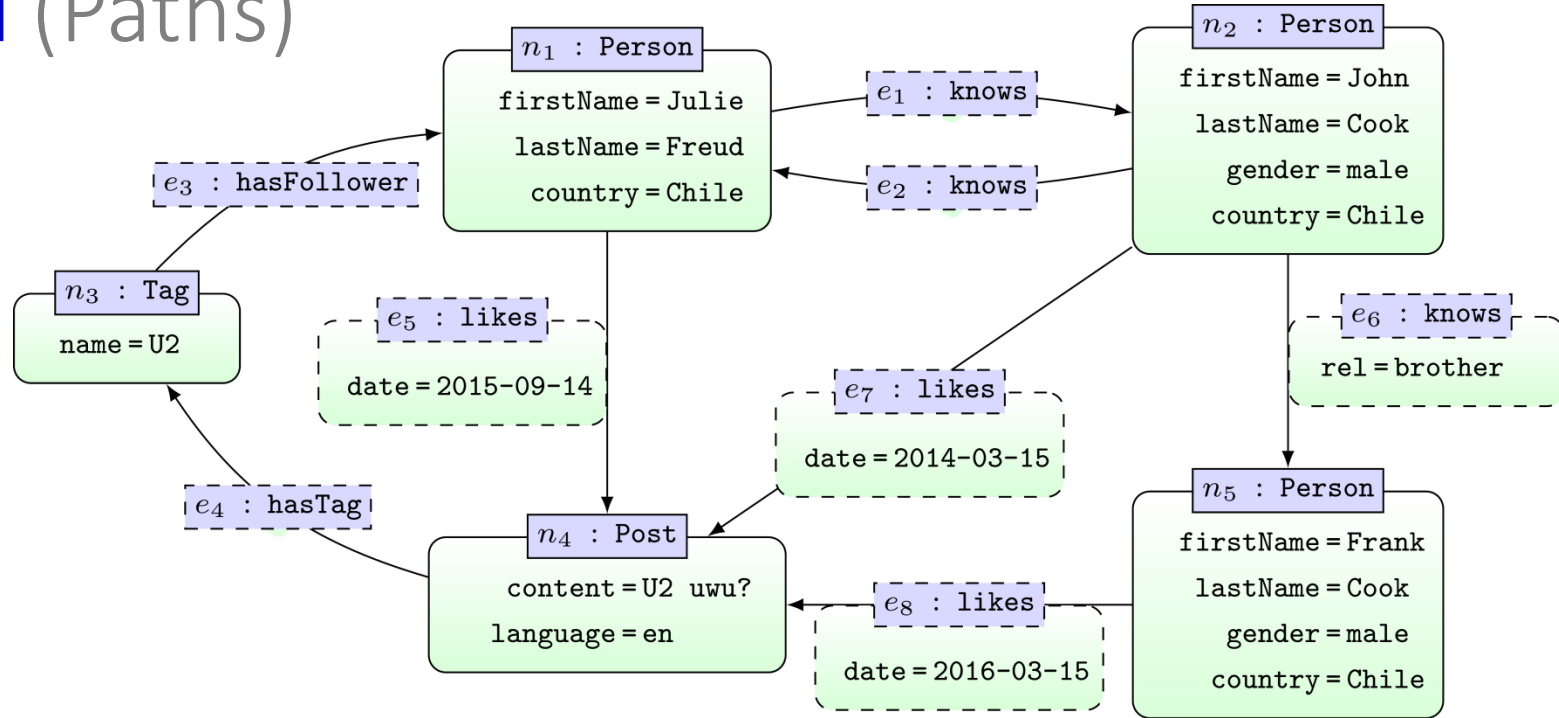
```
MATCH (x1)-[:likes]->(y)
MATCH (y)<-[:likes]-(x2)
RETURN x1.firstName AS n1, x2.firstName AS n2
```

n1	n2
Julie	John
John	Julie
Julie	Julie
John	Frank
...	...

... use multiple **MATCH** to match same edge multiple times

CYPHER: MATCH (PATHS)

MATCH (Paths)

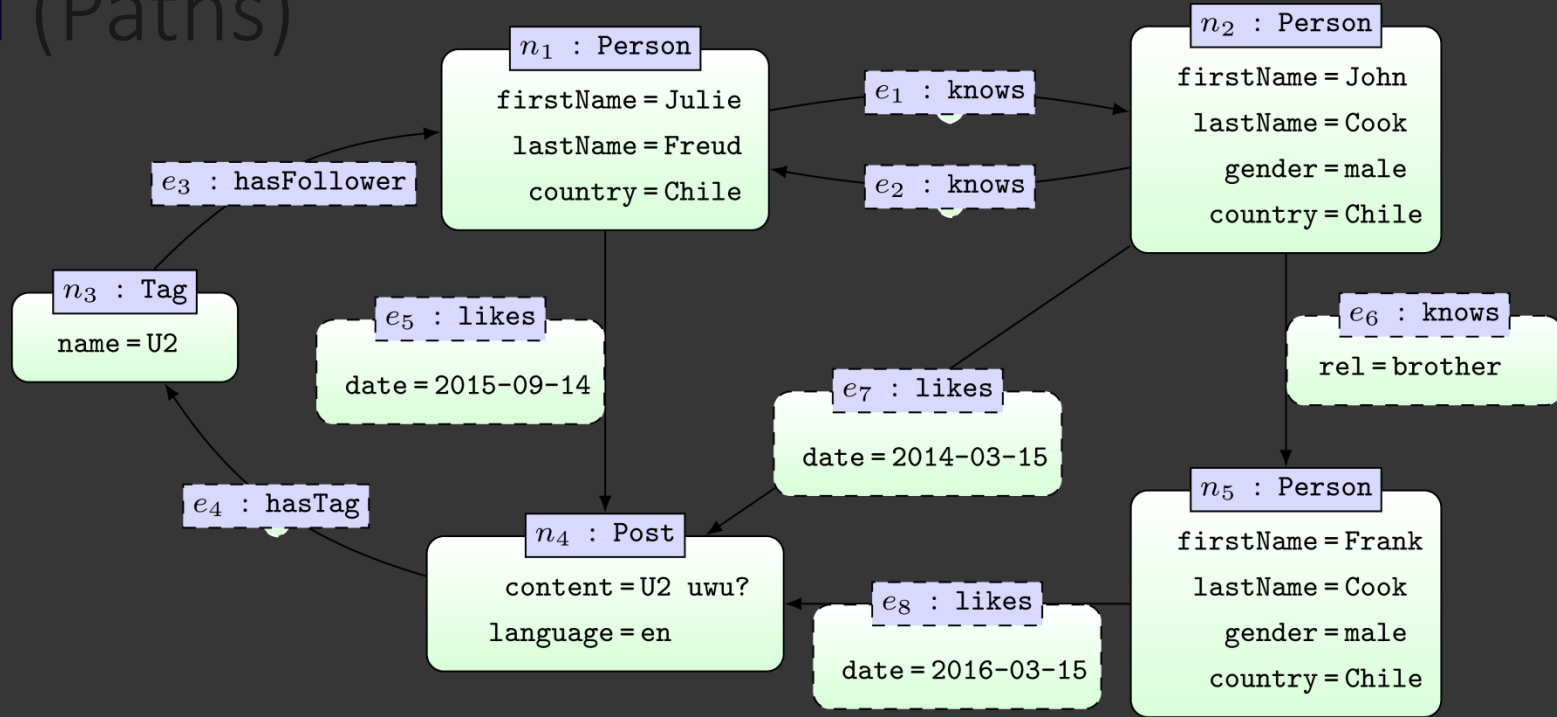


```
MATCH (x1)-[:knows*]->(x2)
RETURN x1.firstName, x2.firstName
```

x1.firstName	x2.firstName
Julie	John
Julie	Frank
Julie	Julie
John	Julie
John	John
John	Frank
John	Frank

... paths of length one-or-more

MATCH (Paths)



```
MATCH (x1)-[:knows*]->(x2)
RETURN x1.firstName, x2.firstName
```

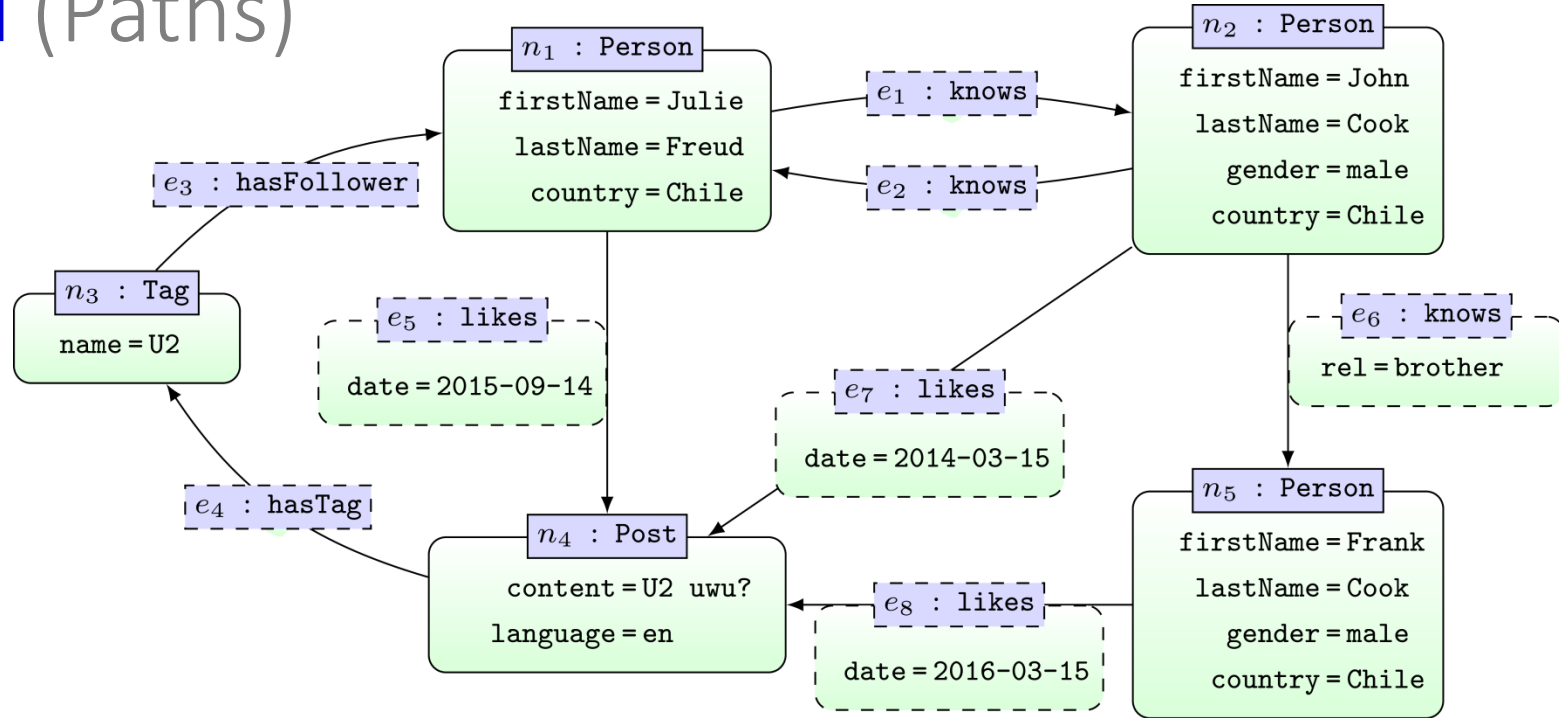
x1.firstName	x2.firstName
Julie	John
Julie	Frank
Julie	Julie
John	Julie
John	John
John	Frank
John	Frank

Otherwise ...

... we could have infinite paths!

... paths visit each edge at most once!

MATCH (Paths)

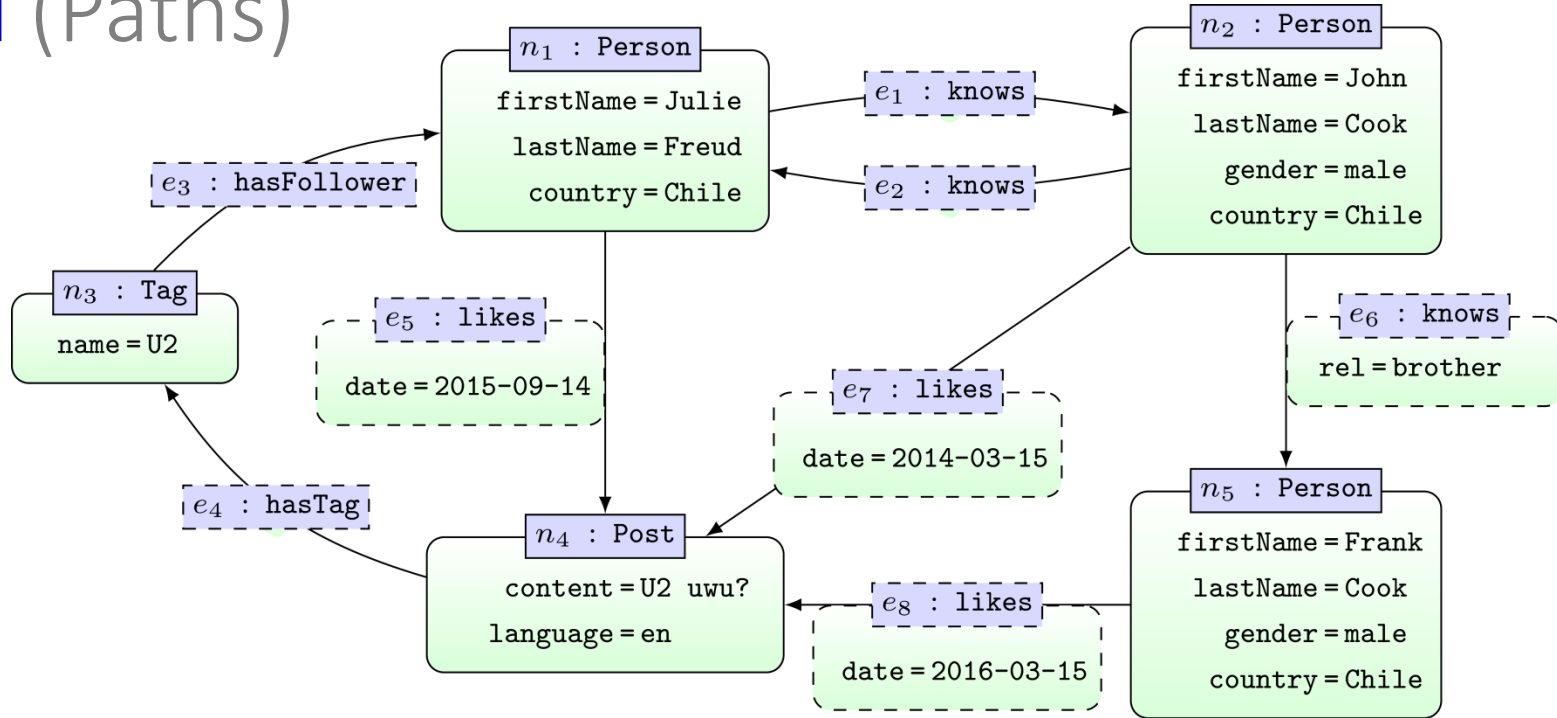


```
MATCH (x1)-[:knows*3]->(x2)
RETURN x1.firstName, x2.firstName
```

x1.firstName	x2.firstName
John	Frank

... can set minimum path length (no. of edges traversed)

MATCH (Paths)

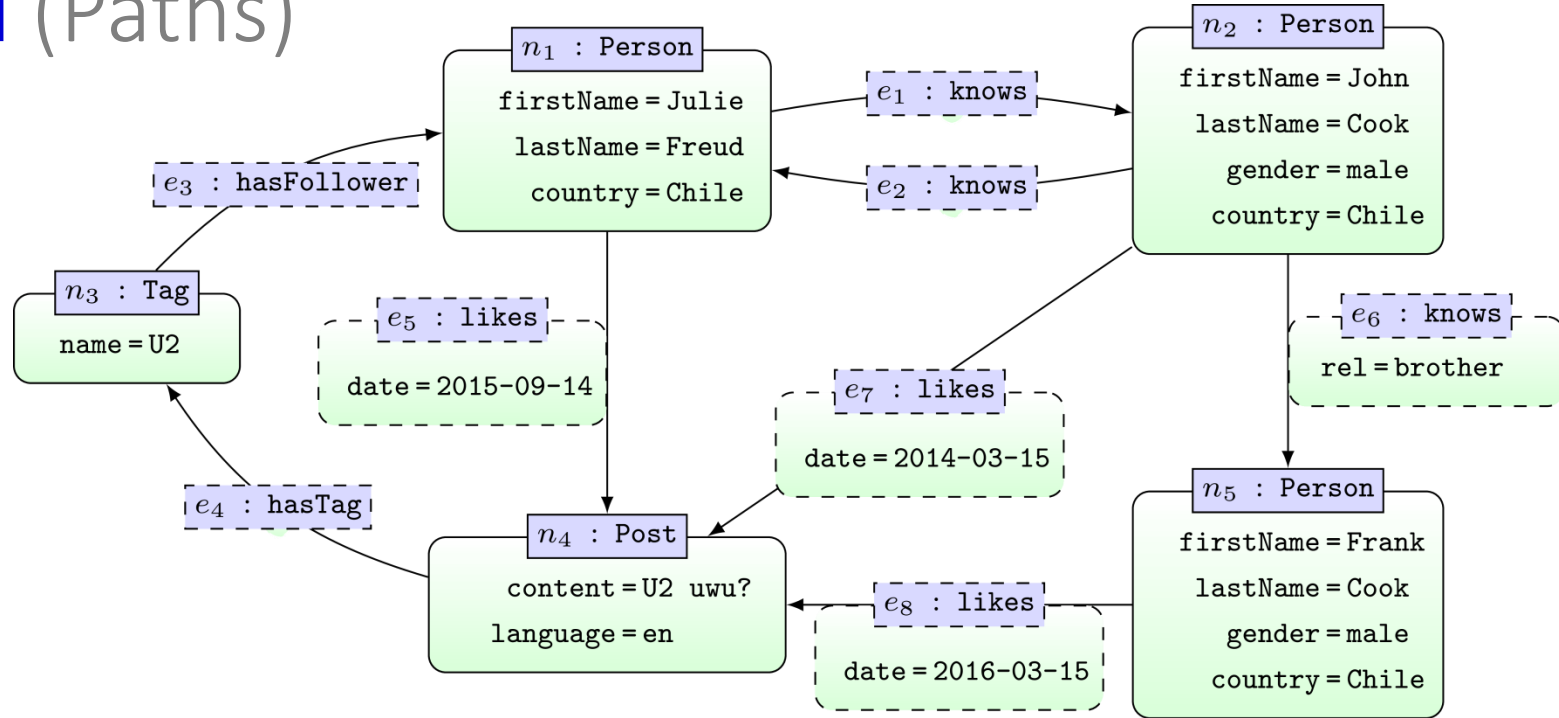


```
MATCH (x1)-[:knows*2..3]->(x2)
RETURN x1.firstName, x2.firstName
```

x1.firstName	x2.firstName
Julie	Frank
Julie	Julie
John	Frank
John	John

... or range of path length

MATCH (Paths)

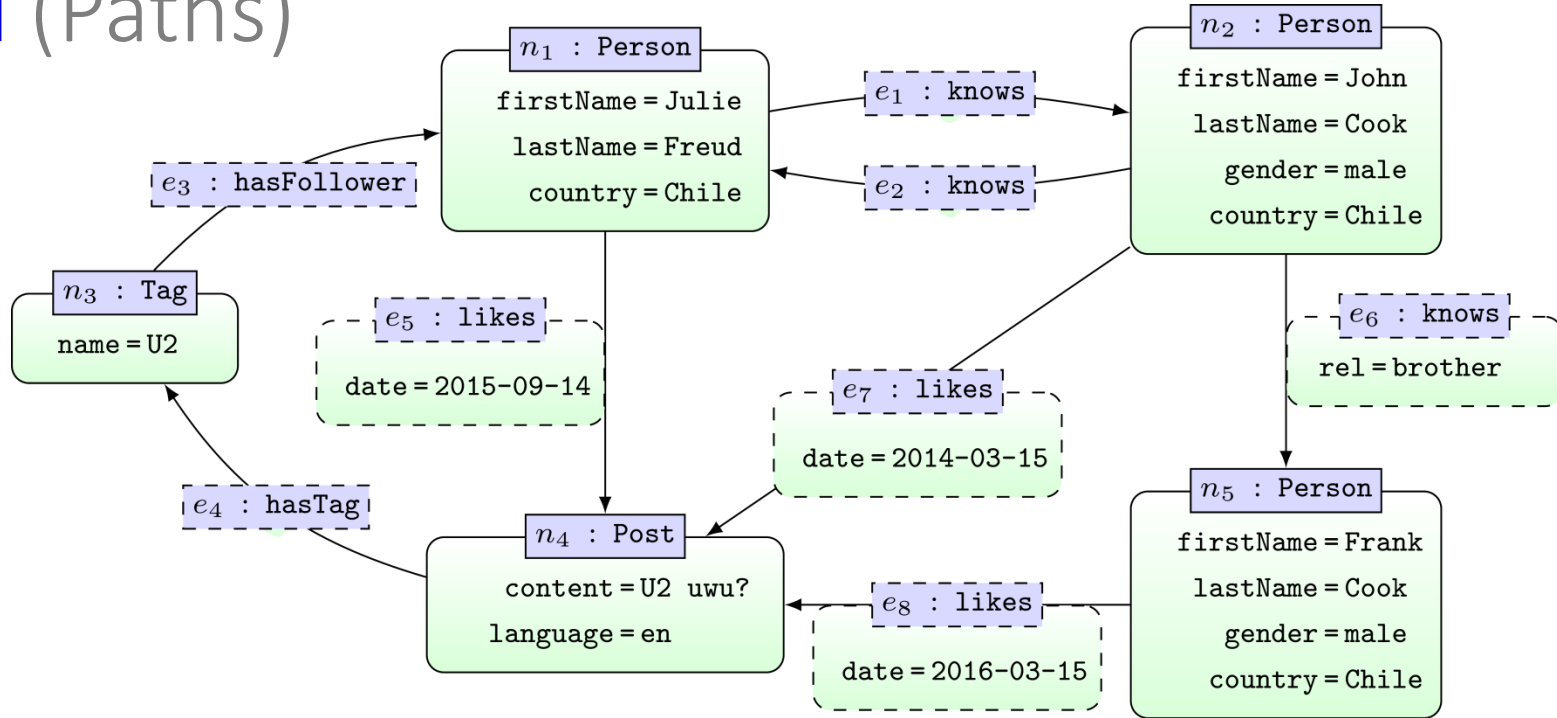


```
MATCH (x1)-[:knows*..2]->(x2)
RETURN x1.firstName, x2.firstName
```

x1.firstName	x2.firstName
Julie	John
Julie	Frank
Julie	Julie
John	Julie
John	John
John	Frank

... or maximum path length

MATCH (Paths)

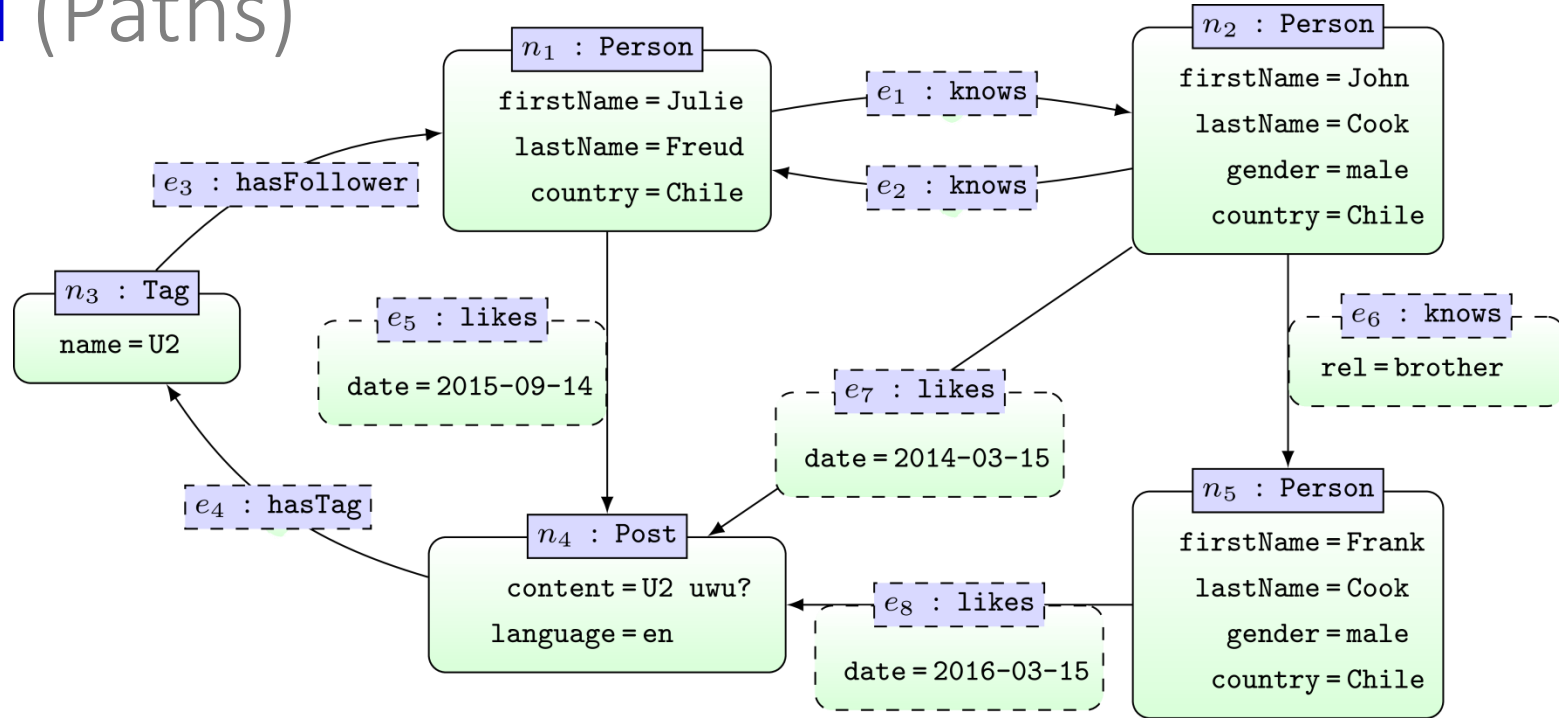


```
MATCH (x1)-[:knows*0..1]->(x2)
RETURN x1.firstName, x2.firstName
```

x1.firstName	x2.firstName
Julie	Julie
Julie	John
John	John
John	Julie
John	Frank
Frank	Frank

... 0-length path is the node itself; will match any node

MATCH (Paths)



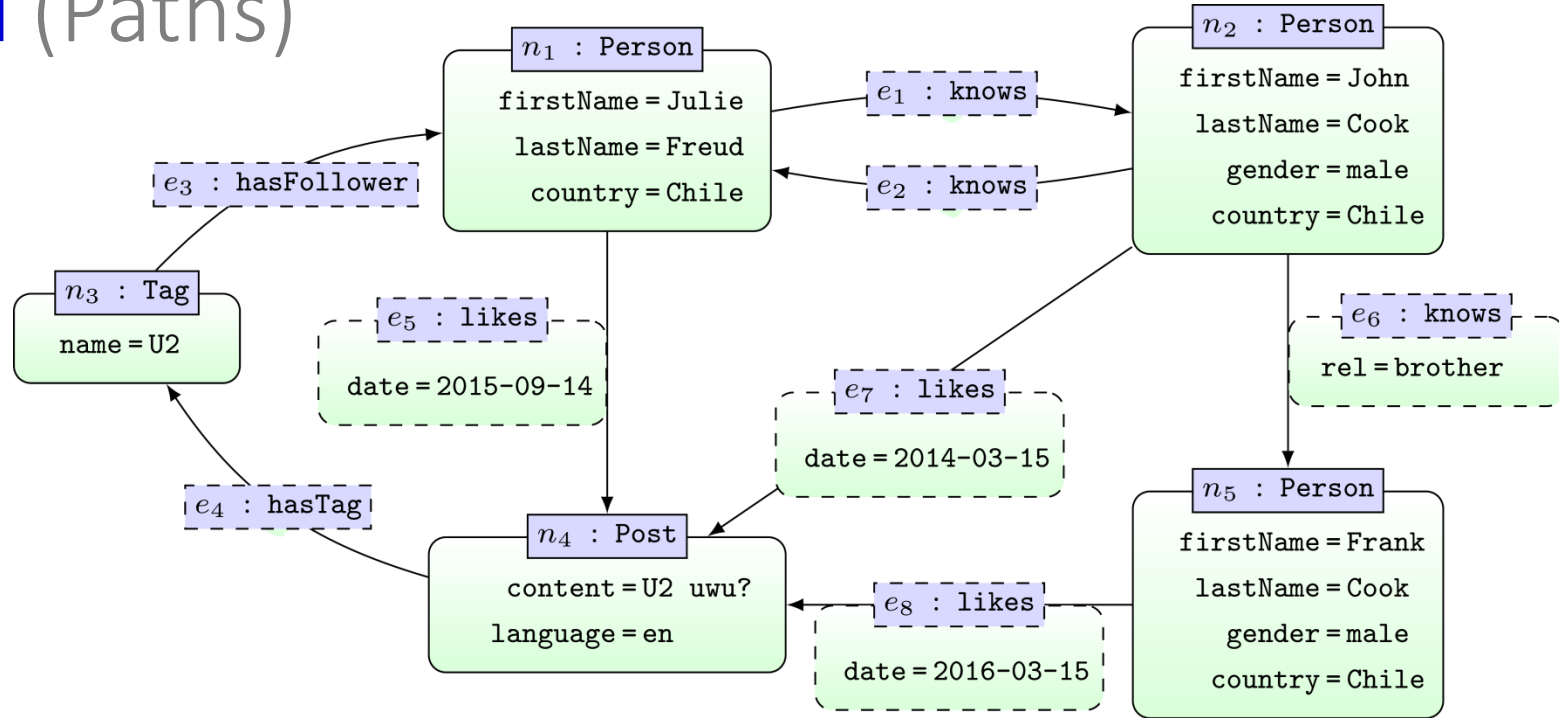
```
MATCH p = (x1)-[:knows*3]->(x2)
RETURN p
```

P

```
(:Person {firstName:"John",...})-[:knows]->(:Person {firstName:"Julie",...})-[:knows]->(:Person {firstName:"John",...})-[:knows rel:"brother"]->(:Person {firstName:"Frank",...})
```

... can return a full path

MATCH (Paths)



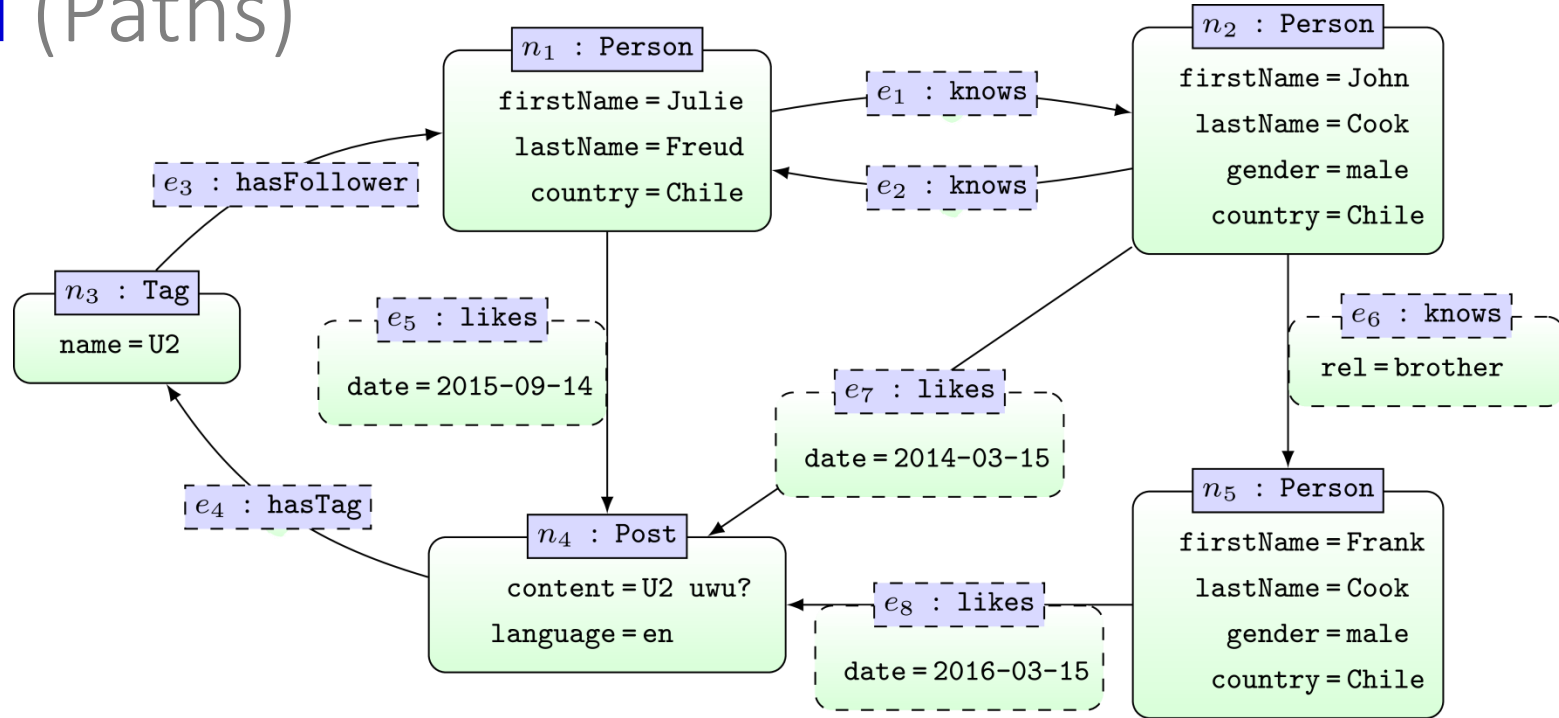
```
MATCH p = (x1)-[:knows*3]->(x2)
RETURN p
```

p

```
(:Person {firstName:"John",...})-[:knows]->(:Person {firstName:"Julie",...})-[:knows]->
(:Person {firstName:"John",...})-[:knows rel:"brother"]->(:Person {firstName:"Frank",...})
```

... can return a full path

MATCH (Paths)



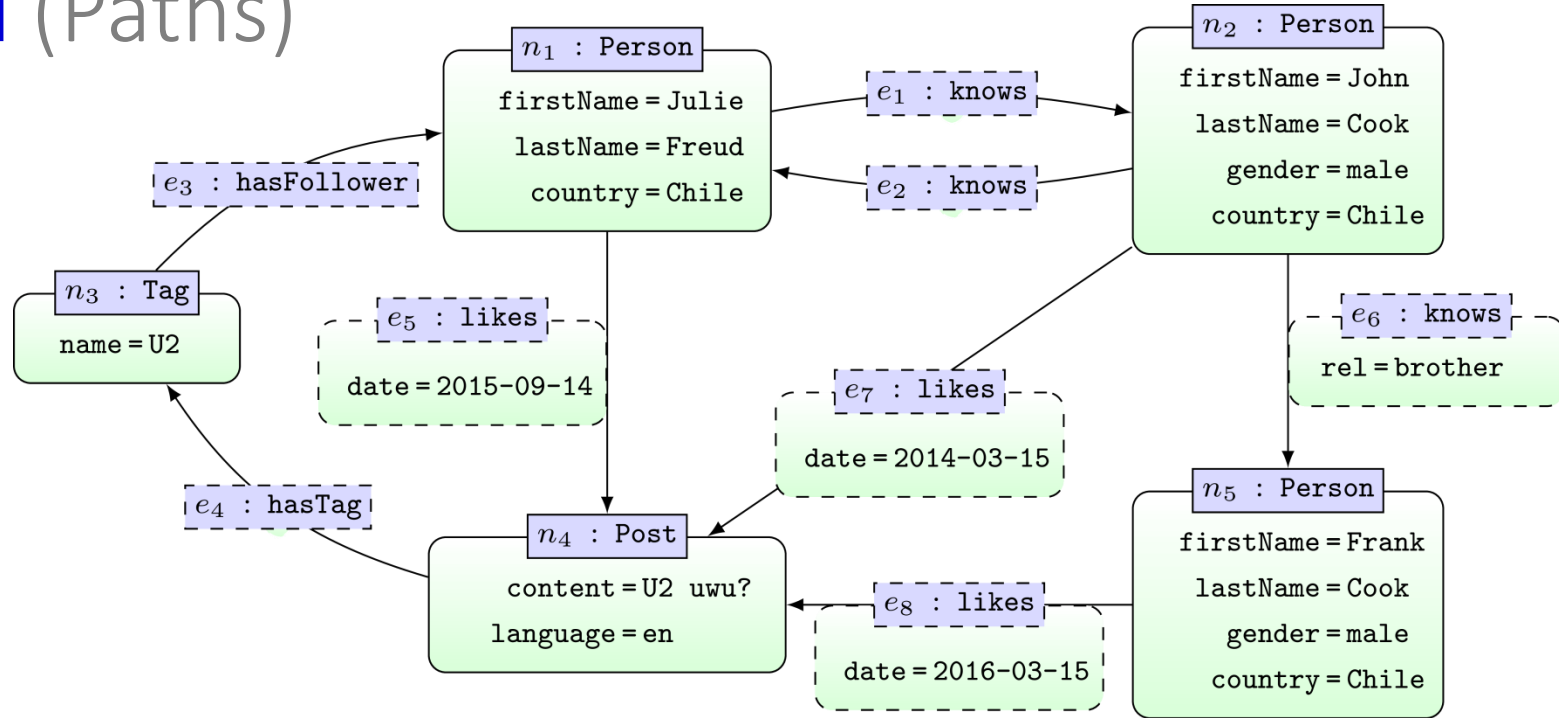
```
MATCH p = (x1)-[:knows*3]->(x2)
RETURN p
```

p

n₂ · e₂ · n₁ · e₁ · n₂ · e₆ · n₅

... can return a full path

MATCH (Paths)



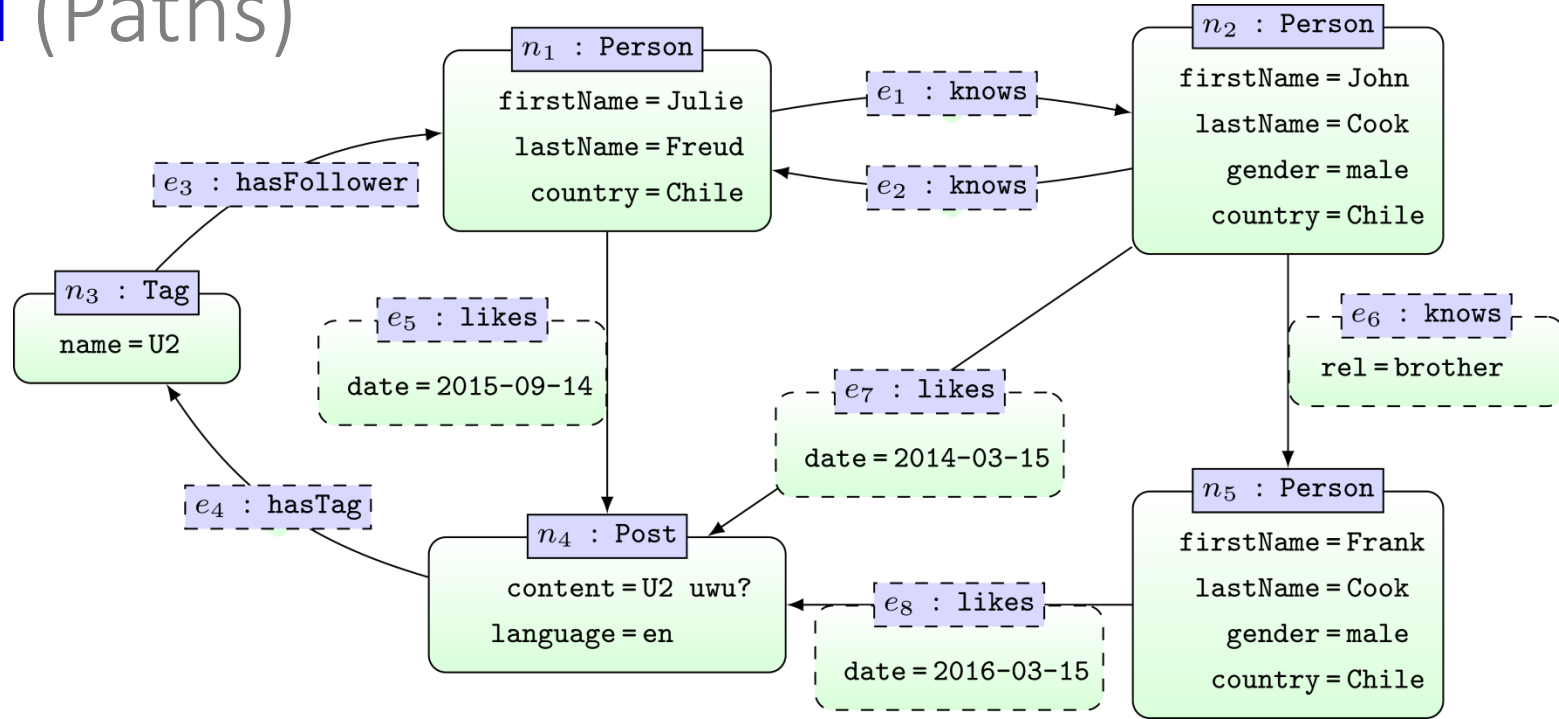
```
MATCH (f {firstName: 'Frank'}),  
      (j {firstName: 'Julie'}),  
      p = shortestPath((f)-[*]-(j))  
RETURN p
```

p

n₅ · e₆ · n₂ · e₂ · n₁

... returns any shortest path (matching criteria)

MATCH (Paths)



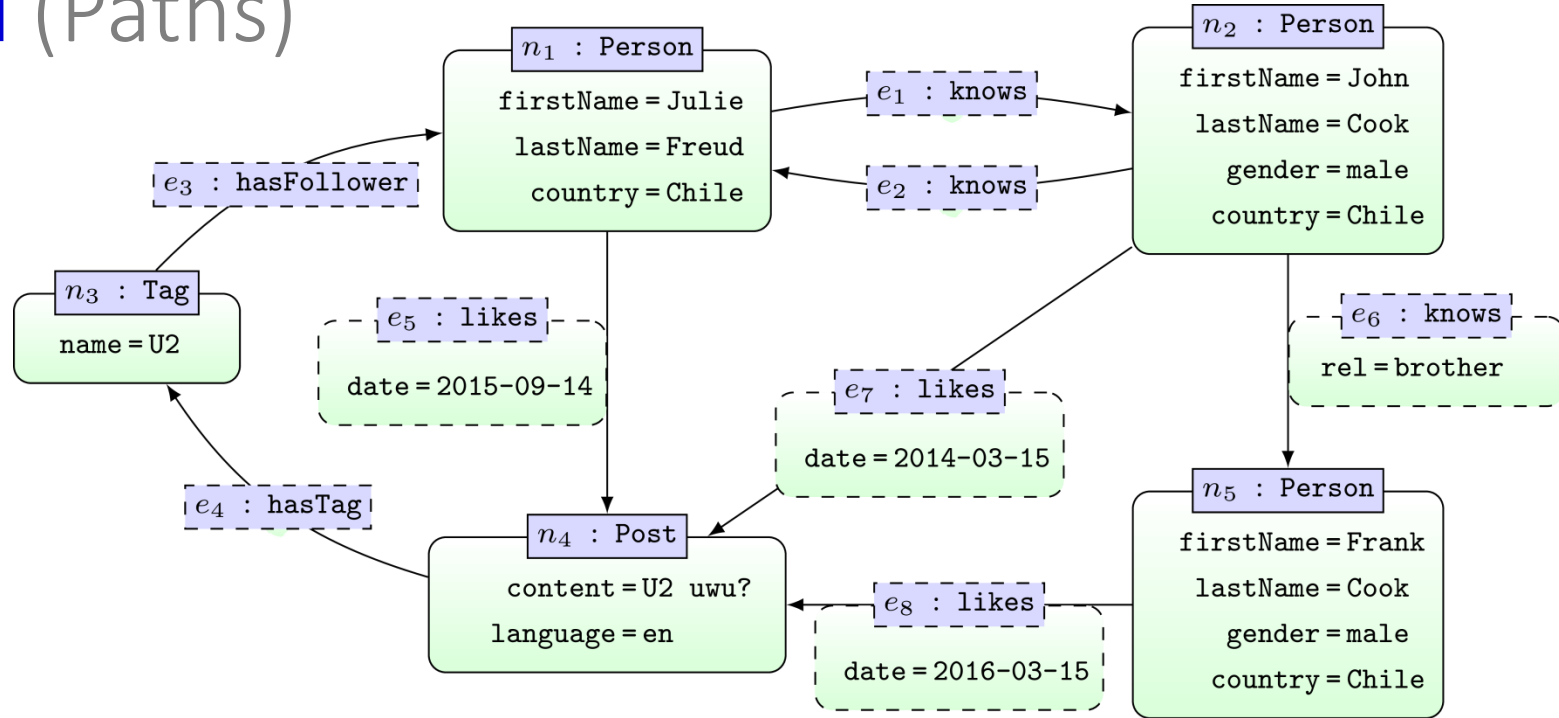
```

MATCH (f {firstName: 'Frank'}),
      (j {firstName: 'Julie'}),
      p = allShortestPaths((f)-[*]-(j))
RETURN p
  
```

- p
- $n_5 \cdot e_6 \cdot n_2 \cdot e_2 \cdot n_1$
 - $n_5 \cdot e_6 \cdot n_2 \cdot e_1 \cdot n_1$
 - $n_5 \cdot e_8 \cdot n_4 \cdot e_5 \cdot n_1$
 - $n_1 \cdot e_2 \cdot n_2 \cdot e_6 \cdot n_5$
 - $n_1 \cdot e_1 \cdot n_2 \cdot e_6 \cdot n_5$
 - $n_1 \cdot e_5 \cdot n_4 \cdot e_8 \cdot n_5$

... returns all shortest paths (matching criteria)

MATCH (Paths)

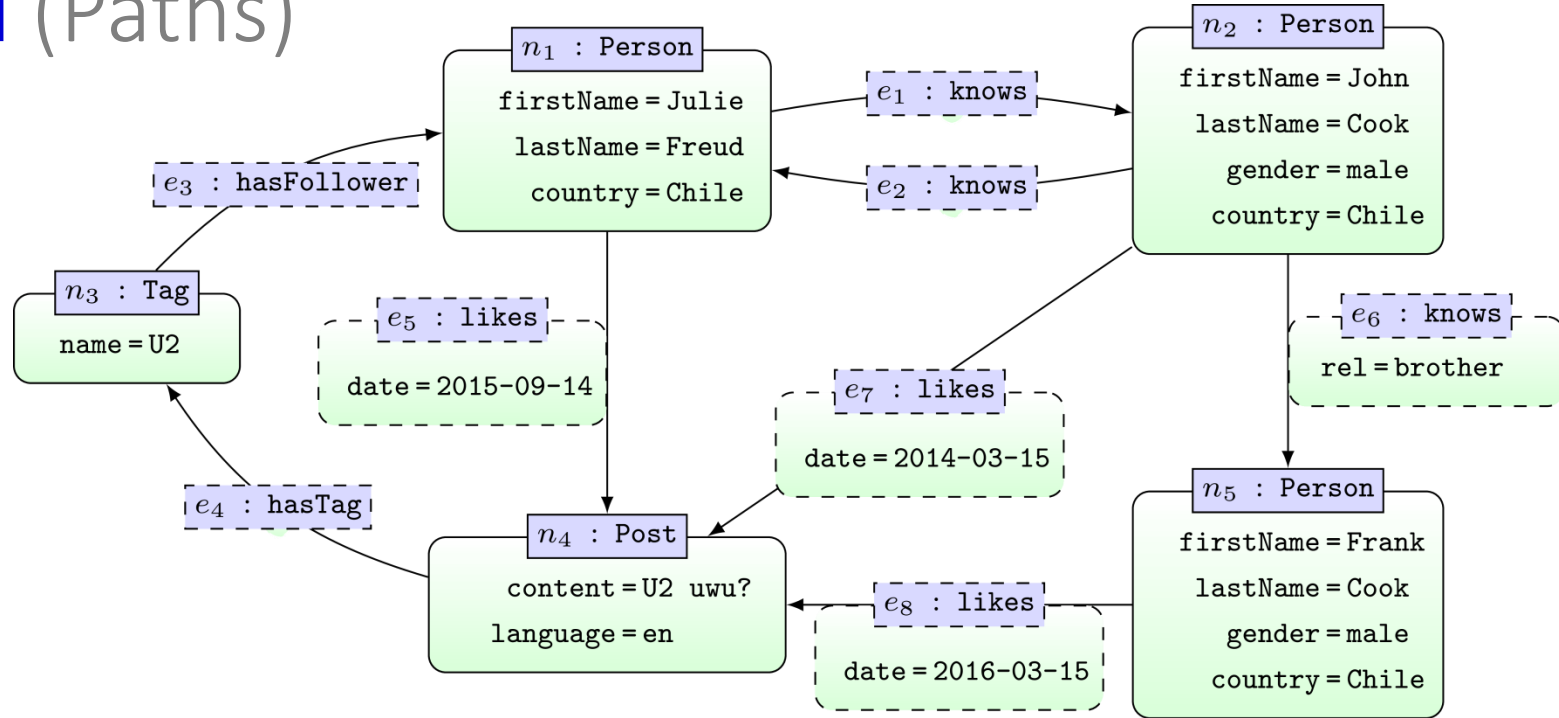


```
MATCH (f {firstName: 'Frank'}),  
      (j {firstName: 'Julie'}),  
      p = shortestPath((f)-[*]->(j))  
RETURN p
```

p

n₅ · e₈ · n₄ · e₄ · n₃ · e₃ · n₁

MATCH (Paths)



```
MATCH (c1 {lastName: 'Cook'}),  
      (c2 {lastName: 'Freud'}),  
      p = shortestPath((c1)-[*]->(c2))  
RETURN p
```

p

$n_5 \cdot e_8 \cdot n_4 \cdot e_4 \cdot n_3 \cdot e_3 \cdot n_1$
 $n_2 \cdot e_2 \cdot n_1$

... returns a shortest path for each matching pair of nodes

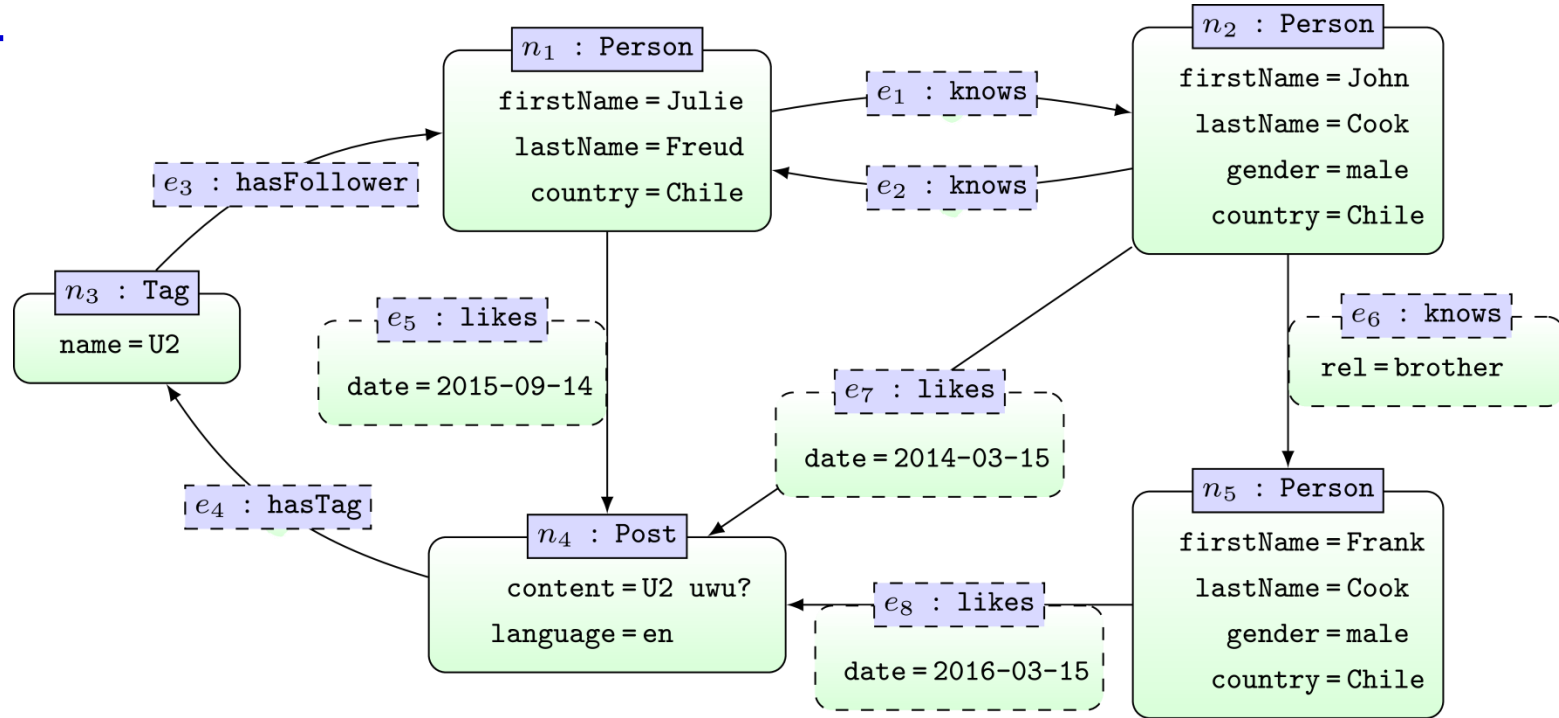
CYPHER:

WHERE

WHERE

- Boolean:
 - AND, OR, XOR, NOT
- (In)equalities:
 - <, >, <>, <=, >=
- Exists attribute property:
 - EXISTS
- String:
 - STARTS WITH, ENDS WITH, CONTAINS, =~ (Regex)

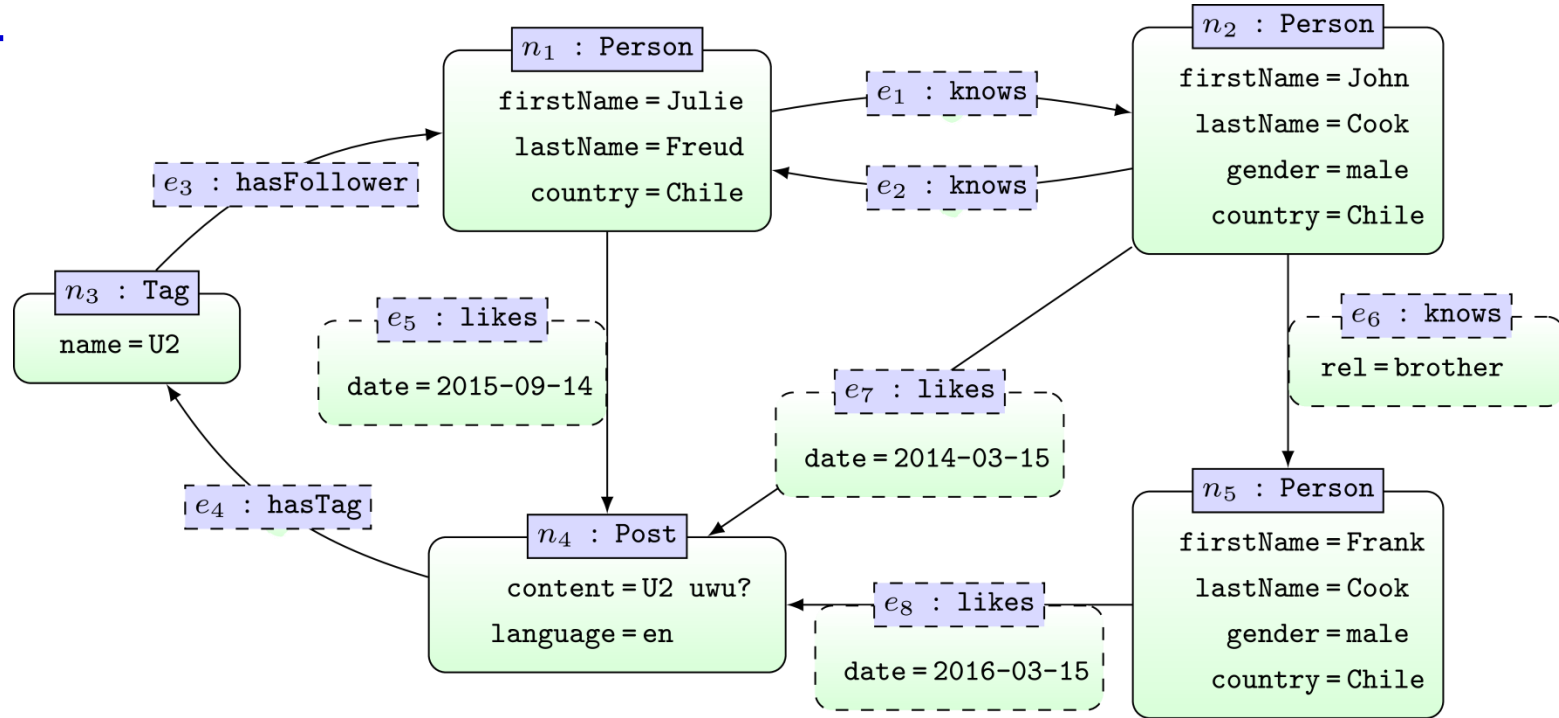
WHERE



```
MATCH (x)-[r:likes]->(y:Post)
WHERE r.date > '2010-01-01' AND r.date < '2015-01-01'
RETURN x.firstName
```

x.firstName
John

WHERE

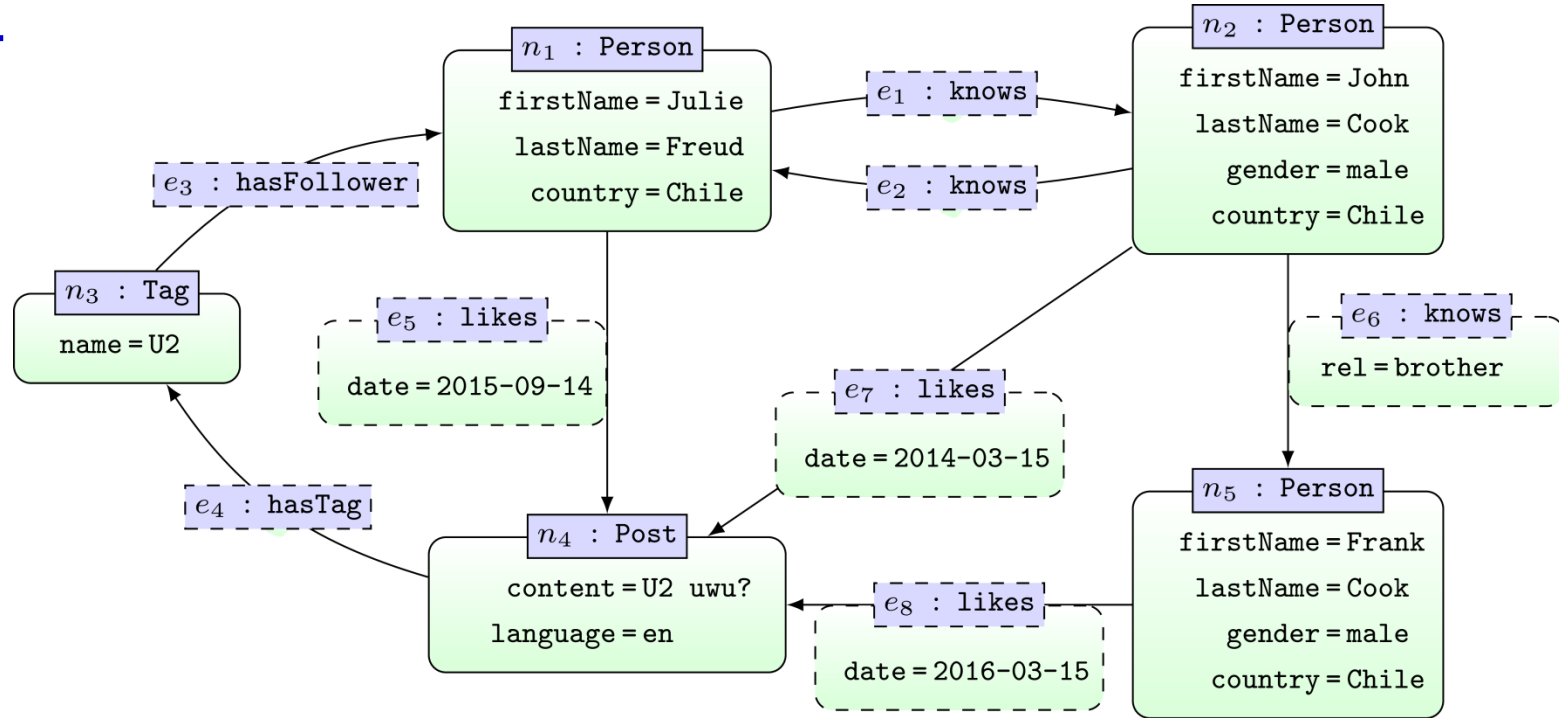


```
MATCH (x)
WHERE EXISTS(x.gender)
RETURN x.firstName
```

x.firstName

John
Frank

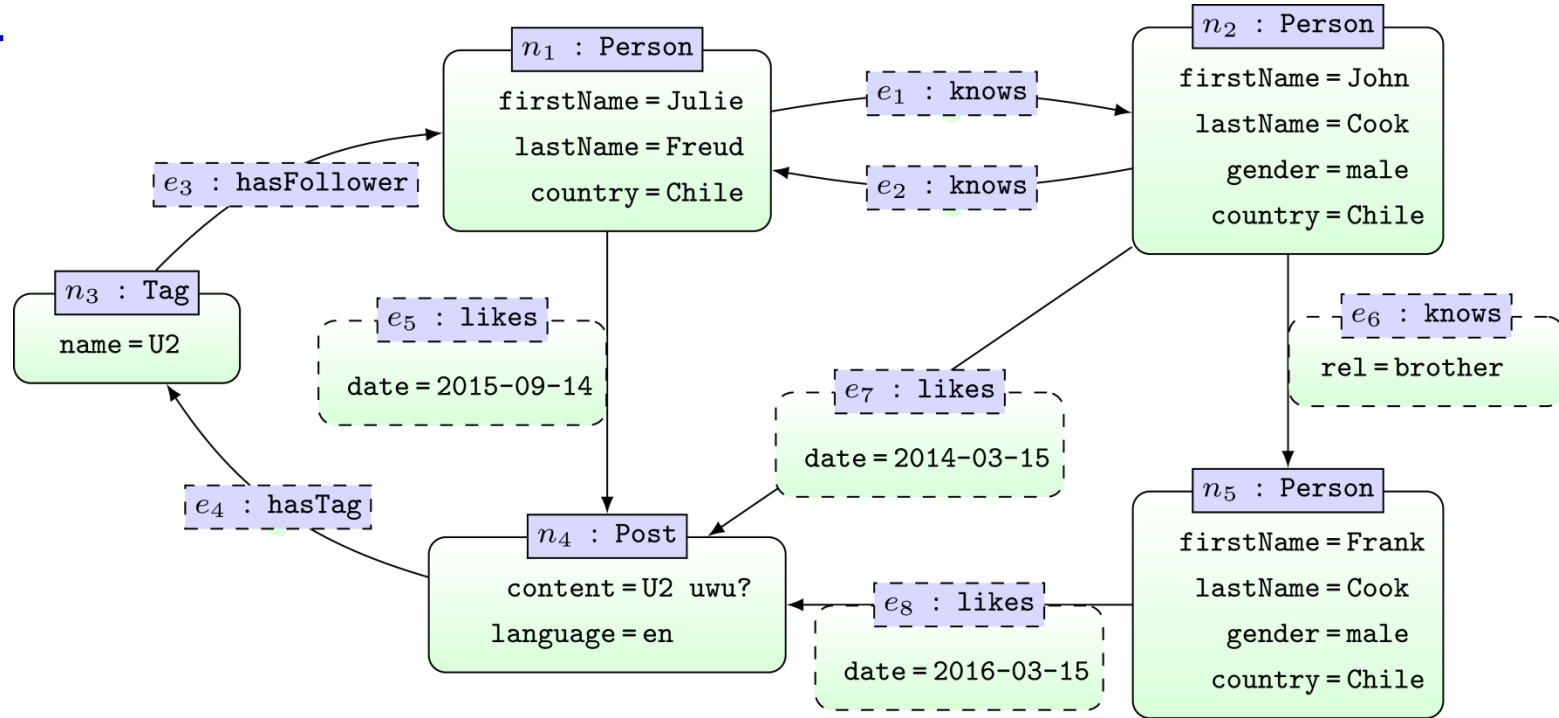
WHERE



```
MATCH (x)
WHERE x.firstName STARTS WITH 'J'
RETURN x.firstName
```

x.firstName
John
Julie

WHERE



```
MATCH (x)
WHERE x.name =~ '[0-9]*'
RETURN x.name
```

x.name

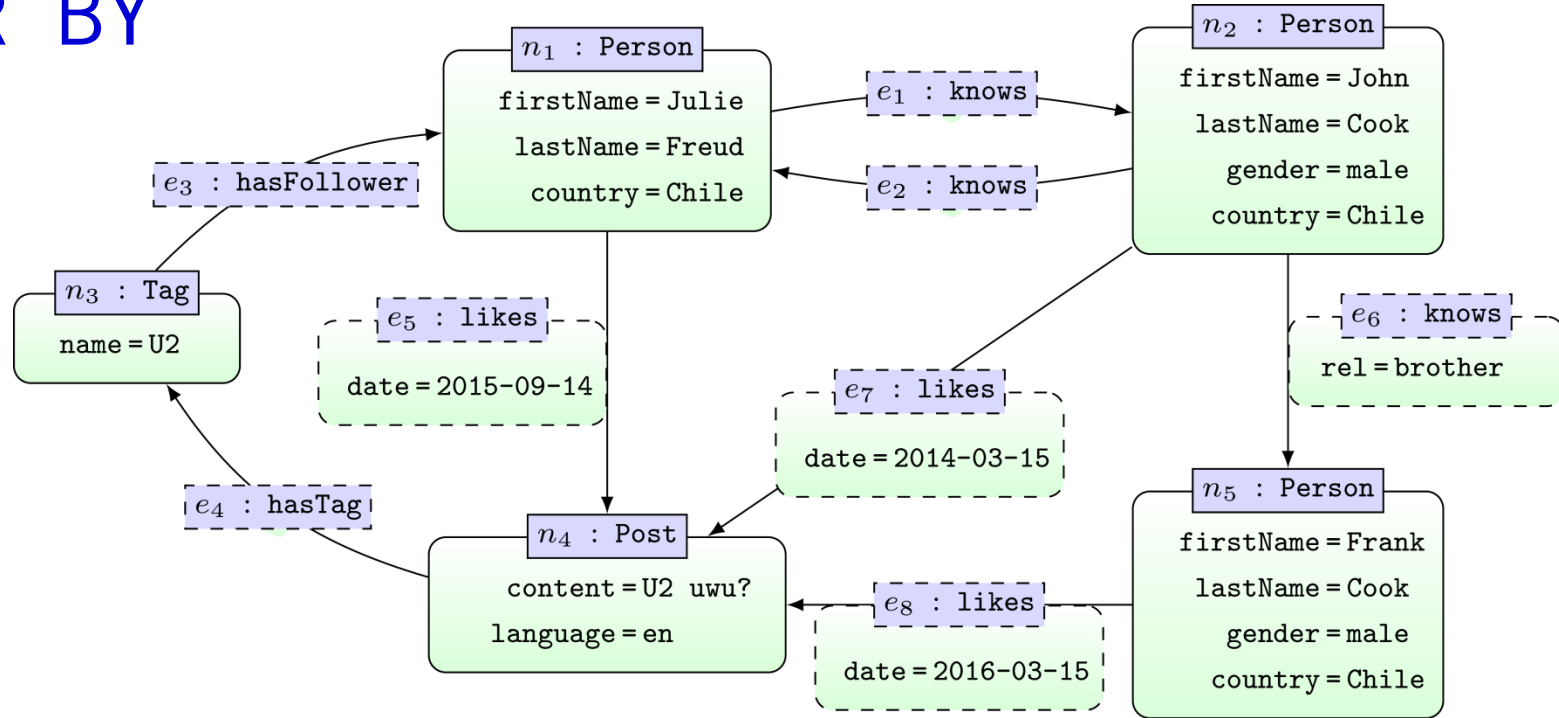
U2

CYPHER:

ORDER BY/SKIP/LIMIT

<https://neo4j.com/docs/developer-manual/3.4/cypher/clauses/order-by/>
<https://neo4j.com/docs/developer-manual/3.4/cypher/clauses/skip/>
<https://neo4j.com/docs/developer-manual/3.4/cypher/clauses/limit/>

ORDER BY

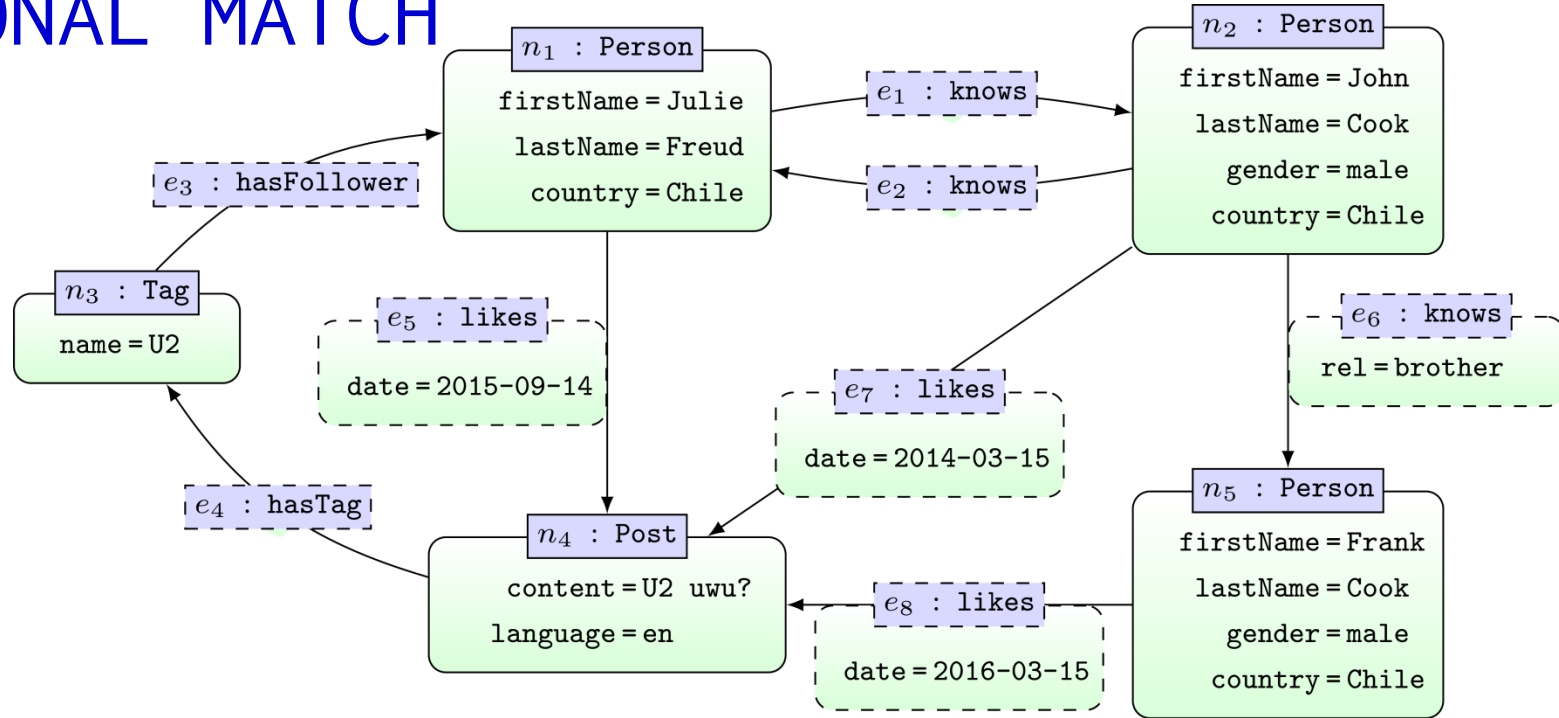


```
MATCH ()-[r:likes]->(p:Post)
RETURN r.date, p.content, p.language
ORDER BY p.content, r.date DESC
SKIP 1
LIMIT 1
```

r.date	p.content	p.language
2015-09-14	U2 uwu?	en

CYPHER: OPTIONAL MATCH

OPTIONAL MATCH



```

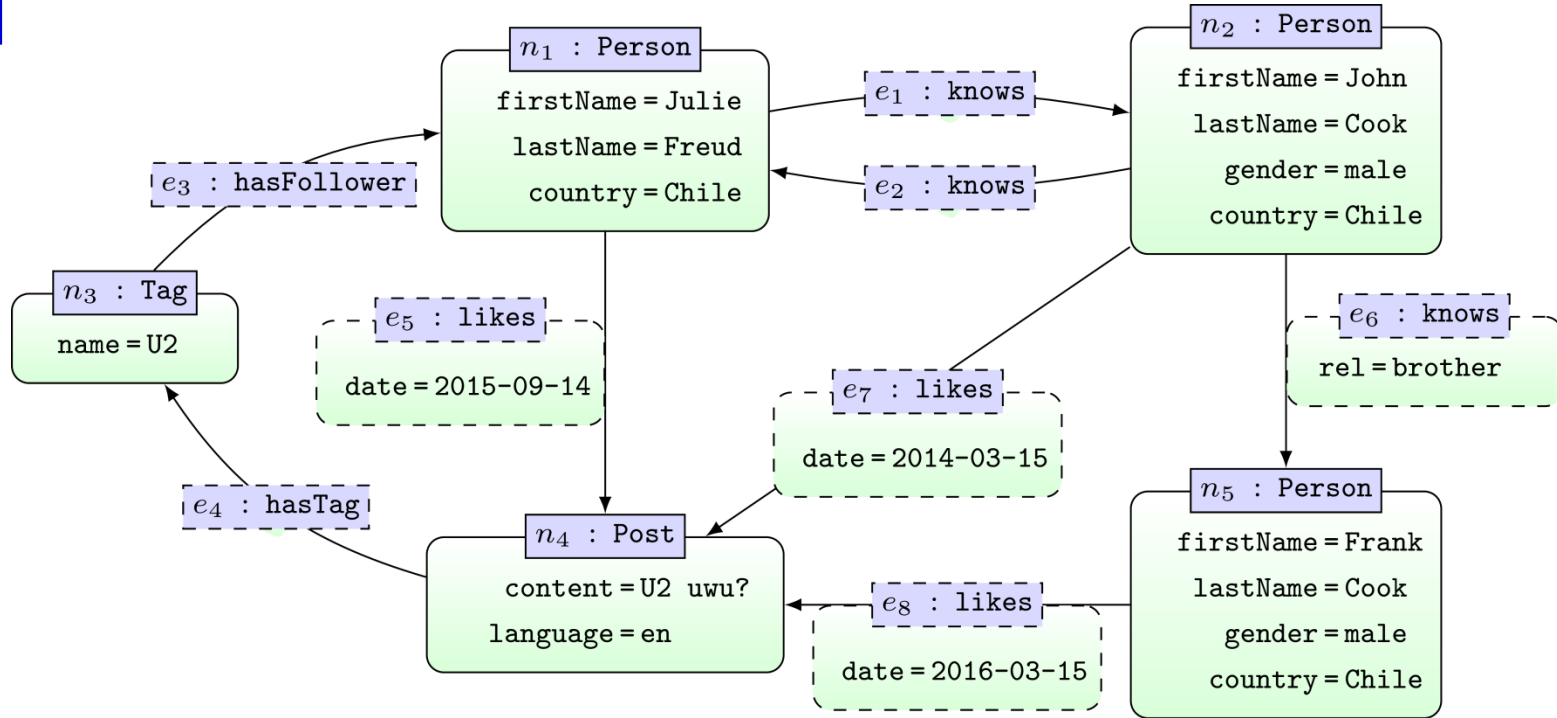
MATCH (x1)-[:knows]->(x2)
OPTIONAL MATCH (y)-[:hasFollower]->(x1)
RETURN x1.firstName,y.name
    
```

x1.firstName	y.name
Julie	U2
John	
John	

... OPTIONAL MATCH acts like a left join

CYPHER:
UNION (ALL)

UNION

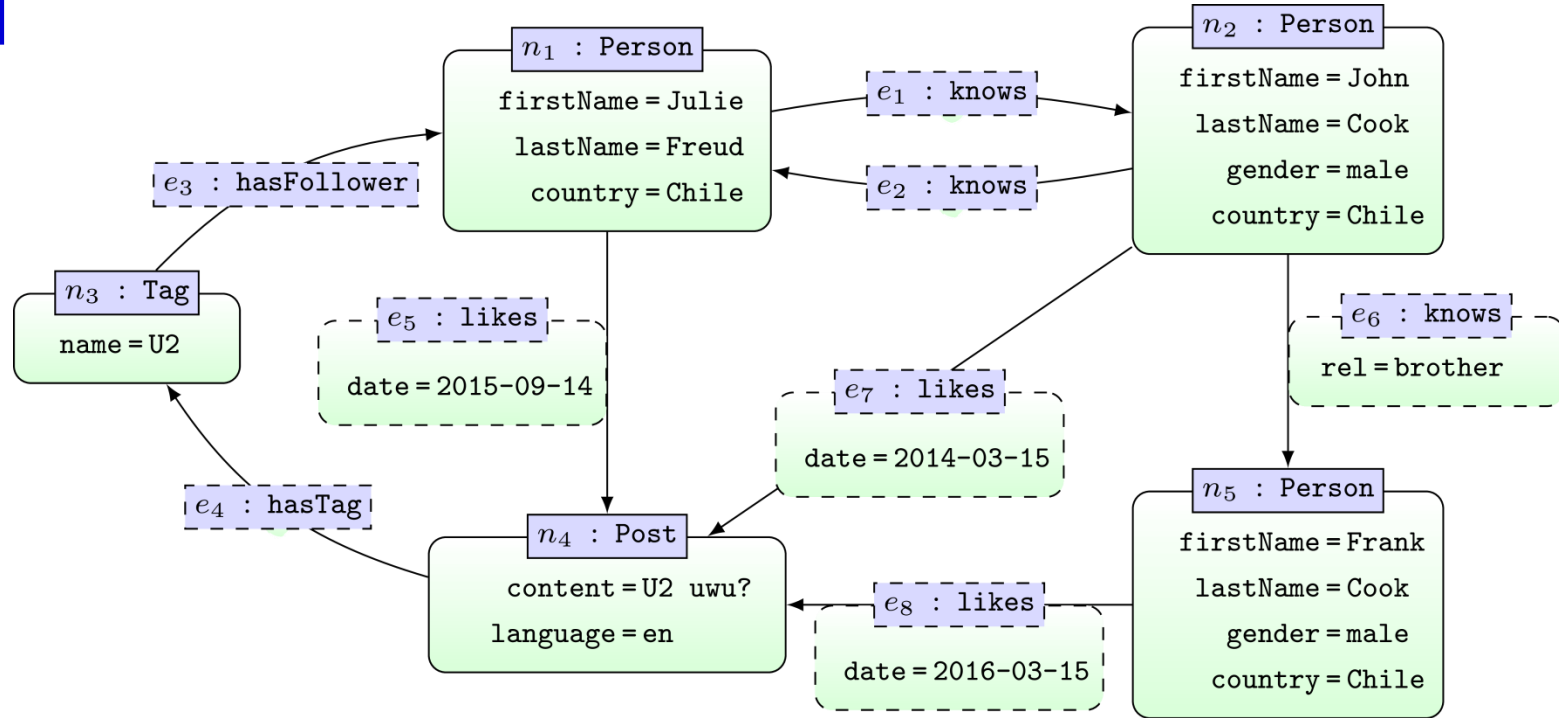


```
MATCH (x1)-[:knows]->(x2)
RETURN x1.firstName
UNION
MATCH (x1)-[:knows]->(x2)
RETURN x2.firstName
```



... column names have to be the same in the **UNION**

UNION

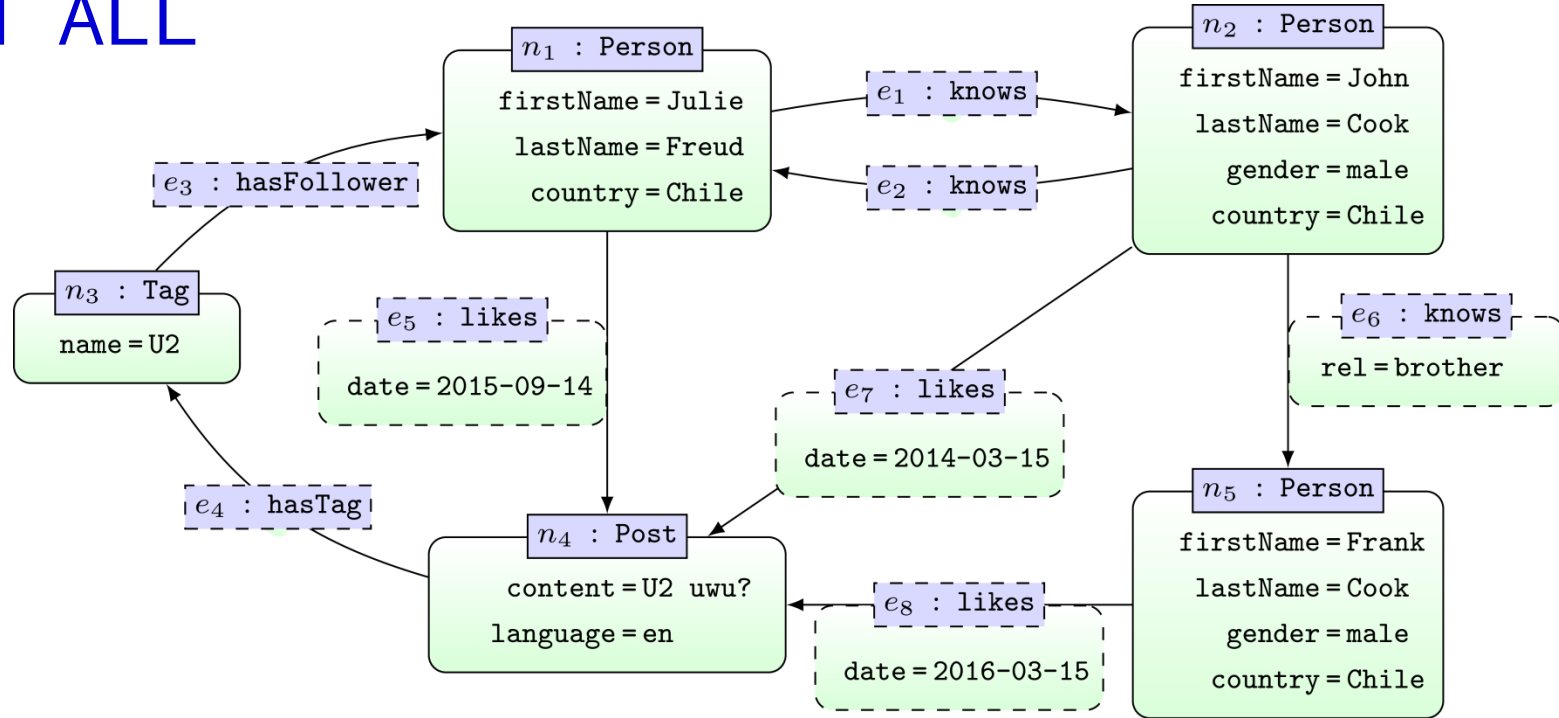


```
MATCH (x1)-[:knows]->(x2)
RETURN x1.firstName
UNION
MATCH (x2)-[:knows]->(x1)
RETURN x1.firstName
```

x1.firstName
Julie
John
Frank

... UNION applies set union

UNION ALL



```
MATCH (x1)-[:knows]->(x2)
RETURN x1.firstName
UNION ALL
MATCH (x2)-[:knows]->(x1)
RETURN x1.firstName
```

x1.firstName

Julie
Julie
John
John
John
Frank

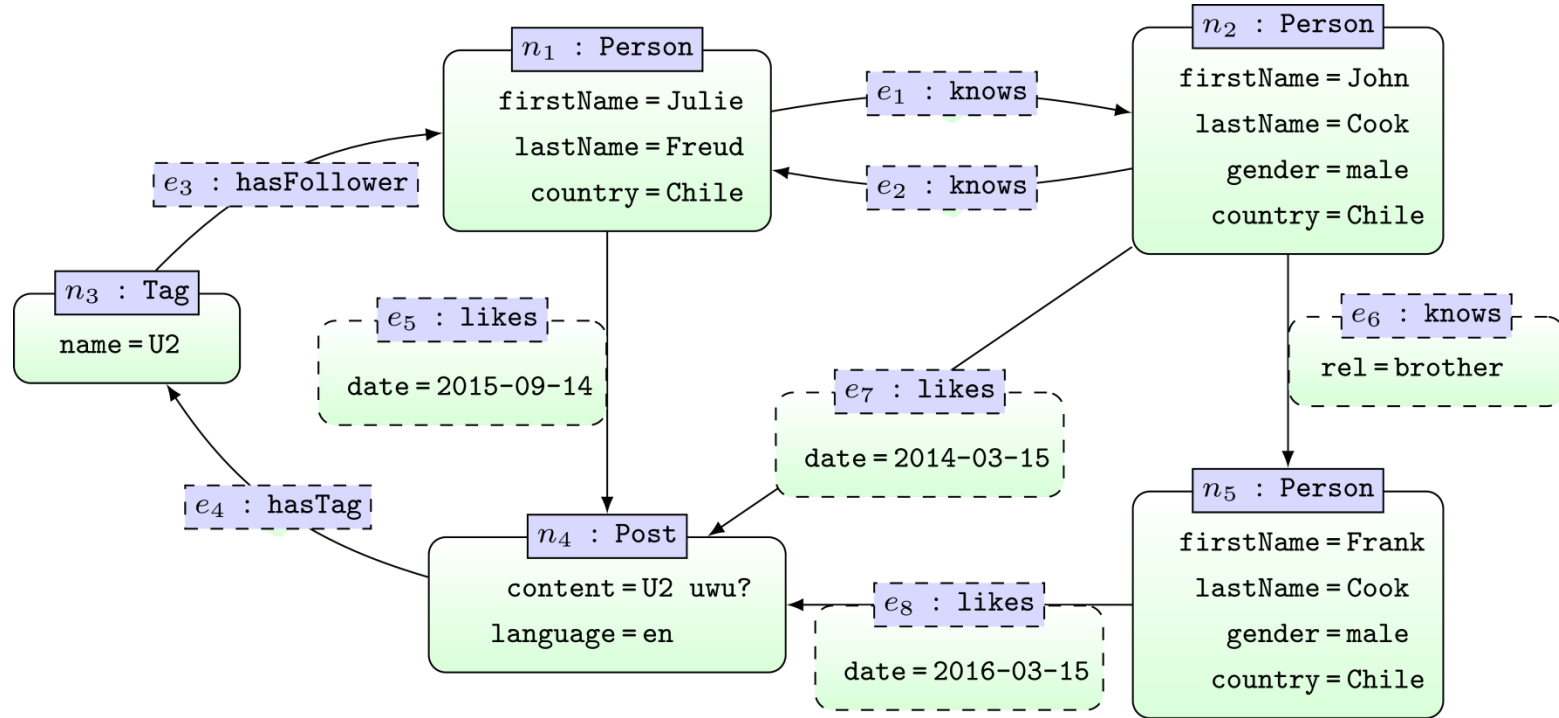
... UNION ALL applies bag union

CYPHER: AGGREGATION

Aggregation

- `count`
- `max/min`
- `avg`
- `percentileCont/percentileDisc`
 - Computes percentile of some value w.r.t. some list
 - (*continuous*: interpolates / *discrete*: rounds)
- `stDev/stDevP`
 - Computes standard deviation (*sample/population*)

COUNT

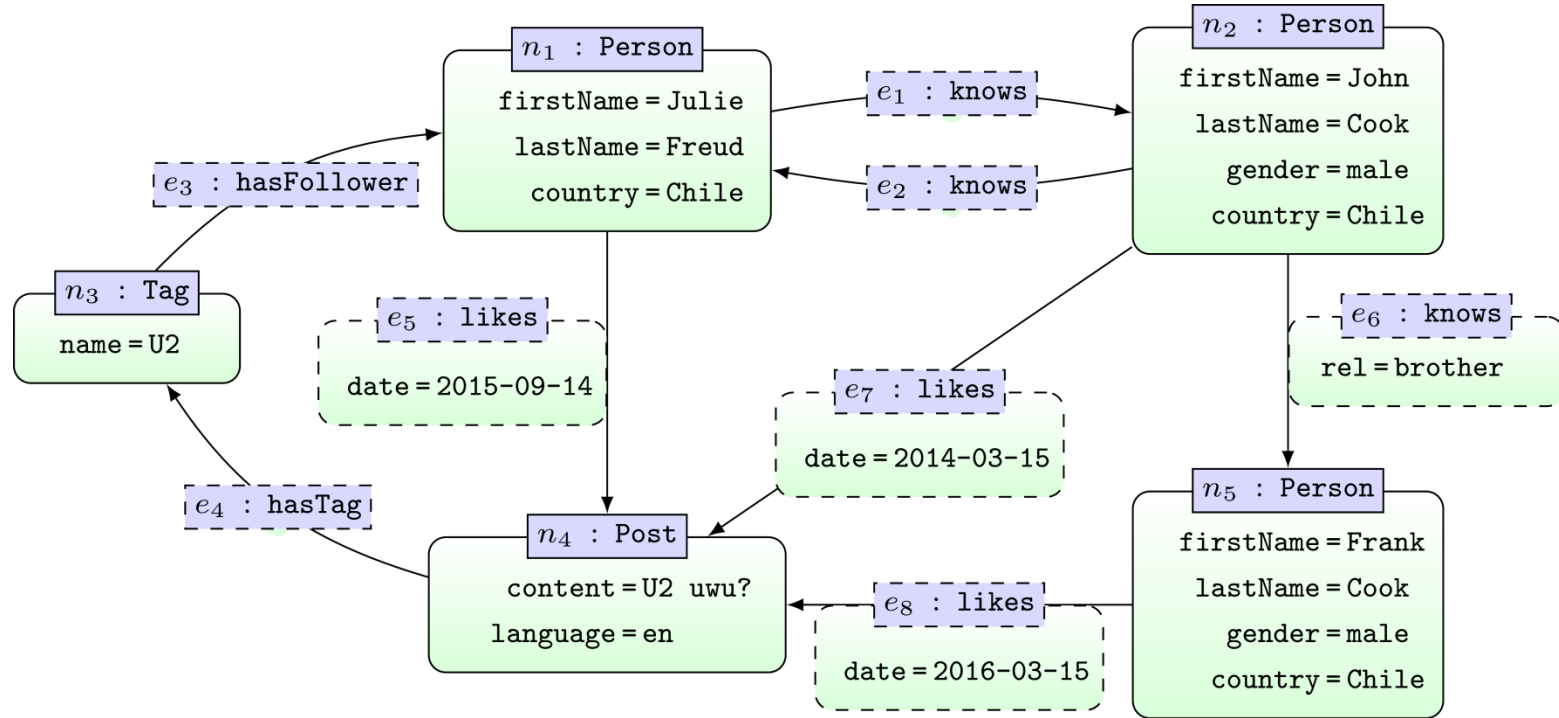


```
MATCH (x1)-[:knows*]->(x2)
RETURN x1.firstName, count(x2)
```

x1.firstName	count(x2)
Julie	3
John	4

... GROUP BY implicit on non-aggregated columns

COUNT

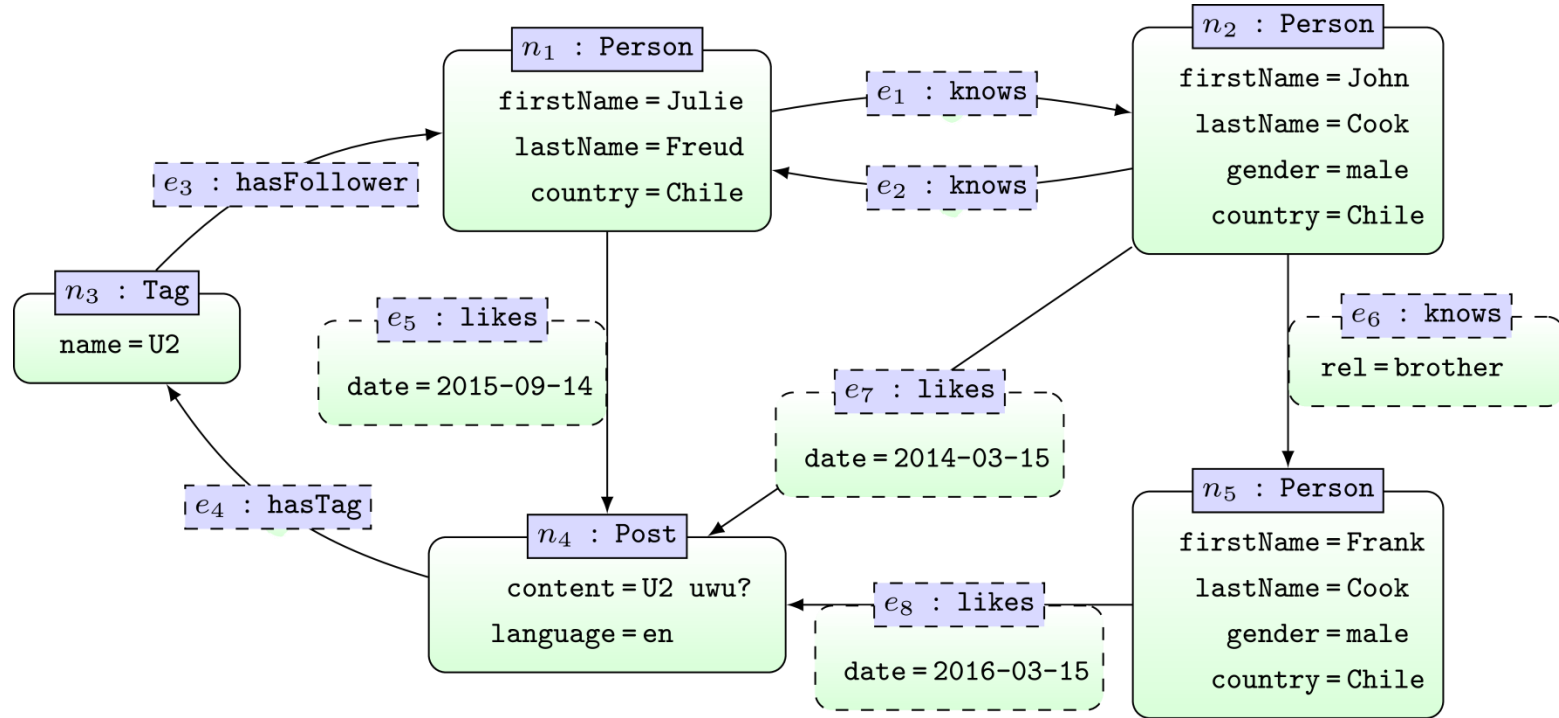


```
MATCH (x1)-[:knows*]->(x2)
RETURN DISTINCT x1.firstName, count(x2)
```

x1.firstName	count(x2)
Julie	3
John	4

... removes duplicate results, not count arguments

COUNT



```
MATCH (x1)-[:knows*]->(x2)
RETURN x1.firstName, count(distinct x2)
```

x1.firstName	count(x2)
Julie	3
John	3

... removes duplicate count arguments

CYPHER: OTHER FUNCTIONS

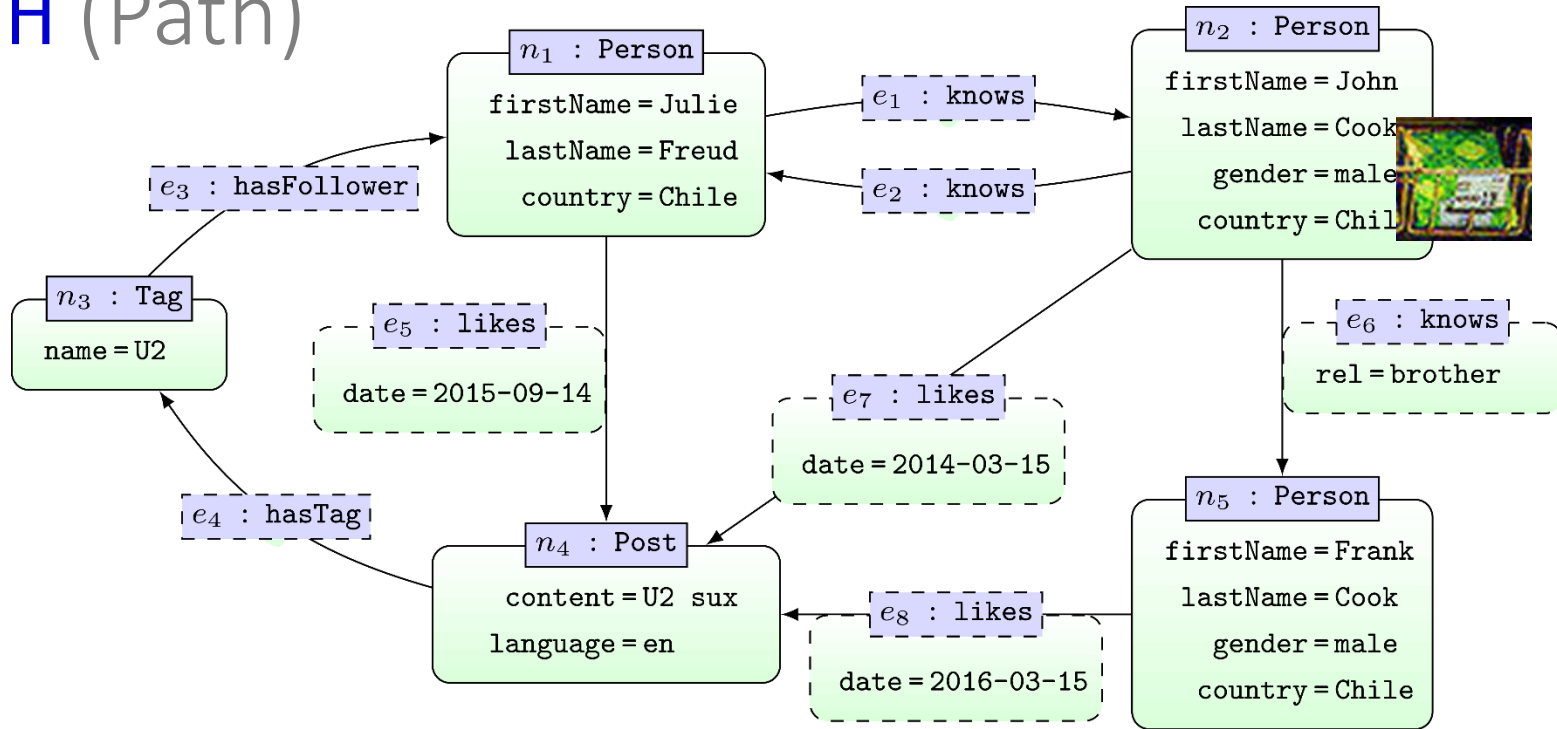


<https://neo4j.com/docs/developer-manual/current/cypher/functions/>



<https://neo4j.com/docs/developer-manual/current/cypher/functions/>

LENGTH (Path)



```
MATCH (f {firstName: 'Frank'}),  
      (j {firstName: 'Julie'}),  
      p = shortestPath((f)-[*]->(j))  
RETURN length(p)
```

length(p)
3

CYPHER: UPDATE GRAPHS
CREATE/REMOVE/...

Update graphs

- **CREATE** nodes and relationships
 - <https://neo4j.com/docs/developer-manual/current/cypher/clauses/create/>
- **DELETE** nodes and relationships
 - <https://neo4j.com/docs/developer-manual/current/cypher/clauses/delete/>
- **DETACH DELETE** nodes with relationships
 - <https://neo4j.com/docs/developer-manual/current/cypher/clauses/delete/>
- **SET** update labels and attributes
 - <https://neo4j.com/docs/developer-manual/current/cypher/clauses/set/>
- **REMOVE** remove labels and attributes
 - <https://neo4j.com/docs/developer-manual/current/cypher/clauses/remove/>

Update graphs

- Create the nodes we've seen

```
CREATE (:Person { firstName:'Julie', lastName:'Freud', country:'Chile' });
CREATE (:Person { firstName:'John', lastName:'Cook', country:'Chile', gender:'male' });
CREATE (:Tag { name:'U2' });
CREATE (:Post { content:'U2 sux', language:'en' });
CREATE (:Person { firstName:'Frank', lastName:'Cook', country:'Chile', gender:'male' });
```

- Create the edges (sample) we've seen

```
MATCH (n1 { firstName:'Julie' }),(n2 { firstName:'John' }),(n3:Tag),(n4:Post),(n5 { firstName:'Frank' })
CREATE (n1)-[e1:knows]->(n2)
CREATE (n2)-[e2:knows]->(n1)
CREATE (n3)-[e3:hasFollower]->(n1)
CREATE (n4)-[e4:hasTag]->(n3)
CREATE (n1)-[e5:likes { date:'2015-09-14'}]->(n4)
CREATE (n2)-[e6:knows { rel:'brother'}]->(n5)
CREATE (n2)-[e7:likes { date:'2014-03-15'}]->(n4)
CREATE (n5)-[e8:likes { date:'2016-03-15'}]->(n4);...
```

- Drop all nodes and edges

```
MATCH (n) DETACH DELETE n;
```

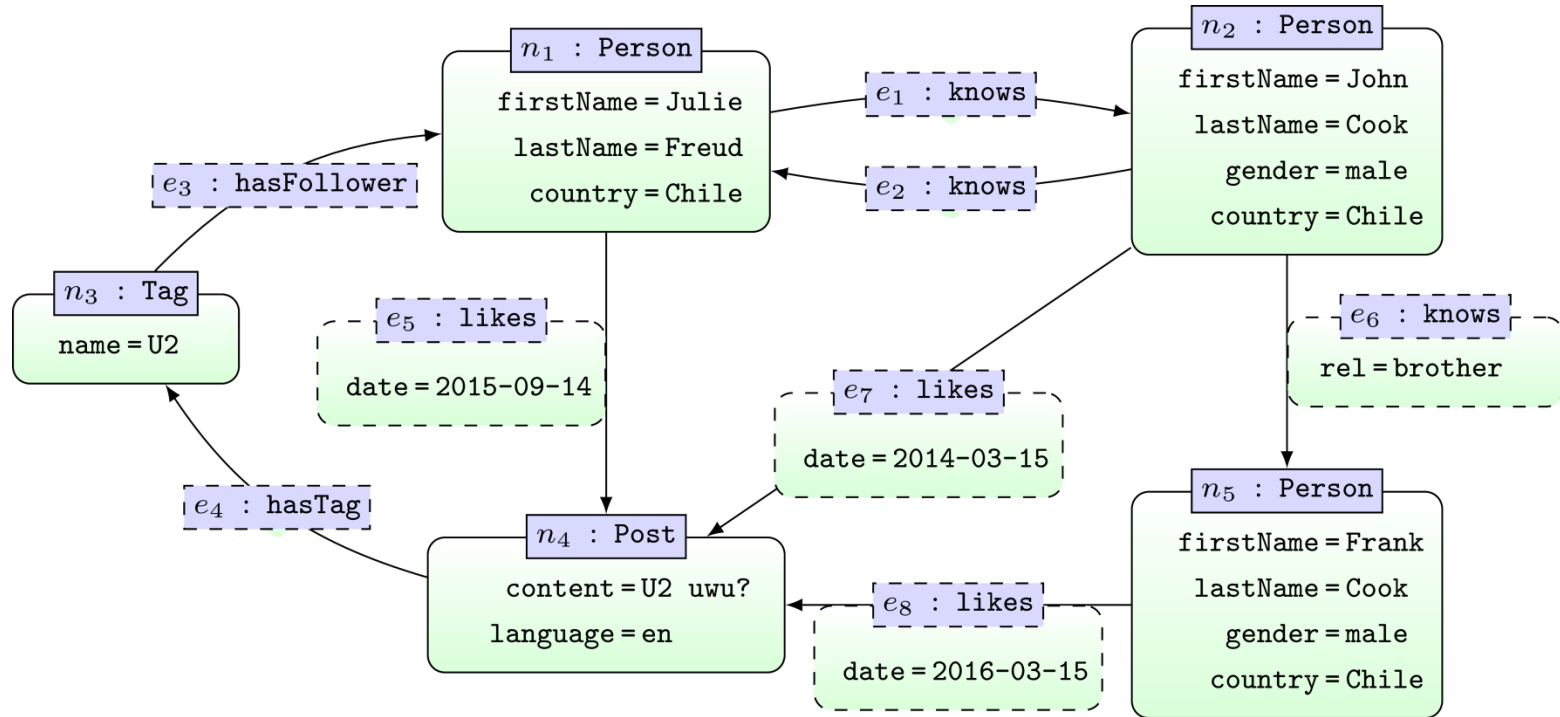
/CORE OF CYPHER
/PART OF NEO4J

Neo4j Graph Database

- Data Model: Property Graphs
- Query Language: Cypher
- Scripting Language: Gremlin
- Licence: Open Source (Single Machine)
Commercial (Cluster Edition)



Property Graph: Cypher



```
MATCH (x1:Person {firstName:"Julie"})-[:knows*]->(x2:Person)
MATCH (x2)-[:likes]->()-[:hasTag]->()-[:hasFollower]->(x1)
RETURN x2.firstName
```

x2.firstName

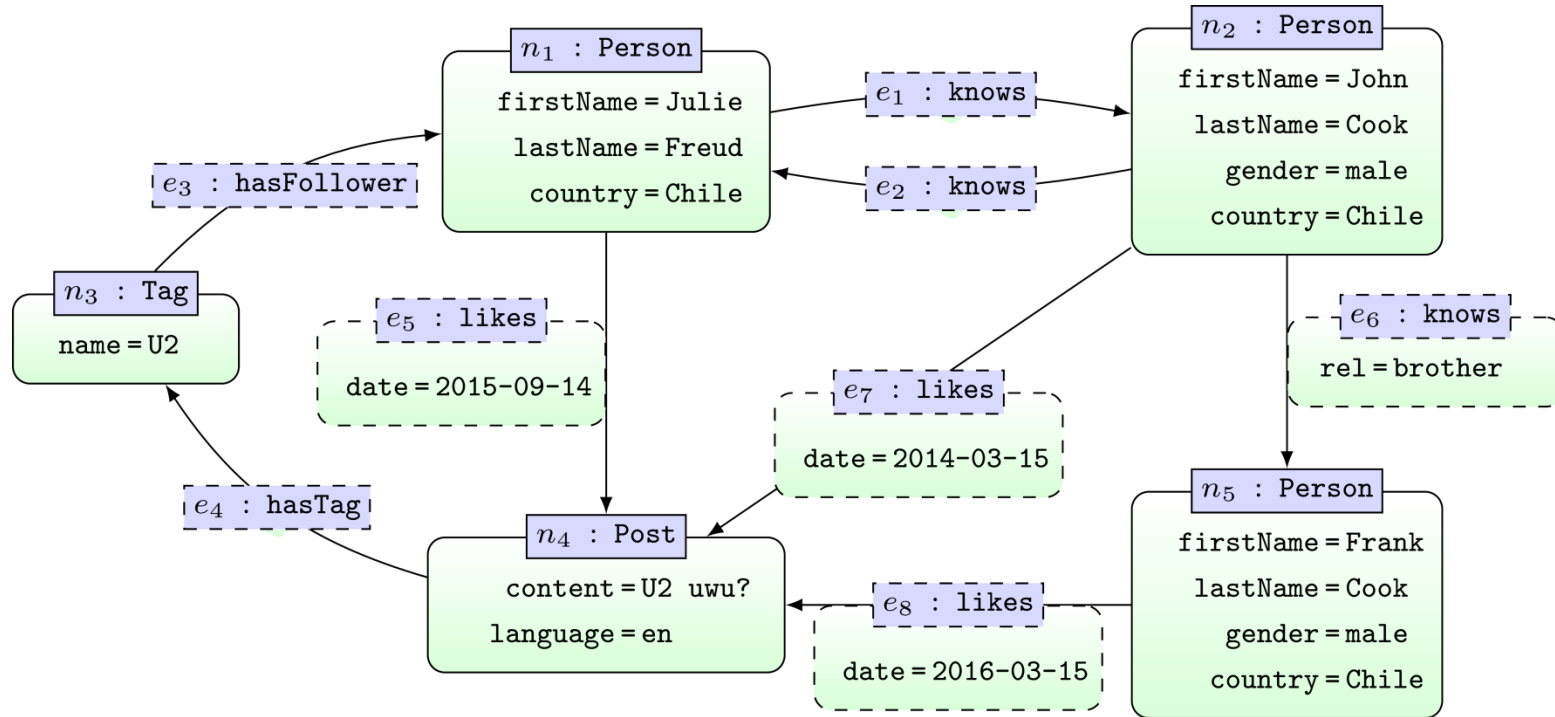
Julie

John

Frank



Property Graph: Gremlin



```
n1 = g.v.filter{firstName:"Julie"}.inV.outE('knows').loop()
n2 = n1.call().more.functions().until('done')
```

x2.firstName

Julie

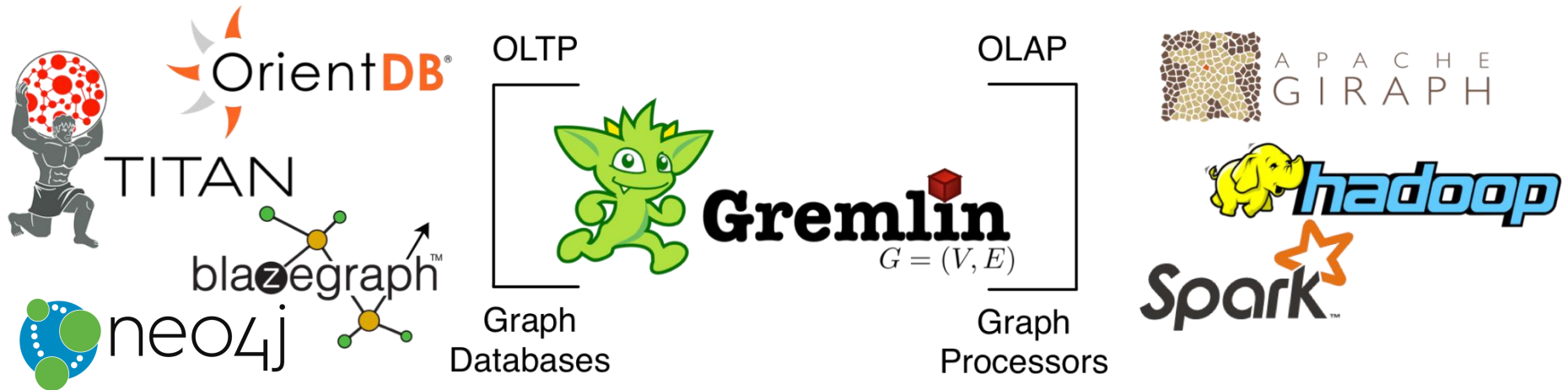
John

Frank



Gremlin
 $G = (V, E)$

Gremlin: Graph Queries + Processing





Questions?